

Seat No. : \_\_\_\_\_

# AI-102

April-2022

LL.B., Sem.-VI

## CC-312 : Legal Language, Legal Writing Including General English

Time : 2 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 60

**Instructions :** (1) Attempt any **three** questions from the following.  
(2) **All** questions carry **equal** marks.

1. Write an Essay on any **one** of the following :

- (1) Law and Social Justice
- (2) Doctrine of Res - judicata
- (3) Mode and manner of committing Cyber Crime
- (4) Dynamics and Trends of Public Interest Litigation in India

2. Explain and frame sentences to illustrate the correct use of any **four** of the following legal terms :

- |                         |                          |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| (1) Accomplice          | (2) Suo moto             |
| (3) Ultra vires         | (4) Prima facie          |
| (5) Caveat emptor       | (6) Onus probandi        |
| (7) Respondent superior | (8) Ubi jus ibi remedium |

3. Translate the following passage into **Gujarati** or **Hindi** Language :

People moan about poverty as a great evil; and it seems to be an accepted belief that if people only had plenty of money, they would be happy and useful and get more out of life. As a rule, there is more genuine satisfaction in life and more obtained from life in the humble cottage of the poor man than in the palaces of the rich. I always pity the sons and daughters of rich men, who are attended by servants, and have governesses at a later age; at the same time I am glad to think that they do not know what they have missed. It seems nowadays a matter of universal desire that poverty should be abolished. We should be quite willing to abolish luxury; but to abolish honest, industrious, self-denying poverty would be to destroy the soil upon which mankind produces the virtues that will enable our race to reach a still higher civilization than it now possesses.

4. Reduce the above passage of **Question No. – 3** into **one-third** of the original length (Precis – Writing) and give a suitable title to it.

5. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions :

All Great Thinkers live and move on a high plane of thought. It is only there they can breathe freely. It is only in contact with spirits like themselves they can live harmoniously and attain that serenity which comes from ideal companionship. The studies of all great thinkers must range along the highest altitudes of human thought. I cannot remember the name of any illuminative genius who did not drink his inspiration from fountains of ancient Greek and Hebrew writers; or such among the moderns as were pupils in ancient thought, and, in turn, became masters in their own. I have always thought that the strongest argument in favour of the Baconian theory was, that no man, however indubitable his genius, could have written the plays and sonnets that have come down to us under Shakespeare's name who had not the liberal education of Bacon. How this habit of intercourse with the gods makes one impatient of mere men. The magnificent ideals that have ever haunted the human mind, and given us our highest proofs of a future immortality by reason of the impossibility of their fulfilment here, are splintered into atoms by contact with life's realities. – P. A. Sheehan

**Questions :**

- (1) On what plane must great thinkers live and move ?
  - (2) Is a liberal education necessary to produce great literature ?
6. Answer the Legal Problems with reasons : (Any **Two**)
- (1) Mr. Raj holds, an auction of his furniture for which Mr. Hiren, Mr. Girish, Mr. Gandhi and Mr. Pravin bid for it. The highest bid was made by Mr. Pravin for ₹ 30,000. Mr. Raj refused to sell the furniture to Mr. Pravin. What will be the result of such refusal ?
  - (2) Mr. A sets fire, by night, to an inhabited house in a large town, for the purpose of facilitating a robbery and thus causes the death of person. For which offences Mr. A will be prosecuted ?
  - (3) What concept was clarified in Ashby Vs. White's case ?
  - (4) Mr. Sachanand, a Hindu unmarried male, marries with a Hindu widow while she is pregnant. State whether such marriage is valid under The Hindu Marriage Act, 1955.