Seat No.:	

**P.T.O.** 

## **MU-128**

**March-2019** 

B.Sc., Sem.-II

## 103: Health Hygiene (Food and Nutrition)

Tim	ne : 2:3	30 Hoi	urs] [Max. Marks:	70
1.	(A)	Disci	uss daily nutritional requirement and give importance of essential amino s.	14
			OR	
		(1)	Define malnutrition. Describe diseased condition arising by Vitamin B3	
			deficiency.	7
		(2)	What is BMR? Discuss its calculation and importance.	7
	(B)	Ansv	wer the following in brief: (Any Four)	4
		(1)	When protein is regarded as biologically capable?	
		(2)	Write any two examples of compound lipid.	
		(3)	Why supply for water soluble vitamins is needed regularly?	
		(4)	What is daily dietary requirement for Sodium?	
		(5)	Write the sources of retinol.	
		(6)	Osteoporosis caused due to deficiency of	
2.	(A)	Disci	uss the spoilage of milk and vegetables describing its microflora.	14
			OR	
		(1)	Explain Pasteurization and Pascalization.	7
		(2)	Write detailed note on traditional techniques of food preservation.	7
	(B)	Ansv	wer the following in brief: (Any Four)	4
		(1)	Write the factors affecting microbial activity in food.	
		(2)	Cereals are not subjected to spoilage if stored at low moisture condition.	
			(True/False)	
		(3)	Why does meat spoil quickly?	
		(4)	Write the principle of bio preservation.	
		(5)	Preservation technique reducing the amount of $\mathrm{O}_2$ from packing is	
			called	
		(6)	Which ionizing radiation is used for food preservation?	

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3.	(A)	wna	at is food poisoning? Discuss various sources of food contamination.	14
			OR	
		(1)	Write detailed note on bacterial endotoxins.	7
		(2)	Explain sources and symptoms of food poisoning caused by Vibrio.	7
	(B)	Ans	wer the following in brief: (Any <b>Three</b> )	3
		(1)	Which potent Toxin is produced by Clostridium species?	
		(2)	Aflatoxin B1 and B2 produce Green fluorescence. (True/False)	
		(3)	Define food intoxication.	
		(4)	Name two bacterial species producing exotoxin.	
		(5)	What are the sources of Ergot alkaloids?	
4.	(A)	Wha	at is bacterial enumeration? List methods for that and describe MPN in detail.	14
			OR	
		(1)	Explain phage typing and serotyping.	7
		(2)	Describe ELISA technique for detection of bacteria.	7
	(B)	Ans	wer the following in brief: (Any <b>Three</b> )	3
		(1)	Quicker decolourization in MBRT indicates inferior quality of milk (True/False)	
		(2)	ATP is quantified by light produced through reaction with enzyme.	
		(3)	Write the principle of nucleic acid hybridization for detection of microorganisms.	•
		(4)	Name the material adulterated with turmeric powder.	
		(5)	Write the chemical method used to detect starch adulteration in milk products.	

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