



Seat No. : _____

TP-111

B.Sc. Sem.-III

May-2013

Core 201 Mathematics

(Advanced Calculus – I)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 70

Instruction : All questions are compulsory and carry equal marks.

1. Attempt any **two** :

(a) Define the limit of function $f(x, y)$ and find the limit using definition :

$$\lim_{(x, y) \rightarrow (2, 1)} \frac{2x + y}{3y - x}$$

(b) Define the directional derivative of a function of several variables and find the directional derivative of $f(x, y) = \frac{xy^2}{x^2 + y^4}$, if $(x, y) \neq (0, 0)$ & $f(x, y) = 0$, if $(x, y) = (0, 0)$ at point $(0, 0)$ along the direction of the vector $(1, 1)$.

(c) Define the iterated limit of functions of two variables and find that limit for functions :

(i) $f(x, y) = \frac{\sin(x + y)}{x + y}$ at point $(0, 0)$

(ii) $f(x, y) = \left(\frac{x^2 + y^2}{x - y} \right)$ at point $(1, 1)$

2. Attempt any **two** :

(a) State and prove Young's theorem. Is converse true ? Justify.

(b) State and prove Schwartz's theorem. Is converse true ? Justify.

(c) Discuss the differentiability and continuity of function

$$f(x, y) = \frac{xy^2}{x^3 + y^3}, (x, y) \neq (0, 0) \text{ \& } f(x, y) = 2, (x, y) = (0, 0) \text{ at point } (0, 0).$$

3. Attempt any **two** :
- State and prove Euler's theorem for a homogeneous function of two-variables with degree m .
 - Find three positive integers whose sum is 15 and their product is maximum.
 - If $z = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x^3 + y^3}{x + y} \right)$ then prove that $x^2 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} + 2xy \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} + y^2 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} = \sin 4u - \sin 2u$
4. Attempt any **two** :
- Define : The radius of curvature of the curve. Derive the formula for the radius of curvature of the curve $y = f(x)$.
 - Find the radius of curvature of following curves at origin :
 - $y^2 = 4ax$
 - $x^2 + 2xy + 2y^2 - 4x = 0$
 - Find the double points of the curve $x^3 + 3x^2 - y^2 + 3x - 2y = 0$ and discuss their nature.
5. Give the answer of following questions :
- Define continuity of function of two variables.
 - Define differentiation of function of two variables.
 - State the Maclaurin's theorem for expansion of function of two variables.
 - Find the radius of curvature of following curves : $x^2 + y^2 = 9$
 - Define the curvature of the curve.
 - Define : Double points, Cusp and Node
 - State the necessary and sufficient condition for extreme values of functions of two variables.
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