1904M124

Candidate's	Seat No.	
Candidate 5	Deat No	

B.Sc (Hons) FNS Semester-6 Examination FNS 322

Prob Policies & Prog in PHN

Time: 2-30 Hours] April-2024 [Max. Marks: 70

Instructions: Illustrate your answers with neat diagrams wherever necessary.

Q. 1	Write the following			
(i)	What are the emerging and re-emerging diseases and how can we prevent them?	(7 Marks)		
(ii)	What are the causes of nutrient deficiencies in the community?	(7 Marks)		
OR				
(i)	What should be the comprehensive approach to fighting nutritional challenges?	(7 Marks)		
(ii)	What steps can be taken to solve the challenges faced by vulnerable groups?	(7 Marks)		
Q.2	Write the following			
(i)	Detail the iron deficiency anemia prophylaxis program, highlighting its prevalence, target groups, and strategy.	(7 Marks)		
(ii)	What are the objectives of the iodine deficiency disorder control programme and how is it implemented?	(7 Marks)		
OR				
(i)	List the factors contributing to vitamin A deficiency, the objectives aimed at addressing it, and the preventive actions implemented to minimize its occurrence.	(7 Marks)		
(ii)	Discuss the significance of nutritional monitoring and outline the limitations associated with nutritional surveys.	(7 Marks)		

(P.T.O)

