

## MSc Sem.-2 Examination

409

## Biomedical Technology

May-2025

Time : 2-30 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 70

<b>Q-I</b>	<b>1</b>	How do iron levels change during pregnancy and lactation? Why is iron supplementation important during these stages?	<b>(14)</b>
	<b>2</b>	What is the clinical importance of serum ferritin and D-dimer levels? Explain their normal ranges, diagnostic value, and interpretation in disease conditions.	
	<b>OR</b>		
	<b>1</b>	Describe the physiological role and significance of iron in the human body. What are the consequences of its deficiency and overload?	
	<b>2</b>	What is the significance of chloride, calcium, and phosphorus in the human body? Include their normal values, clinical ranges, and interpretation in pathological conditions.	
<b>Q-II</b>	<b>1</b>	What is the primary role of VLDL in lipid metabolism? Explain the role of VLDL in lipid transport.	<b>(14)</b>
	<b>2</b>	Explain the role of the enzyme sphingomyelinase in Niemann-Pick disease. Explain the process of sphingomyelin accumulation in lysosomes.	
	<b>OR</b>		
	<b>1</b>	Write a note on Tay-Sachs disease.	
	<b>2</b>	Explain any one method for the detection of phenylketonuria.	
<b>Q-III</b>	<b>1</b>	Explain the clinical symptoms and molecular diagnosis of Huntington's disease.	<b>(14)</b>
	<b>2</b>	Discuss the principle and method of creatinine estimation in clinical biochemistry.	
	<b>OR</b>		
	<b>1</b>	Describe the pathophysiology of Spinal Muscular Atrophy (SMA).	
	<b>2</b>	What is a molecular test? Explain its importance in early disease detection with one example.	
<b>Q-IV</b>	<b>1</b>	What is serological testing? Write down precipitation method in detail including different types, applications, advantages and disadvantages.	<b>(14)</b>
	<b>2</b>	Write a note: Diagnosis methods of bacterial diseases and fungal diseases.	
	<b>OR</b>		
	<b>1</b>	What is latex agglutination test? Write down its principle, applications, advantages and limitations in detail.	
	<b>2</b>	Explain in detail: Macroscopic examination of urine.	
<b>Q-V</b>	<b>Answer any SEVEN out of TWELVE.</b>		<b>(14)</b>
	<b>1</b>	Name two proteins involved in iron transport and their functions.	<b>02</b>
	<b>2</b>	Which vertebral level is typically used for CSF collection via lumbar puncture?	<b>02</b>
	<b>3</b>	What method is commonly used to measure serum sodium and potassium levels?	<b>02</b>
	<b>4</b>	What is the use of determining the albumin-globulin ratio in blood?	<b>02</b>
	<b>5</b>	Write any four symptoms of Gaucher's disease.	<b>02</b>
	<b>6</b>	Explain the relationship between 5-hydroxyindoleacetic acid and serotonin metabolism.	<b>02</b>
	<b>7</b>	Define sensitivity in diagnostic testing.	<b>02</b>
	<b>8</b>	Why is calibration important in biochemical testing?	<b>02</b>
	<b>9</b>	What is a screening test?	<b>02</b>
	<b>10</b>	Write down the principle of fluorescent antibody technique for serology.	<b>02</b>
	<b>11</b>	Write down the principle of different types of Coombs' test.	<b>02</b>
<b>12</b>	What are the sample used for serology testing?	<b>02</b>	