2105E433

Candidate's Seat No :_____

PGDIFA Sem.-1 Examination

	Paper-III	
	Managerial Economics	
Time: 2-30 Hor	urs] May-2024	[Max. Marks: 70
Q-1	·	[IIIIII IVIIIIII . /U
a. V b. V	What is Managerial Economics? Discuss the nature of managerial econo With help of an example, explain the concept of contribution analysis.	mics. (7)
Q-1	OR	
	tate and explain in detail (with the late of the	
υ.	State and explain in detail (with the help of an illustration), the concept While taking a business decision, both the short-term and long-term tept in mind". Analyse this statement in brief.	perspectives should be
Q-2		(4)
a. D	Discuss any five factors affecting price elasticity of demand.	(6)
b. P	rice of sweater increases from Rs. 400/- to Rs. 450/ As a result demi	and contracts from 6000
LC C	o 5000 units. Calculate price elasticity using proportionate method.	(4)
c. S	tate whether the following statements are True or False.	(4)
i)	Price of a complementary good affects the demand for a good un	ider consideration.
ii	In case of substitute goods, cross elasticity of demand is zero.	
	1) All inferior goods are Giffen goods.	
iv	For normal goods, income elasticity of demand is positive.	
0.0	OR	
Q-2		
a. E	xplain briefly the usefulness of the concept of price elasticity of demand	d. (6)
D. D	s any three exceptions to the law of demand. (4)	
c. A	nswer the following in one statement each.	(4)
I)	and the state of t	
II		acts?
11	If coefficient of advertising elasticity is zero, by how much will	sales increase if selling
1/	expenses are increased by 8%? Define Giffen goods.	
Q-3	beinie differi goods.	
	ost function is given as:	
C	$= 75 + 8Q^3 + 10Q^2 + 5Q$	(7)
	where Q is the quantity of output produced. Find out TFC, AFC, TVC, A	VC AC MC and TC for 2
u	nits of output.	ve, Ac, Me allu 16 101 3
	omplete the following table with the help of given data.	(5)
	L Q AP _L MP _L	(3)
	1 40	
	2 50	
	3 30	
	4 20	
т.	5 10	
L	– Labour, Q – Output, AP _L – Average Product of Labour, MP _L – Marginal	Product of Labour
c. Si	uppose the fixed costs of a firm are Rs. 28,000 and variable cost is Rs. 3,	
þi	rice is Rs. 10/ Find out break-even level of output.	(2)
Q-3	OR	
$Q^{-}J$		

a. Explain the concept of cost reduction.

(4)

b. Explain the concept of economies of scope.

(4)

State whether the following statements are True or False: C.

(6)

i) AFC curve never decreases

ii) External economies and diseconomies are associated with a firm.

iii) Value analysis is a tool of cost reduction.

If all inputs are increased by 8% and because of that if output increases by 12%, then it is a iv) case of increasing returns to scale.

v) Productivity and cost are directly related.

Only a few factors of production can be changed in the long run. vi)

Write a note on Kinked demand curve model. Explain various features of monopolistic competition.	(7) (7)
OR	
Write a note on oligopoly. Differentiate between perfect competition and monopoly.	(7) (7)
Explain in detail the concept of mark-up pricing. Write short notes on: (i) Importance of Pricing (ii) Psychological Pricing	(8) (6)
OK .	
Explain in detail the concept of price skimming. Write short notes on: (i) Delivered pricing (ii) Prestige pricing.	(8) (6)
	Explain various features of monopolistic competition. OR Write a note on oligopoly. Differentiate between perfect competition and monopoly. Explain in detail the concept of mark-up pricing. Write short notes on: (i) Importance of Pricing (ii) Psychological Pricing OR Explain in detail the concept of price skimming. Write short notes on: