

Seat No. : \_\_\_\_\_

# FA-136

February-2025

M.Sc., Sem.-I

PHY-401 : Physics

(Quantum Mechanics-I and Mathematical Physics – I)

(NEW)

Time : 2:30 Hour]

[Max. Marks : 70

## Section – I

1. (A) Obtain an expression for the first ionization potential  $V_{\text{ion}}$  for a two-electron atom. 7  
(B) Discuss Upper Bound on Ground State Energy using the Variation method. 7

OR

1. (A) What do you mean by perturbation ? Obtain 1<sup>st</sup> order and 2<sup>nd</sup> order equations of perturbation theory. 7  
(B) Solve the 1<sup>st</sup> order equation of perturbation theory if eigen value is non-degenerate. 7

2. (A) Obtain an expression for the co-efficients  $C_n(0)$  in the time dependent part of Schrodinger equation. 7  
(B) Discuss propagators and obtain an expression for the Green's function  $G_R$ . 7

OR

2. (A) Using WKB approximation method, obtain asymptotic solution of Schrodinger equation. 7  
(B) Prove that in sudden approximation, the transition amplitude  $C_{fi}$  is proportional to the matrix element of the change in the Hamiltonian and to the time for which this change persists. 7

3. (A) Write statement of Morera's theorem and show that if function  $f(Z)$  is analytic within an on closed curve  $C$ , then 7

$$\oint f(Z)dZ = 0$$

- (B) Evaluate integral  $I = \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{\cos 3\theta}{5 - 4 \cos \theta} d\theta$  by using Residue theorem. 7

OR

3. (A) Explain terms; Singularity, Pole and Simple pole. Using a simple pole method solve following : 7
- (i) If  $f(Z) = \frac{z}{(2z + 1)(5 - z)}$ , find  $R(-\frac{1}{2})$ , and  $R(5)$ .
- (ii) If  $f(Z) = \frac{\cos Z}{z}$ , find  $R(0)$
- (B) Using Cauchy-Riemann's conditions find out given functions are analytic or non-analytic. 7
- (i)  $f(Z) = \frac{z}{(z^2 + 1)}$
- (ii)  $f(Z) = (z^2 - \bar{z}^2)$
4. (A) Define groups, subgroups and classes. Discuss four properties of a group with examples. 7
- (B) Give definition of a Tensor in 3D space and discuss various properties of tensors with examples. 7
- OR**
4. (A) Discuss – invariant subgroups, factor groups, Homomorphism and Isomorphism. 7
- (B) (i) Show that addition and subtraction of two tensors leads to new tensors of same rank and same size. 7
- (ii) Obtain the matrix for spherical co-ordinates and cylindrical co-ordinates.

### Section – II

5. Attempt any **seven** questions. Each question carries **two** marks. 14
- (1) The matrix element of Hamiltonian  $H'$  between states  $U_k$  and  $U_m$  is represented by integral equation \_\_\_\_\_.
- (2) If the eigen value  $E_m$  of Hamiltonian is 4 fold-degenerate then, the eigen space of  $\psi^{(0)}$  is spanned by set of eigen functions \_\_\_\_\_.
- (3) In the expression  $\psi = (1 + \lambda C_m^{(1)})u_m + \sum' \lambda C_m^{(1)}u_n$  the prime on summation sign ( $\Sigma'$ ) represents that \_\_\_\_\_.
- (4) The retarded Green's function  $G_R(\vec{X}, \vec{X}'; t, t')$  depends only on \_\_\_\_\_.
- (5) If the probability of finding an electron in a state is 0.25, then the amplitude  $A$  for an electron to be found in such a state should be \_\_\_\_\_.
- (6) The differentiation of Heaviside unit function with respect to time is  $d\theta(t)/dt =$  \_\_\_\_\_.
- (7) What is a *Cyclic* group ? Give an example of a *Cyclic* group.
- (8) Prepare group table of three elements  $E, A, B$ .
- (9) Write two properties of Dirac-delta function.
- (10) Find out real and imaginary parts of  $f(Z) = \sin z$ , where  $Z = x+iy$ .
- (11) Define Levi-Civita symbol in 4-dimensional space.
- (12) Define a dummy tensor and fundamental tensor.

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(B) Solve the 1<sup>st</sup> order equation of perturbation theory if eigen value is non-degenerate. 7
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OR

2. (A) Using WKB approximation method, obtain asymptotic solution of Schrodinger equation. 7  
(B) Prove that in sudden approximation, the transition amplitude  $C_{fi}$  is proportional to the matrix element of the change in the Hamiltonian and to the time for which this change persists. 7

3. (A) Solve the Bessel's equation with  $n = 0$ , using a Laplace transform : 7  
 $x^2 y''(x) + xy'(x) + x^2 y(x) = 0$ .  
Initial conditions are :  $y(+0) = 1, y'(+0) = 0$ .  
Given :  $\mathcal{L}\{t^n\} = n!s^{n+1} \quad s > 0, \quad n > -1$ .

- (B) Prove that  $\mathcal{L}\left\{\frac{\cos at - \cos bt}{b^2 - a^2}\right\} = \frac{s}{(s^2 + a^2)(s^2 + b^2)}$ , where  $a^2 \neq b^2$  7

OR

3. (A) Solve following differential equation using a Laplace transform : 7  
 $y'' + 2y' + 2y = 0$ , with initial conditions  $y(0) = -1$ ,  $y'(0) = 2$  and  $y$  is a function of time  $t$ .
- (B) Solve the differential equation for a damped harmonic oscillator 7  
 $mX''(t) + bX'(t) + kX(t) = 0$ , for  $b^2 < 4km$ ,  
with initial conditions  $X(0) = X_0$ ,  $X'(0) = 0$ .

Given :  $\mathcal{L}\{e^{-at} \cos bt\} = \frac{(s+a)}{(s+a)^2 + b^2}$

$$\mathcal{L}\{e^{-at} \sin bt\} = \frac{(b)}{(s+a)^2 + b^2}$$

4. (A) Define groups, subgroups and classes. Discuss four properties of a group with examples. 7
- (B) Give definition of a 'Tensor' in 3D space and discuss various properties of tensors with examples. 7

**OR**

4. (A) Discuss invariant subgroups, factor groups, Homomorphism and Isomorphism. 7
- (B) (i) Show that addition and subtraction of two tensors leads to new tensors of same rank and same size. 7
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- (3) In the expression  $v = (1 + \lambda C_m^{(1)})_{um} + \sum' \lambda C_m^{(1)}_{um}$  the prime on summation sign ( $\Sigma'$ ) represents that \_\_\_\_\_.
- (4) The retarded Green's Junction  $G_R(\vec{X}, \vec{X}'; t, t')$  depends only on \_\_\_\_\_.
- (5) If the probability of finding an electron in a state is 0.25, then the amplitude  $A$  for an electron to be found in such a state should be \_\_\_\_\_.
- (6) The differentiation of Heaviside unit function with respect to time is  $d\theta(t)/dt =$  \_\_\_\_\_.
- (7) What is the Laplace transform of  $t$  ?
- (8)  $\mathcal{L}\{\cos kt\} =$  \_\_\_\_\_.
- (9) An inverse Laplace of  $1 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (10) Prepare a group table of three elements  $E, A, B$ .
- (11) Define Levi-Civita symbol in 4-dimensional space.
- (12) Define a dummy tensor and a fundamental tensor.