BA.,BBA.,B.Com.,LL.B. (Sem.-III) (Rept.) Examination

IL 203

Law of Crimes Paper-1

Time: 3 Hours

April-2017

IMax. Marks: 70

Instructions: All Questions are compulsory Marks indicated on the right refer to the total marks of respective question Q.1 Discuss in detail different kinds of Punishment with Constitutionality of death 14 Sentence. OR Q.1 Criminal Conspiracy Abetment 14 Q.2 Discuss in detail the provisions of Private Defence OR Q.2 Discuss in detail offences by public servant 14 Q.3 Explain the provisions of false evidence against Public Justice Q.3 Discuss in detail the contempt's of the lawful authority of Public servant 14 Discuss the provisions relating to Weights and Measures Q.4 Discuss in detail the offences affecting the Public Health, Convenience and decency under Indian Penal Code, True or False (Correct the false Statement and justify the true statement) (Any 7) 14 1) Mensrea is the most important element of Crime 2) Ignorance of Law is the general Exception under IPC

3) Nothing is an offence which is done by the child above the age of seven and

4) The jurisdiction to try offences committed on the high seas is known as

below the age of twelve.

Admiralty jurisdiction

5) Death penalty is abolished in India

(PT.O)

- 6) There are six types of punishment specified under IPC.
- 7) Nothing is an offence which is done in the exercise of the right of private defence
- 8) For the offence of Criminal Conspiracy two or more person should be required.
- 9) Mumbai terror attack case, accused was charged with one of the offence including Criminal Conspiracy.
- 10) Absconding to avoid service of summons or other legal proceeding in a punishable offence under IPC.
- 11) Public Servants are not punished under IPC.
- 12) Obscenity in the internet and other electronic mediums is punishable offence under Information Technology Act.
- 13) Uttering words, with deliberate intent to wound religious feeing in punishable with imprisonment which may extend to 1 year or fine or with both.
- 14) The Indian Penal Code was drafted by the first Indian Law Commission presided over by Mr. Macaulay.
