

4/31

1604E227

Candidate's Seat No : _____

B.Sc. Sem.-6 Examination

SE-311

Computer Science (A)

April-2025

[Max. Marks : 70

Time : 2-30 Hours]

Q:1 Write following [14]

- (a) Explain the backstory of Blockchain and how it evolved over time.
- (b) Compare and contrast centralized vs. decentralized systems with examples.

OR

- (a) Describe the different layers of Blockchain and their functionalities.
- (b) Discuss the importance of Blockchain and its impact on various industries.

Q:2 Write following [14]

- (a) Explain the fundamental principles of Blockchain and how it works.
- (b) Discuss the role of cryptography in Blockchain security.

OR

- (a) Explain the relevance of game theory in Blockchain and its consensus mechanisms.
- (b) Explain how cryptography, game theory, and computer science integrate to form Blockchain.

Q:3 Write following [14]

- (a) Describe the role of computer science engineering in Blockchain technology.
- (b) Describe the Ethereum ecosystem and its role in decentralized applications (DApps).

OR

- (a) List and explain major Blockchain applications in different domains.
- (b) Discuss the challenges in scaling Blockchain and possible solutions.

(P.T.O)

E227-2

Q:4 Write following [14]

- (a) Explain the history of money and how it led to the creation of Bitcoin.
- (b) Describe the transition from early digital currencies to Bitcoin.

OR

- (a) Explain the transition from Bitcoin to Ethereum and why Ethereum was introduced.
- (b) Describe the Ethereum Blockchain and how it differs from Bitcoin.

Q:5 Attempt any SEVEN

(14)

- 1 Blockchains can be categorized as _____ and decentralized systems.
- 2 The three major layers of blockchain are _____, consensus, and application.
- 3 Cryptographic technique used to ensure data integrity in blockchain is called _____.
- 4 In blockchain, each block contains a _____ of the previous block.
- 5 _____ theory helps explain rational decision-making and incentives in blockchain networks.
- 6 SPV stands for _____.
- 7 EVM stands for _____.
- 8 Bitcoin transactions are stored in a public ledger called the _____.
- 9 Ethereum smart contracts are written in the programming language _____.
- 10 Bitcoin wallets store _____ which are used to sign transactions.
- 11 A full node stores the complete copy of the blockchain ledger. (True/False)
- 12 In Ethereum, smart contracts can be altered once deployed on the blockchain. (True/False)

1604E227-3

Candidate's Seat No : _____

B.Sc. Sem.-6 Examination

SE-311

Computer Science (B)

April-2025

Time : 2-30 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 70

Q.1 Write the following

- i) Explain computer security models. 07
ii) Explain security in E-commerce. 07

OR

- i) What is security attacks? Explain with types. 07
ii) Explain network security . 07

Q.2. Write the following

- i) Explain VPN concepts & limitations. 07
ii) Explain web threats and attack in detail. 07

OR

- i) Explain conventional encryptions. 07
ii) Explain public key cryptography 07

Q.3. Write the following

- i) What is cryptography ? Explain with types in detail. 07
ii) Give the difference between private and public key. 07

OR

- i) What is encryption? Explain in detail. 07
ii) Explain confidentiality and integrity policies. 07

Q.4. Write the following

- i) Explain firewall and its types. 07
ii) Explain any one asymmetric algorithm in detail. 07

OR

- i) Explain web security requirement in detail 07
ii) Explain firewall design principles. 07

(P.T.O)

Q.5. Attempt any seven out of twelve :-

- i) Define information security.
- ii) Define threats.
- iii) What is CIA?
- iv) What is network security?
- v) What is firewall?
- vi) What is the use of Digital certificates?
- vii) What are types of security ?
- viii) Define encryption.
- ix) _____ platforms are used for safety and protection of information in the cloud.
 - a) Cloud workload protection platforms
 - b) Cloud security protocols
 - c) AWS
 - d) One Drive
- x) Lack of access control policy is a _____
 - a) Bug
 - b) Threat
 - c) Vulnerability
 - d) Attack
- xi) . Which of the following information security technology is used for avoiding browser-based hacking?
 - a) Anti-malware in browsers
 - b) Remote browser access
 - c) Adware remover in browsers
 - d) Incognito mode in a browser
- xii) From the options below, which of them is not a threat to information security?
 - a) Disaster
 - b) Eavesdropping
 - c) Information leakage
 - d) Unchanged default password
