

IMSC IT IMS Sem.-1 Examination

MDC-IMS-114T

Basic of Electronics

January-2024

Time : 1-00 Hour]

[Max. Marks : 25

Q.1 Answer the questions by selecting appropriate option from the given choices.
(10 Marks)

1- 10^4 means the same thing as

- A. 10000
- B. 10×4
- C. $10 \times 10 \times 10 \times 10$
- D. Both 1 & 3

2-How would you write 0.093 in scientific notation?

- A. $1 \times 10^{-0.093}$
- B. $0.093 \times 10^{\text{power } 1}$
- C. $9.3 \times 10^{\text{power } -2}$
- D. $9.3 \times 10^{\text{power } 2}$

3- 10^0 equals

- A. 0
- B. 10
- C. 1
- D. none

4- Positive powers of 10

- A. indicate numbers less than 1
- B. are not used with engineering notation
- C. Indicate numbers greater than 1.
- D. are used only with scientific notation.

5- What is scientific notation?

- A. A long way to write really short numbers
- B. I don't know...
- C. A short way to write really long numbers
- D. None of the above

6- Which is typically the longest: bit, byte, nibble, word?

- A. Bit
- B. Byte
- C. Nibble
- D. Word

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7- How many binary digits are required to count to 100(Decimal)

- A. 7
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 100

8-Hexadecimal letters A through F are used for decimal equivalent values from:

- A. 1 through 6
- B. 9 through 14
- C. 10 through 15
- D. 11 through 17

9-In which of the following base systems is 123 not a valid number?

- A. Base 10
- B. Base 16
- C. Base 8
- D. Base 3

10-The number of bits in a nibble is

- A. 16
- B. 5
- C. 4
- D. 8

Q.2 Answer the following questions. (Any Ten)

(10 Marks)

1-Convert the following binary numbers into hexadecimal numbers:

- (i) 111100101011111
- (ii) 101010110101010

2-Convert the following hexadecimal numbers into binary numbers:

- (i) A14B
- (ii) F9A9

3-Convert the following hexadecimal numbers into Octal numbers:

- (i) 4A2F
- (ii) 2DF5

4-Convert the following denary numbers into octal numbers:

- (i) 6910
- (ii) 15120

5-Express the following numbers in scientific notation:

- (a) 3600
- (b) 0.0000057.

- 6- Make the following conversions: (a) convert 25 mA to μA (b) convert 2700 k Ω to M Ω .

7-CONVERTING BETWEEN METRIC PREFIXES

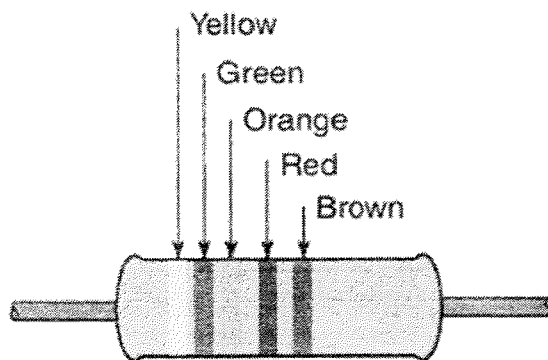
$$1500 \mu\text{H} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{mH}$$

$$1.5 \text{ M}\Omega = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{k}\Omega$$

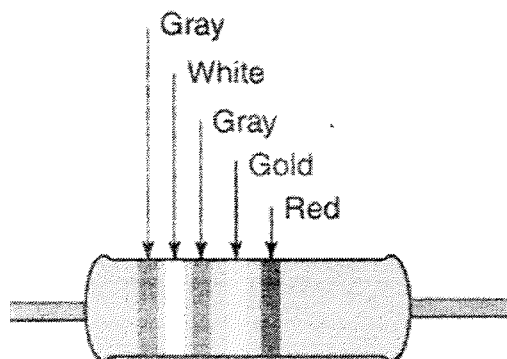
$$2.2 \text{ GHz} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{MHz}$$

$$0.039 \text{ M}\Omega = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{k}\Omega$$

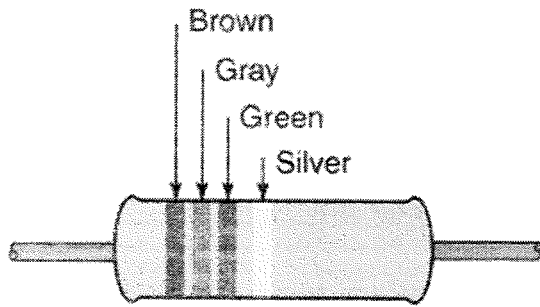
- 8- What is the resistance indicated by the five-band color code in Fig? Also, what ohmic range is permissible for the specified tolerance



- 9- Indicate the resistance for each chip resistor shown in Fig.



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10 -How much current is needed for a 700-W, 140-V toaster?

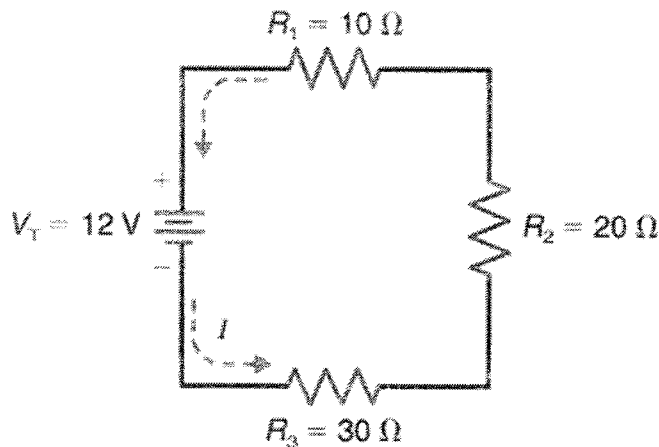
11- State the three forms of Ohm's law relating V , I , and R

12- Give three formulas for electric power.

13-

Two resistances R_1 and R_2 of $5\ \Omega$ each and R_3 of $10\ \Omega$ are in series. How much is R_T ?

14- In Fig, solve for R (Total), I , and the individual resistor voltage drops.



15-

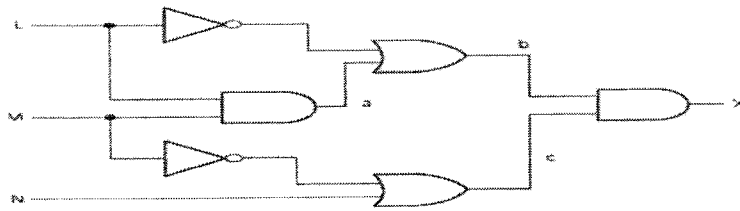
A voltage source produces an IR drop of 40 V across a $20\text{-}\Omega$ R_1 , 60 V across a $30\text{-}\Omega$ R_2 , and 180 V across a $90\text{-}\Omega$ R_3 , all in series. According to Kirchhoff's voltage law, how much is the applied voltage V_T ?

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Q-3 Answer the following Questions (Any one)

(5 marks)

1- Producing the truth table for



2-Producing the logic circuit for

$$K = ((\text{NOT } P \text{ AND NOT } Q) \text{ AND } R) \text{ OR } (\text{NOT } Q \text{ OR } R)$$

$$\text{Boolean expression: } ((\bar{p} \cdot \bar{q}) \cdot r) + (\bar{q} + r)$$

← x →

