

Seat No. : _____

AD-102

April-2023

Integrated LL.B., Sem.-X

IL-510 : Penology and Victimology

Time : 2:30 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 70

- Instructions :** (1) All questions are compulsory.
(2) Marks indicated on the right refer to the total marks of the questions.

1. Punishment is intended to cause some level of suffering to those who breach law. In light of above statement explain the need and rationalization of punishment. **18**

OR

- (a) Explain the types of Crime Prevention Methods used to limit the increasing crime rates in a country. **10**
(b) Critically discuss the constitutional validity of capital punishment in India with decided cases. **8**

2. (a) Explain in brief retributive theory and deterrent theory of punishment explaining its relevance in the modern penology. **10**
(b) Role of Judiciary on rights of victims. **8**

OR

Explain the Judicial trend towards compensatory reliefs to victims of crimes in India. **18**

3. Critically discuss the need for and importance of NDPS Act, 1985 with special reference to punishments under NDPS Act. **18**

OR

- (a) Discuss the various classification of prisoners done under prison administration of India. **10**
(b) Explain the theories of victimology which are essential for understanding the extent of victim victimization. **8**

4. (a) Short notes : (any **two** out of **four**) **10**
- (1) Organisation of Police System in India.
 - (2) UN Declaration of Principles of Justice for Victims of Crime & Abuse of Power (1985).
 - (3) Rudul Shah v. State of Bihar (AIR 1983 SC 1086)
 - (4) Examples of Various White Collar Crimes.
- (b) Answer **True** or **False** with reasons. Each question carries **2** marks : (Any **three** out of **four**). **6**
- (1) As per lifestyle theory of victimization certain lifestyles increases exposure to the criminal offenders.
 - (2) The Malimath Committee which constituted under Justice R.K. Malimath for committee on reforms of Criminal Justice System gave its detailed recommendations to Central Government in 2023.
 - (3) The four stages of punishment in its order are: Attempt, Accomplishment, Preparation and Intention.
 - (4) India has removed capital punishment as the highest punishment for all forms of offences in India.
-