Seat No.	:	

## **SJ-134**

### September-2020

#### B.C.A., Sem.-VI

# CC-309: Introduction to AI and ML (New Course)

Time	Time: 2 Hours] [Max. Marks		
Instr	uctioi	ns: (1) All Questions in Section I carry equal marks. (2) Attempt any TWO questions in Section I. (3) Question 5 in Section II is COMPULSORY.	
		Section – I	
1.	(A) (B)	Explain applications of AI in detail. Explain properties task environments.	10 10
2.	(A) (B)	Explain A* Search with example.  Explain breadth-first search and depth first search with example.	10 10
3.	(A) (B)	What is an information retrieval? Explain PageRank and HITS algorithms.  Define information extraction. Explain finite-state automata(FSA) for information extraction.	10 10
4.	(A) (B)	Explain semi-supervised learning and reinforcement learning in detail. Define machine learning. Give differences between supervised and unsupervised learning.	10 10
		Section – II	
5.	Do as 1.	Acting rationally is the approach.  (a) Rational Agent (b) Turing test (c) Laws of thought (d) None of above An agent can be viewed as perceiving its environment through  (a) Sensors (b) Sensors and Actuators (c) Perceiver	10
		(d) None of above	

3.	In S	Search algorithms, the structure of a node contains	components.
	(a)	State and Parent	
	(b)	Action	
	(c)	Path-cost	
	(d)	All of above	
4.		search strategy is also called as blind search.	
	(a)	Simple reflex search	
	(b)	Uninformed search	
	(c)	Informed search	
	(d)	None of these	
5.		is/are example/s of toy problems.	
	(a)	Vacuum worlds	
	(b)	8-queens problem	
		8-puzzle	
	` ′	All of above	
6.		NLP system takesas an input.	
	` '	Speech	
	` ′	Written text	
		Both (a) and (b)	
_	` /	None of above	
7.		e Support Vector Machine(SVM) is a/analgorithm.	
		Supervised learning	
		Reinforcement learning	
	` '	Unsupervised learning	
0	` /	None of these	
8.		eis/are type/s of reinforcement learning.	
		Direct learning	
	` ′	Indirect learning	
		Both (a) and (b)	
0	(a)	None of above	
9.	<u> </u>	is used to improve agent's performance.  Learning	
	` ′	Omniscience	
	` /	Autonomy	
	` ′	None of above	
10.	` ′	None of above .	
10.	(a)	unigram	
	(b)	trigram	
	` ′	bigram	
	` ′	All of above	
	(4)	7 111 OT 400 V C	

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## **SJ-134**

September-2020

#### B.C.A., Sem.-VI

# CC-309 : E-Commerce (Old Course)

Time: 2 Hours]		[Max. Marks: 50		
Inst	ructio			
		Section – I		
1.	(A) (B)	List and explain eight unique features of e-commerce. Explain email protocols and utility programs.	10 10	
2.	(A) (B)	List and explain dimensions of e-commerce security.  What is encryption? Explain symmetric key encryption in detail.  10		
3.	(A) (B)	List e-commerce payment system. Explain any two in detail. What is online auction? Explain any three types in detail.		
4.	<ul><li>4. (A) Explain candidate ethical principles.</li><li>(B) List intellectual property rights. Explain any one in detail.</li></ul>		10 10	
		Section – II		
5.	Ansv 1.	wer the following. (Any <b>five</b> )  Amazon is type of e-commerce.  (a) B2B  (b) B2C  (c) C2C  (d) All of these  SSL stands for	10	
SI-1	34	<ul> <li>(a) System Secure Layer</li> <li>(b) Secure Socket Layer</li> <li>(c) Secure System Layer</li> <li>(d) None of above</li> </ul>	РТО	

3.		is a network located within a single organization.
	(a)	Internet
	(b)	Extranet
	(c)	Intranet
	(d)	None of these
4.	Spo	ofing is also known as
	(a)	Pharming
	(b)	Sniffing
	(c)	Phishing
	(d)	Bots
5.		is a type of malicious code.
		Virus
	` /	Worm
		Trojan Horse
	` ′	All of above
6.		pricing rule, multiple winners pay different amount depending on
		at they bid.
	` ′	Uniform
	` /	Discriminatory
	` /	Public
_	\ /	None of these
7.		Stands for
	\ /	Secure Electronic Transaction
	` ′	Safe Electronic Transaction
		Secure Encryption Standard
0	` /	None of these
8.		ent is granted for years.
	(a)	
	(b)	
	(c)	50
0	(d)	
9.	(2)	is a mark used to identify and distinguish goods and indicate their source.
	(a)	
	(b)	Copyright Trademark
	(c)	None of these
10	(d)	
10.		study of principles that individuals and organizations can use to determine t and wrong course of action is called
		Ethics
	(a)	
	(b)	Accountability Responsibility
	(c) (d)	Liability
	(u)	Liaonity

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