1105N245

Candidate's Seat No :____

MBA-1 Sem.-2 MBA (BEPF)/MBA (DM)/MBA (EM)/MBA (PPM) Examination EPF-203/DM-203/EM-203/PP-203

Marketing Management

Time: 2-00 Hours]

May 2022

[Max. Marks: 50

Instr	(1) This paper contains FIVE questions. (2) All questions are compulsory.	
	(3) Question No.2, 3, 4 have internal options.	
	(4) Figures in the right side in parenthesis indicate marks.	
	A CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF T	
Q:1	Discuss Core Marketing Concepts in brief.	10
Q:2	Explain in brief The Value Delivery Process and The Value Chain with its Diagram.	10
	OR	
Q:2		10
Q:3	Explain The Customer Buying Decision Process with its diagram. OR	10
Q:3	Make a note on any Two from the following: (1) Brand Equity (2) Product Life Cycle (3) Competitive Forces under competition (4) Meta Market with suitable Example	10
Q:4	What is Market Targeting? Discuss its Different Patterns and figures along with Effective Segmentation Criteria.	10
	OR	
Q:4	What is Product-Line Length? How to Stretch the Line Length? Explain Product Mix Pricing also.	10
Q:5	Attempt any Ten from the Following:	10
	(1) is the father of Modern Marketing.	
	a) Abraham Maslow	
	b) Lester Wunderman	
	c) Peter Drucker	

N245-2

d)	Philip Kotler
2) Ma	rketers often use the term to cover various groupings of
custor	
-V	D :
a)	Buying power
b)	O 1
c)	Market
d)	People
(3) Bu	lying goods and services for further processing or for use in the
produ	ction process refers to
a)	Consumer markets
	Government markets
	Business markets
150	International markets
0.110.000.000	243 Si
(4) Ih	e buying process starts from which one of the following stages in
which	the buyer recognizes a problem or need.
a)	Need recognition
b)	Information search
c)	Evaluation of alternative
d)	Purchase decision
(5) A f	irm has decided to localize its products and services to meet local
market	demands. Which one of the following approaches is a good approach
for this	s segmentation?
a)	
	Demographic
	Psychographics
d)	Behavioral
(6)	marketing means serving a small market not Served by
compet	titions.
-1	NII-L
	Niche Morre
25.55	Mega
	Meta None of these
55.50	
(7) The	stage is the product life cycle that focuses on expanding market and
creating	g product awareness and trial is the:

