

M.Phil Science Examination

Paper-II : Mathematics

May-2017

[Max. Marks : 70]

Time : 3 Hours]

- 1 (a) Find an optimal sequence for the following sequencing problem of four jobs and five machines when passing is not allowed, of which processing time (in hours) is given below: 7

Job	Machine				
	A	B	C	D	E
1	7	5	2	3	9
2	6	6	4	5	10
3	5	4	5	6	8
4	8	3	3	2	6

Also find the total elapsed time and idle time of each machine.

- (b) There are nine jobs, each of which must go through two machines P and Q in the order PQ, the processing times (in hours) are given below: 4

Machine	Job(s)								
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
P	2	5	4	9	6	8	7	5	4
Q	5	8	7	4	3	9	3	8	11

Find the sequence that minimizes the total elapsed time T. Also calculate the total idle time for the machines in this period.

- (c) Discuss the steps when there are four machines and processing time required for second and third machines are equal. 3

- 2 (a) Solve the following game using the dominance principle. 7

	a	b	c	d
p	3	2	4	0
q	3	4	2	4
r	4	2	4	0
s	0	4	0	8

- (b) Let $E(p, q)$ be such that both $\min_q \max_p E(p, q)$ and $\max_p \min_q E(p, q)$ exist, then 4

(P.T.O)

$$\max_p \min_q E(p, q) \leq \min_q \max_p E(p, q).$$

(c) Discuss zero-sum game. 3

3 (a) Given the following table, develop a network. 7

<i>Beginning event</i>	<i>Ending event</i>	<i>Activity</i>
1	2	1-2
1	3	1-3
2	4	2-4
3	4	3-4
3	5	3-5
4	6	4-6
5	6	5-6

(b) Discuss rules of constructing network. 4

(c) What is dummy activity and why it is used? 3

4 (a) Consider the following information on the activities required for a project. 7

Activity:	<i>A</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>C</i>	<i>D</i>	<i>E</i>	<i>F</i>	<i>G</i>	<i>H</i>	<i>I</i>	<i>J</i>	<i>K</i>	<i>L</i>
Immediate:	-	-	-	<i>A</i>	<i>A</i>	<i>E</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>D, F</i>	<i>C</i>	<i>H, J, G, I, K</i>	
Duration:	2	2	2	3	4	0	7	6	4	10	3	4

Find the critical path.

(b) Consider the details of a project involving 11 activities. 7

<i>Activity</i>	<i>Predecessor (s)</i>	<i>Duration (weeks)</i>		
		<i>a</i>	<i>m</i>	<i>b</i>
<i>A</i>	-	6	7	8
<i>B</i>	-	1	2	9
<i>C</i>	-	1	4	7
<i>D</i>	<i>A</i>	1	2	3
<i>E</i>	<i>A, B</i>	1	2	9
<i>F</i>	<i>C</i>	1	5	9
<i>G</i>	<i>C</i>	2	2	8
<i>H</i>	<i>E, F</i>	4	4	4
<i>I</i>	<i>E, F</i>	4	4	10
<i>J</i>	<i>D, H</i>	2	5	14
<i>K</i>	<i>I, G</i>	2	2	8

Find the expected completion of the project.

- (a) What is the probability of completing the project on or before 25 weeks?
- (b) If the probability of completing the project is 0.84, find the expected project completion time.

5 (a) An office equipment manufacturer produces two kinds of products, chairs and lamps. 7

The production of either a chair or a lamp requires 1 hour of production capacity in the plant. The plant has a maximum production capacity of 10 hours per week. Because of the limited sales capacity, the maximum numbers of chairs and lamps that can be sold are 6 and 8 per week respectively. The gross margin from the sales of a chair is Rs. 80 and Rs. 40 for that of a lamp.

The plant manager has a set of the following goals arranged in order of importance:

- (i) He wants to avoid underutilization of production capacity.
- (ii) He wants to sell as many as possible.
- (iii) Overtime should not exceed 20% of the production time.

Formulate and solve this problem as a GP model so that the plant manager may achieve his goals as closely as possible.

(b) A production unit produces the chair and the table. The unit profit per chair is Rs. 100 4
and that per table is Rs. 50. The goal of a production unit is to earn a total profit of exactly Rs. 700 during the sale season of a week. Formulate GP.

(c) Differentiate between Linear programming and Goal Programming. 3