(I (i)Elaborate on the challenges encountered during the impleme process in rural areas. (ii) Expand the gap between what policies of National Program achieve and the actual benefits received by people? OR (i) Explain the role of NFHS in detail. (ii) How do surveillance systems contribute to enhancing the el of interventions? Q. 4 Write the following (i) What is health policy? Describe the features of National Health (ii) Write a detailed note on NFHS. OR (i) Differentiate between food and nutrition security with suital (ii) Write a detailed note on the importance of epidemiological Q. 5 Attempt any seven out of twelve (i) What are the Steps to prevent infectious disease? (ii) Enlist vector-borne disease and its prevention. (iii) Define Antimicrobial resistance. (iv) Define: High maternal mortality. (v) What is the goal of NIDDCP? (vi) The National Nutritional Anaemia Prophylaxis Programme as in the year (vii) Why was Vitamin A prophylaxis programme established?	
(ii) Expand the gap between what policies of National Program achieve and the actual benefits received by people? OR (i) Explain the role of NFHS in detail. (ii) How do surveillance systems contribute to enhancing the el of interventions? Q. 4 Write the following (i) What is health policy? Describe the features of National Headily Write a detailed note on NFHS. OR (i) Differentiate between food and nutrition security with suital (ii) Write a detailed note on the importance of epidemiological Q. 5 Attempt any seven out of twelve (i) What are the Steps to prevent infectious disease? (ii) Enlist vector-borne disease and its prevention. (iii) Define Antimicrobial resistance. (iv) Define: High maternal mortality. (v) What is the goal of NIDDCP? (vi) The National Nutritional Anaemia Prophylaxis Programme as in the year	ntation (7 Marks)
(i) Explain the role of NFHS in detail. (ii) How do surveillance systems contribute to enhancing the el of interventions? Q. 4 Write the following (i) What is health policy? Describe the features of National Headilly Write a detailed note on NFHS. OR (i) Differentiate between food and nutrition security with suital (ii) Write a detailed note on the importance of epidemiological (iii) Write a detailed note on the importance of epidemiological (iv) Enlist vector-borne disease and its prevention. (iii) Define Antimicrobial resistance. (iv) Define: High maternal mortality. (v) What is the goal of NIDDCP? (vi) The National Nutritional Anaemia Prophylaxis Programme as in the year	mes aim to (7 Marks)
(ii) How do surveillance systems contribute to enhancing the el of interventions? Q. 4 Write the following (i) What is health policy? Describe the features of National Head (ii) Write a detailed note on NFHS. OR (i) Differentiate between food and nutrition security with suital (ii) Write a detailed note on the importance of epidemiological (iii) Write a detailed note on the importance of epidemiological (iii) Enlist vector-borne disease and its prevention. (iii) Define Antimicrobial resistance. (iv) Define: High maternal mortality. (v) What is the goal of NIDDCP? (vi) The National Nutritional Anaemia Prophylaxis Programme as in the year	
Q. 4 Write the following (i) What is health policy? Describe the features of National Head (ii) Write a detailed note on NFHS. OR (i) Differentiate between food and nutrition security with suital (ii) Write a detailed note on the importance of epidemiological (iii) Write a detailed note on the importance of epidemiological (iv) What are the Steps to prevent infectious disease? (ii) Enlist vector-borne disease and its prevention. (iii) Define Antimicrobial resistance. (iv) Define: High maternal mortality. (v) What is the goal of NIDDCP? (vi) The National Nutritional Anaemia Prophylaxis Programme as in the year	(7 Marks)
 (i) What is health policy? Describe the features of National Health (ii) Write a detailed note on NFHS. OR (i) Differentiate between food and nutrition security with suital (ii) Write a detailed note on the importance of epidemiological Q. 5 Attempt any seven out of twelve (i) What are the Steps to prevent infectious disease? (ii) Enlist vector-borne disease and its prevention. (iii) Define Antimicrobial resistance. (iv) Define: High maternal mortality. (v) What is the goal of NIDDCP? (vi) The National Nutritional Anaemia Prophylaxis Programme as in the year 	ffectiveness (7 Marks)
 (i) What is health policy? Describe the features of National Health (ii) Write a detailed note on NFHS. OR (i) Differentiate between food and nutrition security with suital (ii) Write a detailed note on the importance of epidemiological Q. 5 Attempt any seven out of twelve (i) What are the Steps to prevent infectious disease? (ii) Enlist vector-borne disease and its prevention. (iii) Define Antimicrobial resistance. (iv) Define: High maternal mortality. (v) What is the goal of NIDDCP? (vi) The National Nutritional Anaemia Prophylaxis Programme as in the year 	
(ii) Write a detailed note on NFHS. OR (i) Differentiate between food and nutrition security with suital (ii) Write a detailed note on the importance of epidemiological Q. 5 Attempt any seven out of twelve (i) What are the Steps to prevent infectious disease? (ii) Enlist vector-borne disease and its prevention. (iii) Define Antimicrobial resistance. (iv) Define: High maternal mortality. (v) What is the goal of NIDDCP? (vi) The National Nutritional Anaemia Prophylaxis Programme as in the year	(7) (1)
(i) Differentiate between food and nutrition security with suital (ii) Write a detailed note on the importance of epidemiological Q. 5 Attempt any seven out of twelve (i) What are the Steps to prevent infectious disease? (ii) Enlist vector-borne disease and its prevention. (iii) Define Antimicrobial resistance. (iv) Define: High maternal mortality. (v) What is the goal of NIDDCP? (vi) The National Nutritional Anaemia Prophylaxis Programme as in the year	
 (i) Differentiate between food and nutrition security with suital (ii) Write a detailed note on the importance of epidemiological Q. 5 Attempt any seven out of twelve (i) What are the Steps to prevent infectious disease? (ii) Enlist vector-borne disease and its prevention. (iii) Define Antimicrobial resistance. (iv) Define: High maternal mortality. (v) What is the goal of NIDDCP? (vi) The National Nutritional Anaemia Prophylaxis Programme as in the year 	(7 Marks)
 (ii) Write a detailed note on the importance of epidemiological Q. 5 Attempt any seven out of twelve (i) What are the Steps to prevent infectious disease? (ii) Enlist vector-borne disease and its prevention. (iii) Define Antimicrobial resistance. (iv) Define: High maternal mortality. (v) What is the goal of NIDDCP? (vi) The National Nutritional Anaemia Prophylaxis Programme as in the year 	
 Q. 5 Attempt any seven out of twelve (i) What are the Steps to prevent infectious disease? (ii) Enlist vector-borne disease and its prevention. (iii) Define Antimicrobial resistance. (iv) Define: High maternal mortality. (v) What is the goal of NIDDCP? (vi) The National Nutritional Anaemia Prophylaxis Programme as in the year 	ole examples. (7 Marks)
 (i) What are the Steps to prevent infectious disease? (ii) Enlist vector-borne disease and its prevention. (iii) Define Antimicrobial resistance. (iv) Define: High maternal mortality. (v) What is the goal of NIDDCP? (vi) The National Nutritional Anaemia Prophylaxis Programme as in the year 	research. (7 Marks)
 (ii) Enlist vector-borne disease and its prevention. (iii) Define Antimicrobial resistance. (iv) Define: High maternal mortality. (v) What is the goal of NIDDCP? (vi) The National Nutritional Anaemia Prophylaxis Programme as in the year 	(14 Marks)
 (iii) Define Antimicrobial resistance. (iv) Define: High maternal mortality. (v) What is the goal of NIDDCP? (vi) The National Nutritional Anaemia Prophylaxis Programme as in the year 	
 (iv) Define: High maternal mortality. (v) What is the goal of NIDDCP? (vi) The National Nutritional Anaemia Prophylaxis Programme as in the year 	
(v) What is the goal of NIDDCP?(vi) The National Nutritional Anaemia Prophylaxis Programme as in the year	
as in the year	_
	was renamed
times trans transcription of the property bearings and the property bearings and the property of the property	
(viii) What is Surveillance system? State its objectives.	
(ix) What does NFHS stand for and how frequently is it conducts	red?
(x) Give abbreviations for: ASHA and AWW(xi) What is the fixed level of iodization mandated under the PF	A Act in
India?	
(xii) What is household nutrition security?	