a) Decline stage

N245.3

b) Introduction stage

d) Maturity stage (8) Typically, profit is negative in which stage of the product life cycle? a) Growth b) Maturity c) Introduction d) Decline (9) Segmentation is the process of: a) Dividing the market into homogenous groups b) Selecting one group of consumers among several other groups c) Creating a unique space in the minds of the target consumer d) None of these (10) Groups that have a direct or indirect influence on a person's attitudes or behavior is known as a) Reference groups b) Family c) Roles d) Status (11) Augmented product contains a) Basic needs b) Functional characteristics c) Additional benefits d) Expected features (12) Demographic segmentation refers to. a) The description of the people and the place in society b) The description of the people live d) Geographic regions (13) is the marketing and financial value associated with a brand's strength in a market. a) Brand equity b) Brand loyalty c) Branding d) None of these	c)	Growth stage
a) Growth b) Maturity c) Introduction d) Decline (9) Segmentation is the process of: a) Dividing the market into homogenous groups b) Selecting one group of consumers among several other groups c) Creating a unique space in the minds of the target consumer d) None of these (10) Groups that have a direct or indirect influence on a person's attitudes or behavior is known as a) Reference groups b) Family c) Roles d) Status (11) Augmented product contains a) Basic needs b) Functional characteristics c) Additional benefits d) Expected features (12) Demographic segmentation refers to. a) The description of the people and the place in society b) The description of the people's purchasing behavior c) The location where people live d) Geographic regions (13) is the marketing and financial value associated with a brand's strength in a market. a) Brand equity b) Brand loyalty c) Branding d) None of these	d)	Maturity stage
b) Maturity c) Introduction d) Decline (9) Segmentation is the process of: a) Dividing the market into homogenous groups b) Selecting one group of consumers among several other groups c) Creating a unique space in the minds of the target consumer d) None of these (10) Groups that have a direct or indirect influence on a person's attitudes or behavior is known as a) Reference groups b) Family c) Roles d) Status (11) Augmented product contains a) Basic needs b) Functional characteristics c) Additional benefits d) Expected features (12) Demographic segmentation refers to. a) The description of the people and the place in society b) The description of the people's purchasing behavior c) The location where people live d) Geographic regions (13) is the marketing and financial value associated with a brand's strength in a market. a) Brand equity b) Brand loyalty c) Branding d) None of these	(8) Ty	pically, profit is negative in which stage of the product life cycle?
c) Introduction d) Decline (9) Segmentation is the process of: a) Dividing the market into homogenous groups b) Selecting one group of consumers among several other groups c) Creating a unique space in the minds of the target consumer d) None of these (10) Groups that have a direct or indirect influence on a person's attitudes or behavior is known as a) Reference groups b) Family c) Roles d) Status (11) Augmented product contains a) Basic needs b) Functional characteristics c) Additional benefits d) Expected features (12) Demographic segmentation refers to. a) The description of the people and the place in society b) The description of the people's purchasing behavior c) The location where people live d) Geographic regions (13) is the marketing and financial value associated with a brand's strength in a market. a) Brand equity b) Brand loyalty c) Branding	a)	Growth
c) Introduction d) Decline (9) Segmentation is the process of: a) Dividing the market into homogenous groups b) Selecting one group of consumers among several other groups c) Creating a unique space in the minds of the target consumer d) None of these (10) Groups that have a direct or indirect influence on a person's attitudes or behavior is known as a) Reference groups b) Family c) Roles d) Status (11) Augmented product contains a) Basic needs b) Functional characteristics c) Additional benefits d) Expected features (12) Demographic segmentation refers to. a) The description of the people and the place in society b) The description of the people's purchasing behavior c) The location where people live d) Geographic regions (13) is the marketing and financial value associated with a brand's strength in a market. a) Brand equity b) Brand loyalty c) Branding	b)	Maturity
(9) Segmentation is the process of: a) Dividing the market into homogenous groups b) Selecting one group of consumers among several other groups c) Creating a unique space in the minds of the target consumer d) None of these (10) Groups that have a direct or indirect influence on a person's attitudes or behavior is known as a) Reference groups b) Family c) Roles d) Status (11) Augmented product contains a) Basic needs b) Functional characteristics c) Additional benefits d) Expected features (12) Demographic segmentation refers to. a) The description of the people and the place in society b) The description of the people's purchasing behavior c) The location where people live d) Geographic regions (13) is the marketing and financial value associated with a brand's strength in a market. a) Brand equity b) Brand loyalty c) Branding d) None of these		
a) Dividing the market into homogenous groups b) Selecting one group of consumers among several other groups c) Creating a unique space in the minds of the target consumer d) None of these (10) Groups that have a direct or indirect influence on a person's attitudes or behavior is known as a) Reference groups b) Family c) Roles d) Status (11) Augmented product contains a) Basic needs b) Functional characteristics c) Additional benefits d) Expected features (12) Demographic segmentation refers to. a) The description of the people and the place in society b) The description of the people's purchasing behavior c) The location where people live d) Geographic regions (13) is the marketing and financial value associated with a brand's strength in a market. a) Brand equity b) Brand loyalty c) Branding d) None of these	d)	Decline
b) Selecting one group of consumers among several other groups c) Creating a unique space in the minds of the target consumer d) None of these (10) Groups that have a direct or indirect influence on a person's attitudes or behavior is known as a) Reference groups b) Family c) Roles d) Status (11) Augmented product contains a) Basic needs b) Functional characteristics c) Additional benefits d) Expected features (12) Demographic segmentation refers to. a) The description of the people and the place in society b) The description of the people's purchasing behavior c) The location where people live d) Geographic regions (13) is the marketing and financial value associated with a brand's strength in a market. a) Brand equity b) Brand loyalty c) Branding d) None of these	(9) Se	gmentation is the process of:
c) Creating a unique space in the minds of the target consumer d) None of these (10) Groups that have a direct or indirect influence on a person's attitudes or behavior is known as a) Reference groups b) Family c) Roles d) Status (11) Augmented product contains a) Basic needs b) Functional characteristics c) Additional benefits d) Expected features (12) Demographic segmentation refers to. a) The description of the people and the place in society b) The description of the people live d) Geographic regions (13) is the marketing and financial value associated with a brand's strength in a market. a) Brand equity b) Brand loyalty c) Branding d) None of these	a)	Dividing the market into homogenous groups
