0110N639

Candidate's Seat No:

B.Sc Sem.-6 (Rep) Examination SE 311

${\bf Biotechnology}$

Time: 2-30 Hours October-2024

[Max. Marks: 70

Question 1: Describe the reactions of TCA Cycle. Explain why it is called as an amphibolic pathway. (14 Marks)

OR

Question 1(A): Describe the glycolytic pathway and its energetics in detail. (7 Marks)

Question 1(B): Write a short note on Beta oxidation of fatty acids. (7 Marks)

Question 2: Describe the pathways involved in the degradation of purine and pyrimidine nucleotides. (14 Marks)

OR

Question 2(A): How is the urea cycle regulated? Describe its importance. (7 Marks)

Question 2(B): Describe the decarboxylation reaction of amino acid degradation and its importance in production of biologically active compounds. (7 Marks)

Question 3: How does class-I hormone differs from class –II hormone? Describe with examples of each of the hormone signalling pathway. (14 Marks)

OR

Question 3(A): Describe in brief the classification of hormones according to their chemical nature and their properties. (7 Marks)

Question 3(B):Explain Positive feedback regulation of hormones using the example of prolactin hormone. (7 Marks)

Question 4: Why pituitary gland is called the master control gland? List the hormones produced by it and its control of secretion of other hormones. (14 Marks)

OR

Question 4(A): Write a short note on thyroid hormone biosynthesis.

(7 Marks)

Question 4(B): Explain the regulation of steroid hormone production with an example.

(7 Marks)

Question 5: Attempt any seven questions (2 Mark each)

(14 Marks)

- 1. Unsaturated fatty acid oxidation produces more energy than saturated fatty acid (True/False)
- 2. What is gluconeogenesis?
- 3. Define anaplerotic reaction with an example.
- 4. Which pathway is used to produce ribose sugar in animals?
- 5. Give an example of a compound produced by deamination of amino acid.
- 6. What is salvage pathway used for?
- 7. What is the end product of degradation of pyrimidine nucleotides in humans?
- 8. How many subunits are present in G- protein coupled receptor?
- 9. Define Hormone.
- 10. Define signalling cascade.
- 11. Which enzyme produces cyclic AMP?
- 12. Which cells produce testosterone?