17	100	
3	17.7	

Time: 2-00 Hours

1205E219

Candidate's	Seat No	•

MCom Sem - 3 HPP (AAA) Examination

CC - 13

Direct (personal) Tax Planning

May 2022

Section I: Attempt any 2 Questions out of 4 Section II: Compulsory

QLA) Differentiate between tax planning, tax avoidance and tax evasion

(10)

3) Determine the total income of Mr. Raj under different residential status for P.Y. 2020-21.

(10)

Sr. No.	Income	Amount (Rs.)
į.	Interest of Debentures of Indian Company Received in France	2,30,000
2	Pension received in France from previous Indian employer	80,000
	Income received in Singapore for assets of Singapore	1,00,000
) i	Agriculture income of Nepal brought to Incia	50,000
row S &	Profit on asset in Canada, 50% received in Tadia	2,00,000

QZ Determine the taxable income of Miss Lucy from house property for A.Y. 2021-22

(20)

Particulars	Amount (Rs.)
Municipal Assessment	3,60,000
Fair Rent	4,30,000
Standard Rent	3,84,000
Actual Rent	4,00.000
Municipal taxes paid	50,000

Q3. State the types and exceptions of capital assets

(20)

Q4. Determine the advance tax liability of Mr. Kapoor under old tax regime for P.Y. 2020-21 from the following information

(20)

Salary income - Rs. 9,00,000

Income from house property – Rs. (2,00,000)

Page 1 of 3

P.T.O

Income from other sources - Rs. 5,00,000 Allowable deductions u/s 80C-80U-Rs. 2,00,000

Section II

Q5. Choose	e the correct answer from the following: (Attempt Any 10)	(10)
1. What is th	he section for getting the deduction of donations?	
A	A. 80 G	
	B. 80 U	
	C. 80 C	
Γ	D. 80D	
2me	ethod of reducing tax is not recognized by law	
A	A. Tax planning	
	3. Tax avoidance	
C	C. Tax evasion	
D	D. All of the above	
3. NAV of se	elf-occupied house will always be	
A	A. Positive	
В	3. Zero	
C	C. Negative	
D	O. None of the above	
4. If the value	e of gift is upto it is not considered as taxable gift.	
A.	a. 50,000	
B.	20,000	
C.	2. 30,000	
D.	2. 80,000	
5. What is the A.	e earnings upto which the income is tax free? . 1,00,000	
B.	. 2,50,000	
C.	. 8,00,000	
D.	. 7,50,000	
6 income	ne tax act prevails in India at present	
A.	. 1961	
B.	1920	
	1980	
. D.	1919	

	of an income is decided on the basis of Residential Status
	Time
	Type of income
IJ.	All of the above
	ed from open plot of land is taxable as
A.	Income from house property
B.	Both A and B
C.	Income from other sources
D.	None of the above
9. Income rece	eived from business in India is taxable for
	Ordinary Resident
B.	NRI
C.	Not ordinary resident
D.	All of the above
10. How many	tax slabs are there in old regime?
A.	
В.	6
C.	5
D.	10
11. The point	at which tax under both regime is same is called
	Same point
	Equal point
	Indifference point
	None of the above
12. Pension re	ceived after retirement is taxable as income
	Other sources
	Capital Gain
	Salary
	Tax free
	Best Wishes