

B. Lib. Sci. Semester-1 Examination
401

Knowledge Organisation & Information Management (T)

Time : 2-30 Hours]

March-2024

[Max. Marks : 70

- પ્ર. ૧ ગ્રંથાલય વર્ગીકરણ એટલે શું? ગ્રંથાલય વર્ગીકરણની જનરલ થીયરી અને ગતિશીલ(Dynamic) થીયરી વિષે વિગતે ચર્ચા કરો. 14

અથવા

- પ્ર. ૧ ગ્રંથાલય વર્ગીકરણની વિભાવના દર્શાવી કોલન ક્લાસીફિકેશનનો ઐતિહાસિક વિકાસક્રમ વર્ણવો
પ્ર. ૨ સામાન્ય પૃથકો શું છે? કોલન ક્લાસીફિકેશનમાં સામાન્ય પૃથકોનો ઉપયોગ યોગ્ય ઉદાહરણ સાથે વર્ણવો. 14

અથવા

- પ્ર. ૨ ગ્રંથાલય વર્ગીકરણના પ્રવર્તમાન પ્રવાહો વિષે વિસ્તૃતમાં ચર્ચા કરો અને કોઈપણ એક વેબ આધારિત વર્ગીકરણ પદ્ધતિ વિશે વિગતવાર અવલોકન કરો.
પ્ર. ૩ યોગ્ય ઉદાહરણો સાથે વિવિધ પ્રકારના પાર્શ્વસંબંધ વર્ણન કરો. 14

અથવા

- પ્ર. ૩ સંજ્ઞા એટલે શું? તેની જરૂરિયાત, હેતુ, પ્રકાર, ગુણવત્તા, અને કાર્યો વિષે ચર્ચા કરો
પ્ર. ૪ નીચેના પૈકી કોઈપણ બે વિષે ટૂંકનોંધ લખો. 14

A DDC ની મુખ્ય લાક્ષણિકતાઓનું વર્ણન કરો.

B કોલન ક્લાસીફિકેશનમાં વિષયચુકિત

C વિશિષ્ટ વર્ગો અને પદ્ધતિઓ.

- પ્ર. ૫ હેતુલક્ષી પ્રશ્નોના વિકલ્પોમાંથી જવાબ આપો English Version પ્રમાણે 14

English Version

- Q.1 What is Library Classification? Discuss about General Theory and Dynamic Theory of Library Classification in detail. 14

OR

- Q.1 State the concept of Library Classification and Narrate the Historical development of Colon Classification.
Q.2 What is Common Isolate? Explain about the use of common Isolate in Colon Classification with suitable examples. 14

OR

- Q.2 Discuss in detail the recent trends in library classification and make a detailed observation about any one web based classification system.
Q.3 Describe various types of phase relation with suitable examples. 14

OR

- Q.3 What is Notation? Discuss its needs, purpose, types, quality, and functions
Q.4 Write Short notes on any Two of the following. 14
A Describe the salient features of DDC.
B Subject Device in Colon classification
C Special and Systems

PTO

Q.5 Select and write correct answer from following multiple choice questions

14

1. Anesthesiology is obtained by which mode of formation of subject ?
 (a) Lose assemblage (b) Fission
 (c) Fusion (d) Distillation
2. Dynamic Theory of Library Classification is associated with
 (a) Lancaster (b) W.C.B. Sayers
 (c) Dr. S.R. Ranganathan (d) Melvil Dewey
3. In CC the author facet in the main class 'O' Literature is to be got by _____
 (a) Chronological Device (b) Subject Device
 (c) Superimposition Device (d) Geographical Device
4. Out of five fundamental categories, which one is easier to identify in a title?
 (a) Energy (b) Personality
 (c) Time (d) Matter
5. Who is referred to as the first grammarian of library classification ?
 (a) E C Richardson (b) W C B sayers
 (c) H.E.Bliss (d) S R Ranganathan
6. The concept of Idea Plane, Verbal Plane and Notational Plane was developed by
 (a) Dr. S. R. Ranganathan (b) M. A. Gopinath
 (c) A. Neeimaghan (d) G. Bhattacharya
7. Which Scheme of the classification contains a Relative Index?
 (a) Colon Classification (b) Dewey Decimal Classification
 (c) Universal Decimal Classification (d) Bibliographic Classification.
8. Universal Decimal Classification (UDC) Scheme is an example of _____
 (a) Almost Faceted Classification (b) Rigidly- Faceted Classification
 (c) Almost Enumerative Classification (d) Enumerative Classification
9. Which is not one of a principle of facet sequence
 (a) Wall-Picture Principle (b) Cow-Calf Principle
 (c) Whole-Organ Principle (d) Later-in-time Principle
10. What does LED stand for CC
 (a) Latest Effective Development (b) Lowest Effective Decade
 (c) Latest Effective Decade (d) Large Energy Distribution
11. What are the three planes of work which are recognised by Ranganathan for dynamic theory of classification?
 (a) Idea, Verbal, and Notational Planes (b) Oral, Verbal, and Notational Planes
 (c) Verbal, Idea, and Printed Planes (d) Oral, Verbal, and Written Planes
12. 'Gap Device' helps in making a classification scheme more _____
 (a) Faceted (b) Hierarchical
 (c) Hospitable (d) Enumerative
13. The Classification Research Group (CRG), London was established in
 (a) 1950 (b) 1951
 (c) 1952 (d) 1953
14. The theory of 'Literary Warrant' was enunciated by
 (a) E. W. Hulme (b) E C Richardson
 (c) H E.Bliss (d) B. C. Vickery

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