

Q1) Describe the relationship between Lexicology and linguistics/Semantics. (14)

Or

Q1) Describe the relationship between Lexicology and Grammar.

Q2) Describe the relationship between Lexicology and Linguistics/Semantics (14)

Or

Q2) Which grammatical categories of 'Entries' are described in general Dictionaries?

Q3) Describe Lexicography as Applied Linguistics. (14)

Or

Q3) Describe Lexicography as Applied Linguistics

Q4) How the 'Entries' are arranged in different types of dictionaries? (14)

Or

Q4) Which grammatical categories of 'Entries' are described in general Dictionaries?

Q5) MCQ (14)

Write any seven MCQs out of the following.

1. ....are no included in the Dictionaries

A Deviations    B Synonyms    C Compounds    D Inflections

2 Lexicography deals with semantics and ....

A syntax    B morphology    C Discourse    D pragmatics

3 General dictionaries are arranged according to ....order

A syllabic    B semantic domain    C phonetic    D Alphabetic

4 gives communicative information and not only linguistic information

A Dictionary    B Encyclopaedia    C Glossary    D Thesaurus

5 ...are abstract minimal units in a language that link related forms of a word together

A lexemes    B morphemes    C phonemes    D sememes

6 words are being studied while preparing a dictionary

A few    B individual    C all    D none of these

7 Dictionaries of medical or Engineering fields are prepared for ....perspective

A semantic    B phonetic    C practical    D social

8 For grammatical information ..... Analysis is needed

A phonological    B morphological    C phonetic    D pragmatic

9 children's dictionary and visual dictionaries are prepared for ..... Perspective

A social    B phonetic    C semantic    D practical

10 The dictionary which describes the change of word in form or meaning is known as ..... dictionary

A technical    B special    C bilingual    D etymological

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