0404N54

Candidate's Seat No):
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M.Com. HPP (FFS) Semester-4 Examination

CC-18

Corporate Restructuring

Time: 2-30 Hours

April-2024

[Max. Marks: 70

Q.1 Define Strategy. Explain Various levels of Strategy.

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OR

Q.1 Define Corporate Restructuring. Discuss Various forms of Corporate Restructuring.

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Q.2 The following information is given for 3 companies X, Y and Z which are identical except for their capital structure for the year 2023-24:

	X	Y	Z
Operating Income (EBIT)	1,00,000	1,00,000	1,00,000
Total invested capital	4,00,000	4,00,000	4,00,000
Debt / assets ratio	0.8	0.5	0.2
Shares outstanding	24,400	33,200	40,000
Cost of equity	26%	22%	20%
Pretax cost of debt	16%	13%	15%

The tax rate is uniform 35% in all cases.

- a) Compute the Weighted average cost of capital for each company.
- b) Compute the Economic Valued Added (EVA) for each company.
- c) Based on the EVA, which company would be considered for best investment?

OR

Q.2 PQR Ltd.'s current financial year's income statement reported its net income after tax as 7
 (A) ₹ 2,50,000. The applicable corporate income tax rate is 30%. Following is the capital structure of PQR Ltd. at the end of current financial year:

Particulars	₹
Equity	12,50,000
11% Debt	4,00,000
Total Capital Employed	16,50,000

Further details are as under:

Equity Beta	1.36
Risk free rate (Rf)	8.5%
Return on Market Portfolio (Rm)	17.5%

You are required to:

- (i) Estimate Weighted Average Cost of Capital (WACC) of RST Ltd.; and
- (ii) Estimate Economic Value Added (EVA) of RST Ltd.
- Q.2 Explain the difference between Economic value Added and Market Value Added.

(B)

Q.3 The following are the Balance Sheets of Anushka Ltd. and Virat Ltd. as on 31-3-2024: 1

Equities and Liabilities	Anushka Ltd. (₹)	Virat Ltd. (₹)	Assets	Anushka Ltd. (₹)	Virat Ltd. (₹)
Equity shares of ₹ 100 each fully paid up	32,00,000	16,00,000	Fixed Assets	40,00,000	17,60,000
12%Preference Shares of ₹ 100 each fully paid up	4,80,000	3,20,000	Inventories	9,60,000	6,40,000
General Reserve	16,00,000	6,40,000	Trade Receivables	8,00,000	6,40,000
Investment Allowance Reserve	1,60,000	80,000	Cash and cash equivalents	6,40,000	80,000
Profit & Loss A/c	4,80,000	2,40,000	计特殊		
10% Debentures		96,000			Ì
Trade Payables	4,80,000	1,44,000			
	64,00,000	31,20,000		64,00,000	31,20,000

Anushka Ltd. decided to take over Virat Ltd. on 1st April, 2024 on the following terms:

- (1) Anushka Ltd. will issue 17,600 equity shares of ₹ 100 each fully paid to shareholders of Virat Ltd.
- (2) Anushka Ltd. will issue 3,360 12% preference shares of ₹ 100 each fully paid to Preference shareholders of Virat Ltd.
- (3) Debentures of Virat Ltd. will be exchanged for 12% new debentures so that they will get the same income of interest.
- (4) Investment Allowance Reserve is to be maintained for more 2 years.

Prepare the balance sheet of Anushka Ltd. after amalgamation on the assumption that

- i. The amalgamation is in the nature of merger.
- ii. The amalgamation is in the nature of purchase.

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Q.3 Suhana Ltd. And Shahrukh Ltd. were amalgamated on 1-4-2024. A new company Gori 14

Ltd. was formed to take over the business of both the companies.

Equities and Liabilities	Suhana Ltd. (₹)	Shahrukh Ltd. (₹)	Assets	Suhana Ltd. (₹)	Shahrukh Ltd. (₹)
Equity shares of ₹10 each	10,00,000	8,00,000	Fixed Assets (Market value is 20% more)	20,00,000	10,00,000
10% Preference Shares of ₹100 each	5,00,000	3,00,000	Investment s	2,00,000	1,00,000
General Reserve	3,00,000	2,00,000	Current assets	2,00,000	4,50,000
Investment Allowance Reserve	80,000	20,000			e hir
Profit & Loss A/c	1,20,000	80,000			
12% Debentures	1,00,000	50,000			
Current liabilities	3,00,000	1,00,000			
	24,00,000	15,50,000		24,00,000	15,50,000

Additional information

- Preference shareholder of the two companies are issued equivalent number of 12% preference sets of Gori Limited at the price of ₹120. Having face value of ₹100 each.
- 2) Equity shareholders of the two companies are issued equivalent number of equity shares of Gori Ltd at the price of ₹12 each. Having a face value of ₹10 each.
- 3) 12% debentures of Suhana Ltd and Shahrukh Limited are discharged by Gori Limited issued issuing such number of its 15% debentures of ₹100 each so as to maintain the same amount of interest.
- 4) Investment allowance reserve is to be maintained for 2 more years.

Prepare the balance sheet of Gori Ltd. after amalgamation on the assumption that

- a. The amalgamation is in the nature of merger.
- b. The amalgamation is in the nature of purchase.
- Q.4 Write a note on Strategic Alliance.

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Q.4 Write a note on takeover and its various types in brief 14 Q.5 Attempt any Seven out of Twelve: 14 1. Which of the following is a motive for expansion? a) Growth b) Technology advancement c) Diversification d) All of the above 2. Merger between two firms involved in totally unrelated business is known as a) Horizontal Merger b) Conglomerate Merger c) Acquisition d) None of these 3. Which of the following is not a level of Strategy? a) Corporate level Strategy b) Business Level strategy c) Functional Level strategy d) Technology Level of Strategy 4. A corporate level strategy to sell off subsidiaries or division of a company is called a) Takeover b) Demerger c) Merger d) None of the above 5. _____ is where two or more organizations set up a separate, independent organization set up for a specific purpose. a) Joint Venture b) Strategic alliance c) ESOP d) Expansion Is Acquisition of business with more debt capital or borrowed capital. a) Takeover b) Leveraged Buy out c) Strategic Alliance d) Demerger 7. The excess of purchasing price over net assets is a) Goodwill b) Capital Reserve c) Capital redemption reserve

d) Revenue loss

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- 8. Which of the following reserve is considered Non-statutory reserve with respect to amalgamation?
 - a) Investment Fluctuation reserve
 - b) Investment allowance reserve
 - c) Development rebate reserve
 - d) None of the above
- 9. Which one of the following reserve of the transferor company should be included in the financial statement of the transferee company?
 - a) General reserve
 - b) Capital reserve
 - c) Statutory reserve
 - d) Dividend Equalisation reserve
- 10. SGR stands for
 - a) Sustainable Growth Rate
 - b) Steady Growth Rate
 - c) Single Growth Rate
 - d) None of the above
- 11. MVA means
 - a) Markup Value Analysis
 - b) Moderate Value Added
 - c) Market Value Added
 - d) None of the above
- 12. EVA equals to:
 - a) NOPAT Cost of Capital
 - b) NOPAT Return
 - c) NOPAT Cost of equity
 - d) None of the above
