Time: 1-00 Hours

# 2004M145

Candidate's Seat No	:
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# B.Lib.Sci. Semester-2 (New) Examination

## Lib.-410

# Library Mgmt Software (T)

April-2024

[Max. Marks: 35

પ્ર. 1 લાયબ્રેરી ઓટોમેશન એટલે શું? યુનિવર્સિટી લાયબ્રેરી સિસ્ટમમાં ઓટોમેશન જેવી અદ્યતન 15 તકનીકોની જરૂરિયાત અને મહત્વ જણાવો અને RFID નું વિગતવાર વર્ણન કરો.

### યથવા

- પ્રોપ્રાયટરી અને ઓપનસોર્સ લાયબ્રેરી સંયાલન સોક્ટવેર વચ્ચનો તફાવત ઉદાહરણો સાથે સમજાવો.
- 2. RAID એપ્લિકેશન એટલે શું? તેની જરૂરિયાત અને RAID એપ્લિકેશનના તમામ સ્તરોને વિગતવાર સમજાવો.
- પ્ર. 2 નીચેના પૈકી કોઇપણ બે વિષે ટૂકનોધ લખો.

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- ઉપભોક્તાઓની જરૂરિયાતોના સંદર્ભમાં યુનિવર્સિટી ગ્રંથાલયમાં માહિતી ટેકનોલોજીના અમલીકરણનું વર્ણન કરો.
- 2. લાયબ્રેરી ઓટોમેશન સોક્ટવેરનું મૂલ્યાંકન.
- 3. લાયબ્રેરીમાં ઠાર્ડવેર અને સોફ્ટવેર મેનેજમેન્ટ માટે AMC મુદ્દાઓનું મહત્વ સમજાવો.
- પ્ર. 3 દેતુલક્ષી પ્રશ્નોના વિકલ્પો માંથી જવાબ આપો English Version પ્રમાણે

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## English Version

Q.1 What is Library Automation? State the need and importance of advanced technologies like 15 automation in University Library System and describe RFID in detail.

#### OR

- 1. Explain the difference between proprietary and open source library management software with examples.
- 2. What is a RAID application? Explain its need and all levels of RAID application in detail.
- Q. 2 Write Short notes on any Two of the following

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- 1. Describe the implementation of information technology in the university library in terms of user needs.
- 2. Evaluation of Library Automation Software.
- 3. Explain the importance of AMC issues for hardware and software management in library.
- Q. 3 Select and write the correct answer from following multiple choice questions

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- 1. The statement "the study, design, development, implementation, support or management of computer-based information systems, particularly software applications and computer Hardware" refers to

  (a) Information and Data Technology (b) It is not a Technology (c) I
  - (a) Information and Data Technology (IDT)
- (b) Information Technology (IT)
- (c) Artificial Intelligence (AI)
- (d) Information and Collaborative Technology (ICT)

			MI	45-2
2.	Which of the following statements, regarding the term ICT is/are TRUE?  P: ICT is an acronym that stands for Indian Classical Technology.  Q: Converging technologies that exemplify ICT include the merging of audio-visual, telephone and computer networks through a common cabling system.			
3.	(c)	ergreen open source library management 2003		Neither P nor Q vare was first launched in year
4.		ce software package is marketed in India Verus Solutions Pvt Ltd. Hyderabad. Katipo Communications Ltd. New Zealand.	(b)	Softlink Asia Pvt.Ltd., New Delhi. Universal Trading Pvt.Ltd., Nepal.
5.	The software which are developed by the users themselves are called			
	(a)	System software	(b)	Application software
	(c)	Users programme	(d)	Utility software
6.	SOUL 2.0 software is Supports multi-platform for bibliographic database such as:			
	(a)	DOS, DBMS, RDBMS	(b)	My SQL, MS-SQL , RDBMS
	(c)	UNIX, XENIX, Oracle	(d)	CCF, MARC, MICROLIF
7.	Which module of library automation provides facility for Data Import / Export?			
	(a)	Acquisition	(b)	Circulation
	(c)	Catalogue	(d)	Serial Control
8.	Arrange the following library automation software according to their date of origin:  (i) SOUL (ii) KOHA (iii) New GENLIB (iv) LIBSYS  (a) (i) (iii) (iv) (ii) (b) (iii) (i) (iv)			
	(c)	(i) (iv) (ii) (iii)	(d)	(iv) (i) (ii) (iii)
9.	Who creates a program, that may use free software created or derived libraries, widget libraries and tools?			
	(a) (c)	Software engineers.	(b)	Software developers.
10.	(a) Tropiletary software developers.		Proprietary software developers.	
	(a)	MARC- 21, UNIMARC, USMARC and CANMARC,		Copy cataloguing, Z39.50, MARC21 and UNIMARC
	(c)	Z39.50, MARC21, UNIMARC, and CANMARC	(d)	CANMARC, MARC-21, UNIMARC, and Z39.50