

B.Sc. Semester-5 Examination

CC 302

Mathematics

March-2024

Time : 2-30 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 70

Instructions: (1) All questions are compulsory.

(2) Figure to the right indicates full marks of the question.

- Q-1 (a) Prove that there exists a positive real number x such that $x^2=2$. (7)
 (b) Find all $x \in \mathbb{R}$ that satisfy both $|2x-3| < 5$ and $|x+1| > 2$ simultaneously. (7)

OR

- Q-1 (a) If A is any set, then prove that there is no surjection of A onto the set $P(A)$ of all subsets of A . (7)

- (b) Prove that $\sqrt{2}$ is not a rational number. (7)

- Q-2 (a) If (x_n) and (y_n) are convergent sequences and $\lim y_n \neq 0$ then prove that (7)

$$\lim \left(\frac{x_n}{y_n} \right) = \frac{\lim x_n}{\lim y_n}$$

- (b) Define sequence $\{x_n\}$ inductively by $x_1=5$ and $x_{n+1}=\sqrt{4+x_n}$, $n \geq 1$. (7)

Prove that $\{x_n\}$ converges and determine the limit.

OR

- Q-2 (a) State and prove Bolzano-Weierstrass theorem. (7)

- (b) Let $x_n = \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{k} = 1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \dots + \frac{1}{n}$. Show that sequence $\{x_n\}$ is not (7)

Cauchy, not convergent and not bounded sequence.

- Q-3 (a) Suppose that the function f is continuous on the interval $[a, b]$. Then prove that f attains its maximum and minimum values on $[a, b]$. (7)

- (b) Find limit using the definition: $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{1}{5x-3}$ (7)

OR

- Q-3 (a) State and prove Intermediate Value Theorem (IVT). (7)

- (b) Discuss the uniform continuity of the following functions: (7)

(i) $f(x) = 1/x$ on $[c, \infty)$, $c > 0$ (ii) $g(x) = \sin(2\pi/x)$ on $(0, 1)$

- Q-4 (a) State and prove Mean Value Theorem. (7)

- (b) Evaluate: (1) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^3}{e^x}$ (2) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\tan x - x}{x^3}$ $x \in (0, \pi/2)$ (7)

OR

- Q-4 (a) State and prove L'Hospital's First Rule. (7)

- (b) If $3a-4b+6c-12d=0$, then prove that one root of cubic equation $ax^3+bx^2+cx+d=0$ lies between -1 and 0 . (7)

[P.T.O.]

Q-5

Attempt any Seven short questions:

(14)

- (i) Find the $\text{lub} A$ and $\text{glb} A$ of the set $A = \left\{ \frac{5n+2}{n} / n \in N \right\}$.
- (ii) If $B = \{x \in Q : x^2 < 2\}$ then $\inf B = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- (iii) Give example of a set which contains its lub but does not contains its glb .
- (iv) Find the cluster points of the sequence $\{x_n\} = \{\cos(n\pi/3)\}$
- (v) Give an example of a sequence which is bounded and has finite range.
- (vi) Give an example of a Cauchy sequence.
- (vii) Evaluate: $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} [x-2] + [x+4]$ if exist.
- (viii) Define Uniform continuity.
- (ix) Give example of a function with removable discontinuity.
- (x) State Darboux's theorem.
- (xi) Determine where the function $f(x) = |x^2 - 8|$ is not differentiable.
- (xii) Give an example of function which is continuous and not differentiable.