d) None of these (10) Groups that have a direct or indirect influence on a person's attitudes or behavior is known as	b)	Selecting one group of consumers among several other groups
(10) Groups that have a direct or indirect influence on a person's attitudes or behavior is known as	c)	Creating a unique space in the minds of the target consumer
a) Reference groups b) Family c) Roles d) Status (11) Augmented product contains a) Basic needs b) Functional characteristics c) Additional benefits d) Expected features (12) Demographic segmentation refers to. a) The description of the people and the place in society b) The description of the people's purchasing behavior c) The location where people live d) Geographic regions (13) is the marketing and financial value associated with a brand's strength in a market. a) Brand equity b) Brand loyalty c) Branding d) None of these	d)	None of these
a) Reference groups b) Family c) Roles d) Status (11) Augmented product contains a) Basic needs b) Functional characteristics c) Additional benefits d) Expected features (12) Demographic segmentation refers to. a) The description of the people and the place in society b) The description of the people's purchasing behavior c) The location where people live d) Geographic regions (13) is the marketing and financial value associated with a brand's strength in a market. a) Brand equity b) Brand loyalty c) Branding d) None of these	(10) G	roups that have a direct or indirect influence on a person's attitudes or
b) Family c) Roles d) Status (11) Augmented product contains a) Basic needs b) Functional characteristics c) Additional benefits d) Expected features (12) Demographic segmentation refers to. a) The description of the people and the place in society b) The description of the people's purchasing behavior c) The location where people live d) Geographic regions (13) is the marketing and financial value associated with a brand's strength in a market. a) Brand equity b) Brand loyalty c) Branding d) None of these	behavi	ior is known as
c) Roles d) Status (11) Augmented product contains a) Basic needs b) Functional characteristics c) Additional benefits d) Expected features (12) Demographic segmentation refers to. a) The description of the people and the place in society b) The description of the people's purchasing behavior c) The location where people live d) Geographic regions (13) is the marketing and financial value associated with a brand's strength in a market. a) Brand equity b) Brand loyalty c) Brandling d) None of these	a)	Reference groups
d) Status (11) Augmented product contains a) Basic needs b) Functional characteristics c) Additional benefits d) Expected features (12) Demographic segmentation refers to. a) The description of the people and the place in society b) The description of the people's purchasing behavior c) The location where people live d) Geographic regions (13) is the marketing and financial value associated with a brand's strength in a market. a) Brand equity b) Brand loyalty c) Branding d) None of these	b)	Family
a) Basic needs b) Functional characteristics c) Additional benefits d) Expected features (12) Demographic segmentation refers to. a) The description of the people and the place in society b) The description of the people's purchasing behavior c) The location where people live d) Geographic regions (13) is the marketing and financial value associated with a brand's strength in a market. a) Brand equity b) Brand loyalty c) Branding d) None of these	c)	Roles
a) Basic needs b) Functional characteristics c) Additional benefits d) Expected features (12) Demographic segmentation refers to. a) The description of the people and the place in society b) The description of the people's purchasing behavior c) The location where people live d) Geographic regions (13) is the marketing and financial value associated with a brand's strength in a market. a) Brand equity b) Brand loyalty c) Branding d) None of these	d)	Status
b) Functional characteristics c) Additional benefits d) Expected features (12) Demographic segmentation refers to. a) The description of the people and the place in society b) The description of the people's purchasing behavior c) The location where people live d) Geographic regions (13) is the marketing and financial value associated with a brand's strength in a market. a) Brand equity b) Brand loyalty c) Branding d) None of these	(11) A	ugmented product contains
c) Additional benefits d) Expected features (12) Demographic segmentation refers to. a) The description of the people and the place in society b) The description of the people's purchasing behavior c) The location where people live d) Geographic regions (13)	a)	Basic needs
d) Expected features (12) Demographic segmentation refers to. a) The description of the people and the place in society b) The description of the people's purchasing behavior c) The location where people live d) Geographic regions (13) is the marketing and financial value associated with a brand's strength in a market. a) Brand equity b) Brand loyalty c) Branding d) None of these	b)	Functional characteristics
(12) Demographic segmentation refers to. a) The description of the people and the place in society b) The description of the people's purchasing behavior c) The location where people live d) Geographic regions (13) is the marketing and financial value associated with a brand's strength in a market. a) Brand equity b) Brand loyalty c) Branding d) None of these	c)	Additional benefits
a) The description of the people and the place in society b) The description of the people's purchasing behavior c) The location where people live d) Geographic regions (13) is the marketing and financial value associated with a brand's strength in a market. a) Brand equity b) Brand loyalty c) Branding d) None of these	d)	Expected features
b) The description of the people's purchasing behavior c) The location where people live d) Geographic regions (13) is the marketing and financial value associated with a brand's strength in a market. a) Brand equity b) Brand loyalty c) Branding d) None of these	(12) D	emographic segmentation refers to.
c) The location where people live d) Geographic regions (13) is the marketing and financial value associated with a brand's strength in a market. a) Brand equity b) Brand loyalty c) Branding d) None of these	a)	The description of the people and the place in society
d) Geographic regions (13) is the marketing and financial value associated with a brand's strength in a market. a) Brand equity b) Brand loyalty c) Branding d) None of these	b)	The description of the people's purchasing behavior
(13) is the marketing and financial value associated with a brand's strength in a market. a) Brand equity b) Brand loyalty c) Branding d) None of these	c)	The location where people live
brand's strength in a market. a) Brand equity b) Brand loyalty c) Branding d) None of these	d)	Geographic regions
a) Brand equity b) Brand loyalty c) Branding d) None of these	(13)_	is the marketing and financial value associated with a
b) Brand loyalty c) Branding d) None of these	brand's	s strength in a market.
c) Branding d) None of these	a)	Brand equity
d) None of these		
d) None of these		
	d)	None of these

3

N-245.4

(14) _____ is the process of creating an image for a product in the minds of targeted customers.

- a) Segmentation
- b) Target marketing
- c) Positioning
- d) None of these

-->-