

Seat No. : _____

JE-104

June-2022

M.Sc., Sem.-II

407 : Mathematics

(Metric Spaces)

Time : 2 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 50

- Instructions :**
1. All the questions in **Section-I** carry equal marks.
 2. Attempt any **Three** questions in **Section-I**.
 3. Questions in **Section-II** are **COMPULSORY**.

Section – I

1. (A) Let d_1 be a metric on X . Define $d_2(x, y) = \min \{1, d_1(x, y)\}$ for all $x, y \in X$. Show that d_2 is a metric on X . Is d_2 bounded metric? Justify your answer. 7
(B) Let $U = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : x \notin \mathbb{Z}, y \notin \mathbb{Z}\}$. Is U open in \mathbb{R}^2 ? Justify your answer. 7
2. (A) Prove that a nonempty open set in \mathbb{R} is the union of countable family of pairwise disjoint open intervals. 7
(B) Show that unit circle in \mathbb{R}^2 is closed. 7
3. (A) Let X be a metric space and $E \subset X$. Prove that a point x is a limit point of E if and only if there exists a sequence (x_n) in E such that $x_n \rightarrow x$. 7
(B) Define closure of a set. Show that \bar{A} is the smallest closed set containing A . Find the closure of $(-1, 0) \cup \mathbb{N}$ in \mathbb{R} . 7

4. (A) State and prove Bolzano Weierstrass theorem. 7
 (B) Show that \mathbb{R} is complete. 7
5. (A) Let X, Y be metric spaces. Show that a map $f : X \rightarrow Y$ is continuous if and only if for every open set $V \subset Y$, its inverse image $f^{-1}(V)$ is open in X . 7
 (B) Let X, Y be metric spaces. Let $f, g : X \rightarrow Y$ be continuous.
 Is the set $E = \{x \in X : f(x) \neq g(x)\}$ open in X ? Justify your answer. 7
6. (A) State Gluing Lemma (Do not prove.). Let $f, g : [0, 1] \rightarrow X$ be continuous. Assume that $f(1) = g(0)$. Define
- $$h(t) = \begin{cases} f(2t) & 0 \leq t \leq \frac{1}{2} \\ g(2t-1) & \frac{1}{2} \leq t \leq 1 \end{cases}$$
- Show that h is continuous. 7
 (B) Define uniformly continuous function. 7
 Discuss the uniform continuity of the following functions :
- (a) $f : [1, \infty) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ given by $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$.
 (b) $g : (0, 1) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ given by $g(x) = \frac{1}{x}$.
7. (A) Prove that any compact subset of a metric space is closed and bounded. 7
 (B) Is $\{\frac{1}{n} : n \in \mathbb{N}\} \cup \{0\}$ compact in \mathbb{R} ? Justify your answer. 7
8. (A) Show that the continuous image of a connected space is connected. 7
 (B) Show that \mathbb{R} is connected. Is \mathbb{R}^* the set of all nonzero real numbers connected? Justify your answer. 7

