

Seat No. : \_\_\_\_\_

# MB-114

March-2022

B.C.A., Sem.-I

## CC-102 : Introduction of Programming Language using C (New)

Time : 2 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 50

- Instructions :**
- (1) All questions in **Section – I** carry equal marks.
  - (2) Attempt any **TWO** questions in **Section – I**.
  - (3) Question – 5 in **Section – II** is **COMPULSORY**.

### Section – I

1. (A) Answer the following : 10
  - (I) Explain machine language and assembly language. 5
  - (II) Write an algorithm and draw flowchart to find sum of first five natural numbers. 5
- (B) Answer the following : 10
  - (I) Explain structure of C Program. 5
  - (II) List basic data types of C with their size in bytes. Explain conditional operators. 5
2. (A) Explain nested-if with example. Explain printf(), scanf() function with example. 10
- (B) Explain switch case with example. Give difference between nested-if and switch-case. 10
3. (A) Answer the following : 10
  - (I) Explain for loop with example. 5
  - (II) Give difference between while and do-while loops. 5
- (B) Answer the following : 10
  - (I) What are arrays ? How elements of array are stored ? 5
  - (II) Explain two-dimensional array with example. 5
4. (A) List different types of user define function. Explain any one in detail with example. 10
- (B) Explain strcmp(), strcpy(), strncpy(), strrev() and strlen() functions with example. 10

## Section – II

5. MCQs : (Any 5)

10

- (1) A character array always ends with \_\_\_\_\_.
  - (a) NULL (\0) character
  - (b) Question mark (?)
  - (c) Full stop(.)
  - (d) All of these
- (2) The result of `printf("%d", 4==6 ? 21 :15);` is \_\_\_\_\_.
  - (a) 14
  - (b) 21
  - (c) 15
  - (d) None of these
- (3) C Program structure consists \_\_\_\_\_.
  - (a) Header file Section
  - (b) Main function Section
  - (c) Global Declaration Section
  - (d) All of the above
- (4) \_\_\_\_ function reads one character at a time till the user press enter key.
  - (a) `getchar()`
  - (b) `puts()`
  - (c) `accept()`
  - (d) `floor()`
- (5) What will be the value of x after executing this statement `k=6; x= k++ – k++;`
  - (a) `x=0`
  - (b) `x=-1`
  - (c) `x=6`
  - (d) `x=8`
- (6) Result of expression `(23+2) % (int)5.5` is
  - (a) 0
  - (b) 1
  - (c) 5
  - (d) -1
- (7) The `for(;;)` loop with no arguments can be executed.
  - (a) True
  - (b) False
- (8) The \_\_\_\_\_ statement is used to separate two case statement.
  - (a) `continue`
  - (b) `goto`
  - (c) `break`
  - (d) `exit`
- (9) When a function calls itself repeatedly is called \_\_\_\_\_.
  - (a) recursion
  - (b) in-built function
  - (c) user-defined
  - (d) None of these
- (10) Array index starts from \_\_\_\_\_.
  - (a) 0
  - (b) -1
  - (c) 1
  - (d) all of these