Time: 2-30 Hours]

1510N661

Candidate's Seat No	•
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Integ. LLB Sem.-9 Examination

IL-501

IPR & Cyber Law (Hon.) October-2024

[Max. Marks: 70

Q.1 L	Discuss	the Historical Development of Cyber Crimes in India along with various	kinds of			
Cyber	Crime	s in India.	[18]			
OR						
Q. 1	Expla	Explain the following:				
	(a)	Difference between Cyber Crime and Conventional Crime	[10]			
	(b)	Reasons for Growth of Cyber Crime	[08]			
		·	[oo]			
Q.2	2 The state of the					
	2000.		[18]			
	OR					
Q. 2	Discu	ss the following in detail:				
	(a)	Salient Features of Information Technology Act, 2000.	[10]			
	(b)	E-Contract	[80]			
Q.3 "I	Oomain	Name Disputes is also major concern for the protection of Intellectual	Property			
		ber World" Discuss the statement with relevant regulatory mechanism a				
laws.			[18]			
		OR	[10]			
Q.3 Explain the Following:						
		Uniform Domain Name Dispute Resolution Policy	[10]			
		Open Source Software				
			[08]			
Q.4 [a]	Write	notes on: (Any two)	[10]			
_	(1)	Convergence of Technology: Issues and Regulation	[10]			
	(2)	Cyber Terrorism				
	(3)	Challenges of Converging Technology with reference to Women and Child	1			
	(4)	Role of E-courts	iren			
	(1)	TOTA OF THE COURTS				

(P.T.O)

O.4 [b]	Choose the most appropriate answer from	the following:	[06]	
(, ,	Digital Signature Certificate is	requirement under various	s applications.	
	(a) Statutory	(b) Legislative		
	(c) Governmental	(d) Voluntary		
2. Child pornography is an offence under section				
	(a) 67 C	(b) 67 A		
	(c) 67 B	(d) 67 D		
	3. Which among the following with regard correct?	I to Information Technology Act	, 2000 is NOT	
	(a) It shall extend to the whole of India			
	(b) it does not apply to any offence or comby any person			
	(c) it is an act to provide legal recognition	for transactions carried out by r	neans of	
	electronic data			
	(d) It is the primary law in India dealing v	with cybercrime and electronic co	ommerce	
	4. According to the IT Act, as	nall investigate any offence unde	r the Act.	
	(a) Police Commissioner			
	(b) Police Constable			
	(c) Police Officer not below the rank of I	nspector		
	(d) Deputy Superintendent of Police			
	5. The full form of ICANN is			
	(a) Internet Corporation for Assigned Na			
	(b) International Co-operation for Assign			
	(c) Internet Corporation for Assisted Nar			
	(d) Internet Consideration for Assisted N	ames and Numbers		
	6. What is the legal framework for comb	ating cyber squatting in India?		
	(a) Information Technology Act, 2000			
	(b) Indian Penal Code, 1860			
	(c) Trade Marks Act, 1999			
	(d) A and b both			