Seat No.:	

## **MM-122**

## March-2019

## B.Sc., Sem.-VI

307: Microbiology

Time	: 2:	2:30 Hours] [Max. Marks : 7					
<b>Instructions</b> :		(1) (2)	All questions are compulsory.  Draw figures wherever necessary.				
			(3)	Write correct question number against each answer.			
			(4)	Figures to the right indicate marks.			
1.	(A)	Enlist important tools necessary for rDNA technology. Explain the role of vector in rDNA technique with example.					
				OR			
		(i)	Give	importance of various enzymes in gene cloning technology.	7		
		(ii)	Expl	ain outlines of genetic engineering with diagram.	7		
	(B)	Give	short	& specific answers in 1-2 lines only: (any four)	4		
		(i)	Whic	ch organism is considered as natural genetic engineer?			
		(ii)	Defi	ne genetic probe oligonucleotide.			
		(iii)	Defi	ne phagemid.			
		(iv)	Defi	ne cassette mutagenesis.			
		(v)	Give	role of DNA ligase in genetic engineering.			
		(vi)	Wha	t is RT PCR ?			
2.	(A)		Describe various methods for joining isolated DNA with vector and explain colony hybridization as the method for the selection of recombinant population.				
		<b>(1)</b>	****	OR	_		
		(i)		t is cDNA? How it is obtained and what are its advantages?	7		
	(D)	(ii)		is rDNA transferred in to suitable host cells?	7		
	(B)			& specific answers in 1-2 lines only: (any <b>four</b> )	4		
		(i)		ch chemical stimulates the uptake of naked DNA by protoplast?			
		` '		application of gene probe.			
		(iii)		application of marker gene.			
		(iv)		ne southern blot.			
		(v)		ne Gene gun.			
		(vi)	Defi	ne transfection.			
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3.	(A)		e a note on biotechnology, discuss its diverse fields and mention its cations.	14					
			OR						
		(i)	Explain ELISA and discuss different variations of the technique.	7					
		(ii)	Write a detailed note on plant tissue culture.	7					
	(B)	Give	short & specific answers in 1-2 lines only: (any three)	3					
		(i) What are DNA chips?							
		(ii)	Which radio labelled agent is used extensively to label antigens in RIA technique?						
		(iii)	What is reverse phase chromatography?						
		(iv)	Give example of continuous cell culture.						
		(v)	Give full form of SDS-PAGE.						
4.	(A)	Describe different types of microbial insecticides, their mode of actions a applications.							
			OR						
		(i)	What is MEOR? Describe the mechanisms involved in MEOR.	7					
		(ii)	Write a note on IPR.	7					
	(B)	Give short & specific answers in 1-2 lines only: (any three)							
		(i)	What are two most important advantages of bioremediation?						
		(ii)	Enlist few ethical issues of biotechnology.						
		(iii)	What are PGPR ? Give two examples.						
		(iv)	What is bioethanol?						
		(v)	Give example of enzymes used for diagnosis of disease.						

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