

Seat No. : _____

JF-111

June-2022

M.Sc., Sem.-II

408 : Physics

(Classical Mechanics-II and Solid State Properties)

Time : 2 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 50

- Instructions :**
- (1) All questions in Section – I carry equal marks.
 - (2) Attempt any **three** questions in Section –I.
 - (3) Questions in Section – II is COMPULSORY.

Section – I

1. (A) Write the differential equation for harmonic oscillator. Hence obtain parametric equations for the harmonic oscillator. Draw the corresponding phase trajectories. 7
- (B) Write the differential equation for damped harmonic oscillator. Hence obtain parametric equations for the damped harmonic oscillator for $b^2 < \omega_0^2$, and $b^2 > \omega_0^2$. Draw the corresponding phase trajectories. 7
2. (A) Obtain an expression for the phase trajectory of a Simple pendulum. Hence discuss the three cases of phase trajectories for (a) $E_1 < 2mgl$, (b) $E_1 = 2mgl$, (c) $E_1 > 2mgl$. 7
- (B) Obtain an expression for the time period of simple pendulum in terms of its amplitude (θ_0), i.e. obtain $T = \frac{4}{\omega_0} K(k)$, where $k = \sin(\theta_0/2)$. 7
3. (A) Using the transition from a discrete to a continuous system, obtain an expression for the Lagrangian density for an infinitely long elastic rod that can undergo small longitudinal vibrations. 7
- (B) Write transformation equations for the components of electric field and magnetic field. Hence show that $\vec{E} \cdot \vec{B}$ and $\vec{E}^2 - c^2 \vec{B}^2$ are relativistically invariant. 7

4. (A) A pion at rest decays into a muon and a neutrino. Find the energy of the outgoing muon in terms of the two masses, m_π and m_μ (assuming $m_\nu = 0$). 7
- (B) Obtain an expression for the Compton wavelength of an electron in terms of scattering angle. 7
5. (A) Write a short note on electron spin resonance. 7
- (B) Explain concept of Bloch Walls and magnetic domains. 7
6. (A) Explain exchange interaction and the Heisenberg model for magnetism. 7
- (B) Explain in detail the Neel model of Ferrimagnetism. 7
7. (A) What is superconductivity ? How superconductors are different in magnetic properties than its normal conducting state ? 7
- (B) Obtain equation of current for ac Josephson effect. 7
8. (A) Discuss in detail the thermodynamics of superconducting state and show that superconducting state is more stable than its normal state of the material. 7
- (B) What is flux quantization ? Obtain condition for flux quantization in a superconducting ring. 7

Section – II

9. MCQs : 8
- (1) For the stability of fixed point attractor the required condition is $|f'_\mu(x^*)|$ should be _____.
- (A) > 0 (B) < 0
 (C) > 1 (D) < 1
- (2) The time associated with the moving object is called _____ time.
- (A) Proper time (B) Object time
 (C) Associated time (D) Image time
- (3) When an object of mass m is at rest, its relativistic energy is _____.
- (A) mc^2 (B) Infinite
 (C) 0 (D) 1

- (4) In chaotic map a nonchaotic window occurs at _____ value of μ .
- (A) 3.5699 (B) 3.82
(C) 2.5029 (D) 3.6692
- (5) Air is an example of
- (A) Paramagnetic material (B) Ferromagnetic material
(C) Diamagnetic material (D) Antiferromagnetic material
- (6) Curie-Wiess law is used to calculate
- (A) Permittivity (B) Susceptibility
(C) Permeability (D) Magnetization
- (7) The penetration depth for a superconductor is assumed by
- (A) $\lambda(T) = \frac{\lambda_0}{\sqrt{1 - (T/T_C)^4}}$ (B) $\lambda(T) = \frac{\lambda_0}{\sqrt{1 - (T/T_C)}}$
(C) $\lambda(T) = \lambda_0 \sqrt{1 - (T/T_C)^4}$ (D) $\lambda(T) = \lambda_0 [1 - (T/T_C)^4]$
- (8) Type-II superconductor observe
- (A) Partial Meissner-Ochsenfield effect
(B) Breakdown of Silsbee effect
(C) High critical field (HC) and high temperature
(D) All of the above
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