

B.Sc. Sem.-6 (Rep) Examination

CC-308

Mathematics

October-2025

Time : 2-30 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 70

- Instruction:**
- 1) All the questions are compulsory
  - 2) Notations and Terminology are standard
  - 3) Figures to the right indicates the full marks.

Q.1

- A) Let  $f$  be a bounded function on the closed bounded interval  $[a, b]$ . Then  $f$  is Riemann Integrable if and only if  $\epsilon > 0$ , there exists a Subdivision  $P$  of  $[a, b]$  such that  $U(P, f) - L(P, f) < \epsilon$  (7)
- B) Let  $f(x) = x^3$  on  $[0, 1]$ . For each  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  let  $P_n = \left\{ 0, \frac{1}{n}, \frac{2}{n}, \dots, 1 \right\}$  of  $[0, 1]$ . Compute  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} U(f, P_n)$  and  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} L(f, P_n)$ . (7)

OR

- A) State and prove Second Mean Value theorem of Integral. (7)
- B) Discuss the convergence of

i)  $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{x^2}{(k^2 + x^2)^2} dx$       ii)  $\int_{-\infty}^0 \frac{1}{1 + x^2} dx$  (7)

- Q.2 A) State and prove Comparison Test (7)
- B) Discuss the convergence of the following series.

i)  $\sum_1^{\infty} \frac{n}{3^n}$       ii)  $\sum_1^{\infty} \frac{n!}{n^n}$  (7)

OR

- A) Prove that  $\inf x_n \leq \lim x_n \leq \overline{\lim} x_n \leq \sup x_n$  (7)

6910N67i/2

- B) Discuss the convergence of  $\sum_0^{\infty} 2^{(-1)^n - n}$  (7)

Q.3

- A) Prove that following two statements are equivalent. (7)

- i)  $C$  is complete.
- ii) Every absolutely convergent series in  $C$  is convergent.

- B) Prove that the series  $\sum_1^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1}}{n}$  is conditionally convergent. (7)

OR

- A) State and prove Merten's Theorem. (7)

- B) Discuss the convergence of following series. (7)

$$\sum_0^{\infty} \frac{z^{3n}}{2^n}$$

Q.4

- A) State and prove Taylor's theorem with Lagrange form remainder. (7)

- B) Write down Taylor formula with the Cauchy form of the remainder for

$$f(x) = (1-x)^{1/2} \text{ about } a=0 \text{ and } -1 < x < 1. \quad (7)$$

OR

- A) State and prove Taylor's theorem with Cauchy form remainder. (7)

- B) Find the power series solution of the differential equation  $(1-x)y'+1=0$ , (7)

with condition  $y(0) = 1$ .

Q.5 Answer any Seven in short: (14)

- 1) Define: Riemann Integral.
- 2) State First Fundamental theorem of Calculus.
- 3) Define: Improper Integral.
- 4) Define: Limit superior.
- 5) Define: Complex Sequence
- 6) State Cauchy Root Test.
- 7) Define: Absolute Convergence series.
- 8) Define: Radius of convergence.
- 9) Define: Conditionally convergence series.
- 10) State Maclaurin's theorem with Lagrange form of remainder.
- 11) Define: Power series.
- 12) State Binomial Expansion theorem.