Seat No. : $\qquad$

## MC-120

March-2022

## B.B.A., Sem.-I <br> CC-103 : Forms of Business Organisations

Time : 2:00 Hours]
[Max. Marks : 50
Note: Question paper comprise of $\mathbf{2}$ sections. Any 2 questions in full are to be attempted from Section - I. Any 10 objective questions are to be attempted from Section - II.

## Section - I

1. (a) Explain types of companies.
(b) Differentiate public $\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{s}$ private companies.
2. (a) Narrate qualifications and disqualifications of a director.
(b) Narrate position of a Managing Director.
3. (a) Write a note on provisions of AGM.
(b) Write a note on provisions of EGM.
4. (a) Narrate types of combinations.
(b) Narrate causes and evils of combinations.

## Section - II

5. Fill in the gaps : [Any ten]
(1) $\qquad$ decides internal management of the company. (Articles, Memorandum, Prospectus)
(2) Companies have $\qquad$ existence. (legal, perpetual, both)
(3) Companies have $\qquad$ status. (independent, dependent, controversial)
(4) $\qquad$ clause refers to bifurcation of capital. (Location, Capital, Subscription)
(5) Certificate of $\qquad$ represents beginning of a public company. (command, incorporation, commencement)
(6) Board meeting takes place $\qquad$ . (every year, every quarter, once in lifetime)
(7) $\qquad$ are owners of the company. (Directors, Employees, Share holders)
(8) $\qquad$ meetings are shareholder meetings. (AGM, EGM, Both)
(9) $\qquad$ is a board meeting. (BOD, AGM, EGM)
(10) $\qquad$ majority is required for ordinary resolution. (Low, High, Simple)
(11) $\qquad$ are final outcomes or decisions of meetings. (Motions, Emotions, Resolutions)
(12) Mergers and amalgamations are types of $\qquad$ consolidation. (partial, total, impartial)
(13) $\qquad$ are more formal. (Associations, Federations, Directors)
(14) $\qquad$ is a type of vertical integration. (Forward, Divergent, Convergent)
(15) In $\qquad$ combination, units of same trade join hands, (horizontal, vertical, latera)
