

**Ques.1 Answer the following questions:**

- i. Explain the classification of poisons based on their mode of action with examples. 7Marks
- ii. Describe the postmortem findings in cases of death due to poisoning 7Marks

**OR**

- i. List the various factors that modify the action of poisons in the body and explain their significance. 7Marks
- ii. Explain the fate of poisons in the human body and the role of the liver in detoxification. 7Marks

**Ques.2 Answer the following questions:**

- i. Discuss the following extraction methods: 7Marks
  - I. Solvent extraction
  - II. Distillation
- ii. Explain extraction of non-volatile organic compounds using micellar extraction method 7Marks

**OR**

- i. Explain the fundamental principle, components, working and the advantages of solid phase extraction 7Marks
- ii. Discuss any two methods for that you can use to extract and identify carbon monoxide from the blood sample of a victim of carbon monoxide poisoning. 7Marks

**Ques.3 Answer the following questions:**

- i. Describe the cellular mechanism of toxicity of Arsenic, detailing its primary effect on sulfhydryl groups and its consequence for cellular energy metabolism. 7Marks
- ii. Explain how cannabis shows a Biphase effect. 7Marks

**OR**

- i. What are the key aspects related to Opium poisoning including active principle, fatal dose & period, Postmortem appearances and Forensic analysis. 7Marks
- ii. Explain three factors that can decrease the rate of ethanol absorption from the stomach and small intestine. Additionally, briefly explain why the Volume of Distribution (Vd) for ethanol is generally smaller in women than in men. 7Marks

**Ques.4 Answer the following questions:**

- i. Briefly describe the main mechanisms by which drugs cross the gastrointestinal (GI) barrier to reach systemic circulation. 7Marks

- ii. List non-renal drug excretion routes (e.g., lungs, saliva, sweat). Give one drug example per route and state what influences excretion through each. 7Marks

OR

- i. Define and differentiate among cytotoxicity, carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and teratogenicity as adverse outcomes of drug toxicity. 7Marks
- ii. Explain the different routes of Drug administration. 7Marks

**Ques.5 Attempt any seven out of twelve.**

14Marks

1. What are chelating agents? Explain in brief.
2. How route of administration and condition of stomach affect poison absorption?
3. What is a fulminant poisoning?
4. Which are the factors affecting choice of extraction method in toxicology?
5. Which is the fundamental principle employed in extraction using a universal trace residue extractor?
6. State any two advantages of using a solid phase extractor (SPE) compared to column chromatography.
7. Name the primary enzyme responsible for converting ethanol into acetaldehyde in the liver.
8. What is the estimated fatal dose of Nicotine for an adult?
9. Name the primary toxic principle (active compound) found in the Semicarpus anacardium nut.
10. What is the effect of polymorphism on drug absorption?
11. What is apparent volume of distribution?
12. Name three nonrenal routes of drug excretion.

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