

IMBA (CSM) (NEP) Sem.-3 Examination

DSC-C-ICSM-231T

Cyber Security Fundamentals-I

November-2025

Time : 2-00 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 50

Question 1: Answer the following questions:

- i. Explain sessions, cookies (including their key attributes), and tokens. 5Marks
- ii. Describe threat, vulnerability, exploit, risk, and impact. Illustrate their relationship with a simple scenario. 5Marks

OR

- i. Compare encoding, encryption, and hashing. Provide examples and explain when each should be used. 5Marks
- ii. Describe various identity theft techniques and propose a layered defence plan suitable for students. 5Marks

Question 2: Answer the following questions:

- i. Explain the different types of cybercrimes with suitable examples. 5Marks
- ii. Detail the Identity and Access Management lifecycle stages step-by-step. 5Marks

OR

- i. Describe a brute-force attack and explain its various types. 5Marks
- ii. Describe the major phases of penetration testing and list one tool used in each phase. 5Marks

Question 3: Answer the following questions:

- i. Describe Vulnerability Assessment (VA) and Penetration Testing (PT). Explain when each is preferred, including outputs and tool examples. 5Marks
- ii. Describe how Role-Based Access Control (RBAC) helps in regulating access to resources. Include its benefits and limitations. 5Marks

OR

- i. Explain Nmap and describe any five commonly used Nmap commands with examples. 5Marks
- ii. Describe at least five current cyber threats. 5Marks

Question 4: Answer the following questions:

- i. Explain the difference between CVE and CWE, and describe how CVSS and CWSS help prioritize remediation. 5Marks
- ii. What is cyberbullying? Explain its types with suitable examples. 5Marks

OR

- i. What are the primary security challenges in Android application architecture? How can developers mitigate these risks? 5Marks
- ii. What is a DMZ (Demilitarized Zone) in network security? Explain its role in protecting internal systems from external threats. 5Marks

Question 5: Attempt any ten out of twelve.

10 Marks

1. Which pillar of the CIA triad ensures data is accurate and unchanged?
2. A weakness that can be exploited by a threat actor is called: _____.
3. Which penetration testing approach assumes no prior knowledge of the target system?
a) White-box testing b) Gray-box testing
c) Black-box testing d) Open-box testing
4. What is the key difference between ethics and laws in the context of cybersecurity?
5. A law protecting children's online privacy in the US is: _____.
6. Which phishing variant targets high-profile executives?
7. Public Key Infrastructure's trust anchor that issues certificates is called: _____.
8. Define cryptography in one sentence.
9. What is chip technology used for in cybersecurity?
10. In Identity Theft, which technique involves fake emails or sites to trick users _____.
11. What does IDS/IPS stand for in cybersecurity?
12. The primary goal of encryption in the CIA triad maps to: _____.

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