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0502E1453

Candidate's Seat No : \_\_\_\_\_

MSc Sem.-1 Examination

404

Geoinformatics

Time : 2-30 Hours]

February-2025

[Max. Marks : 70

<b>QUESTION – 1 Write the following</b>	
(I) What is the difference between GPS and DGPS?	7
(ii) How does the ionosphere affect GNSS signals, and what are the consequences for positioning accuracy?	7
OR	
(I) Give a brief note on IRNSS	7
(ii) What is the difference between RTK and PPK	7
<b>QUESTION – 2 Write the following</b>	
(I) Explain the key differences between GNSS and GPS, and describe the global systems involved in GNSS	7
(ii) What are the key components of a GNSS system, and how do they work together to provide accurate location data?	7
OR	
(I) Explain the role of "ephemeris data" in GNSS positioning	7
(ii) Discuss the sources of error in GNSS and how these errors can affect accuracy	7
<b>QUESTION – 3 Write the following</b>	
(I) Describe how Differential GNSS (DGNSS) improves positioning accuracy.	7
(ii) Discuss the differences between the GPS system and the NAVIC system. What are the advantages and disadvantages of each	7
OR	
(I) Explain CORS network in India	7
(ii) Discuss the importance of GNSS in various industries and applications	7
<b>QUESTION – 4 Write the following</b>	
(I) What is "Selective Availability" (SA) in GPS, and how did its removal impact GPS accuracy	7
(ii) Explain in brief L1, L2 and L5 frequency	7
OR	
(I) Explain Relative and Absolute accuracy in detail.	7
(ii) Explain Location based services with examples	7

(P.T.O)

QUESTION – 5\* Attempt any seven out of twelve.

\* MCQ /Short question (One or Two line answer)/Fill in the blanks/True or False etc.

(14)

**1. What is the primary purpose of GPS?**

- a) To determine global weather patterns
- b) To help navigate and provide location information
- c) To collect satellite imagery
- d) To monitor global communications

**2. What is the primary function of a GPS receiver?**

- a) To transmit data to GPS satellites
- b) To calculate the user's speed
- c) To receive signals from satellites and calculate the user's position
- d) To store satellite data

**3. Which of the following GNSS systems is operated by the India?**

- a) GLONASS
- b) IRNSS
- c) Galileo
- d) BeiDou

**4. What is the primary function of the GNSS satellite system?**

- a) To relay communication signals
- b) To store location data
- c) To provide precise timing and location information to GNSS receivers
- d) To measure the Earth's magnetic field

**5. How does a GPS receiver determine its position?**

- a) By triangulating signals from at least three satellites
- b) By using a built-in compass to measure direction
- c) By using only one satellite to calculate the distance
- d) By calculating time based on a preset clock

**6. What is the term for the process of correcting errors in GPS signals due to atmospheric conditions?**

- a) Georeferencing
- b) Differential GPS
- c) Geo-rectification
- d) Geocoding

**7. What does the term "trilateration" refer to in GPS?**

- a) The process of measuring time using GPS signals
- b) The process of determining a location based on the distance from at least three satellites
- c) The process of correcting GPS signal errors
- d) The method used to plot GPS coordinates on a map

**8. Which of the following is a limitation of GPS?**

- a) It works only at night
- b) It requires an unobstructed view of the sky
- c) It works only in urban areas
- d) It requires a connection to the internet

**9. How accurate is standard GPS for civilian use?**

- a) Up to 10 cm
- b) Less than 1 meter
- c) Up to 10 meters
- d) Up to 1000 meters

**10. Which type of error is most commonly caused by the ionosphere and the troposphere in GPS signals?**

- a) Clock error
- b) Multipath error
- c) Atmospheric error
- d) Ephemeris error

**11. What is the minimum number of GPS satellites that would typically need to be in orbit as a Global Navigation system?**

- a) 10
- b) 12
- c) 24
- d) 30

**12. What is the purpose of "multipath error" in GPS?**

- a) It occurs when a GPS signal is reflected off buildings or other obstacles, causing inaccurate readings
  - b) It refers to the time offset caused by the satellite's clock
  - c) It is an error caused by the ionosphere
  - d) It is an error due to the receiver's hardware
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