

Seat No. : _____

ND-103

December-2015

B.Sc., Sem.-V

**Core Course-303 : Microbiology
(Principles of Immunology)**

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 70

Instructions : (1) Draw figures wherever necessary.

(2) Mention correct question number against each answer.

(3) Figures to the right indicate marks.

1. Answer the following (any **two**) : **14**
- (a) Explain in detail various types of innate immunity.
 - (b) Discuss discrimination, diversity, specificity, memory and transferability as the characteristics of immune response.
 - (c) What is the role of MHC and HLA in immune response ?
 - (d) Describe the functions of different cells in immune system.
2. Answer the following (any **two**) : **14**
- (a) Discuss physicochemical and biological properties of antigens.
 - (b) What are skin tests ? Explain its role in diagnosis of disease.
 - (c) Explain how a human can probably make more than 10^{12} different antibody molecules.
 - (d) Explain the principle and applications of precipitation reaction.
3. Answer the following (any **two**) : **14**
- (a) Chronic illnesses can result from a hypo or hyper functioning of the immune system. Justify.
 - (b) Explain giving examples the inherited immunodeficiency disorders.
 - (c) Discuss in brief Type I hypersensitivity.
 - (d) What is transplant rejection ? Explain its mechanism and how can such rejections be reduced ?

4. Answer the following (any **two**) : **14**
- (a) How different antigens present on RBCs helps in classification of blood groups and narrate its clinical significance.
 - (b) Explain functions and significance of various blood constituents.
 - (c) Describe various types of immunoprophylaxis in brief.
 - (d) Discuss the recommended immunization schedule for a child.
5. Give short and specific answers in **1–2** lines only. **14**
- (a) What is herd immunity ?
 - (b) Which are the two arms of immune response ?
 - (c) What is the function of Null cells ?
 - (d) Name two secondary lymphoid organs.
 - (e) Give two examples of immunogens.
 - (f) Concentration of which antibody increases during allergic reactions ?
 - (g) Which radioactive isotope is commonly used for labelling antigens in RIA ?
 - (h) Give an example of immunosuppressive agent.
 - (i) What is SCID ?
 - (j) Name chemical compounds present in the poison ivy plants, which are responsible for cell mediated hypersensitivity ?
 - (k) What is the maximum permitted shelf life of the whole blood ?
 - (l) Give examples of toxoid-based vaccines.
 - (m) What type of antigen is expressed by blood group 'O' individuals ?
 - (n) Which disease is identified using PPD skin test ?
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