

Integrated L.L.B., (Sem.-7) Examination

IL 401

Taxation Law (New)

March 2019

Time : 2-30 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 70

Instructions

- a) Answer all the questions
 - b) Figures to the right in bracket indicate marks for each question
-

1. Discuss in detail the provisions related to Input Tax credit under GST (18)

OR

Write notes on:

- a) Capital Gain Tax (10)

- b) Provisions related to Residential status of Individuals (8)

2. Write notes on:
a) Advantages and Disadvantages of GST (10)

- b) Payment and refund of tax under GST (8)

OR

Discuss provisions related to Supply under GST act. (18)

3. Discuss Provisions related to TDS under Income tax Act (18)

OR

Writes notes on:

- a) Tax Evasion (10)

- b) Registration under GST (8)

4 A Short note (Attempt any two)

(10)

- a) Provision related to Residential status of HUF
- b) Income from House Property
- c) Defects of Pre-GST Indirect Tax structure in India
- d) GST Council

4. B True or False (Attempt any three)

(6)

- a) GST is one indirect tax for the whole nation, which will make India one unified common market.
- b) Section 16 of IGST Act lays down provisions for eligibility & Conditions for taking ITC
- c) Making supply without invoice or with false or incorrect invoice is an offence under GST
- d) Sec 237 of Income Tax Act, gives power to assessee to claim for extra tax paid
- e) Casual taxable person is liable for compulsory registration under GST
- f) Taxable event of GST is Income

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IL 402

Media Law (New)

Time : 2-30 Hours]

March 2019

[Max. Marks : 70

Instructions

- a) Answer all the questions
b) Figures to the right in bracket indicate marks for each question

1. Examine carefully the meaning of defamation in law and discuss the steps that should be taken by media personnel to safeguard themselves. (18)

OR

Write notes on:

- a) Discuss the code of ethics as laid down in Stockholm Symposium, 1991. (10)
b) Explain "Sedition". (08)

2. Write notes on:

- a) Self-regulation and Indian media (10)
b) Salient features of the Official Secrets Act. (08)

OR

Discuss the statement – "Media is the watchdog of a democratic society". (18)

3. Discuss the constitution, composition, objects, functions and powers of the Press Council of India. (18)

OR

Writes notes on:

- a) Salient features of Cable T.V. Networks (regulation) Act, 1995 (10)
b) Critically analyze the impact of visual media on the minds of people. (08)

- 4 A Writes short notes on : (Any Two) (10)

- a) Electronic media
b) Difference between visual media and non-visual media

- 4 B Multiple Choice Questions : (Any three) (06)

- 1) The full form of ASCI is _____
(a) Advertising Council of India
(b) Advertisement Council of India
(c) Advertisement Commission of India
(d) Advertising Commission of India
- 2) Papyrus was invented in _____
(a) Mesopotamia
(b) Egypt
(c) India
(d) Babylon

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- 3) Outdoor media includes _____
(a) Billboards
(b) Street furniture
(c) Both (a) and (b)
(d) None of the above
- 4) Mass media includes _____
(a) Print media
(b) Electronic media
(c) Folk media
(d) All of the above
- 5) Non-visual media includes _____
(a) Radio
(b) Podcasts
(c) Both (a) and (b)
(d) None of the above
- 6) _____ is the present chairman of Press Council of India.
(a) Justice P.B Sawant
(b) Justice Markandey Katju
(c) Justice Chandramauli Kumar Prasad
(d) Justice Krishna Iyer

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Candidate's Seat No : _____

Integrated L.L.B., (Sem.-7) Examination

IL 403

Criminal Procedure (New)

Time : 2-30 Hours]

March 2019

[Max. Marks : 70

Instructions

- a) Answer all the questions
- b) Figures to the right in bracket indicate marks for each question

1. Discuss in detail the provisions of Bail and Bonds under Criminal Procedure Code. (18)

OR

Write notes on:

- a) What are ways prescribed under Cr.P.C for the Magistrate to take Cognizance of the offence? (10)
- b) Discuss in detail the Process of Compel of Appearance. (8)

2. Explain in detail the Constitution of Criminal Courts with Examples. (18)

OR

Write notes on:

- a) Compare and contrast the provisions of Cr.P.C for the trial of summons case and for the warrant case. (10)
- b) Discuss the provisions of Execution of death Sentence (8)

3. Discuss in detail the Provisions of charges under Criminal Procedure Code with decided cases. (18)

OR

Writes notes on:

- a) What are the provisions relating to appeal against the order of a trial court? Can a victim file appeal against the order of acquittal of a accused? Cite authorities. (10)
- b) A, a complainant wants to withdraw a complaint, held against the accused B in case of Warrant trial. Can A do so? Give reasons and also refer to the case laws on the point, if any. (8)

- 4 A Write a Short Note: (Any two) (10)

- 1. Maintenance of parents under section 125
- 2. Identification of Person arrested
- 3. Powers of Court
- 4. Compoundable and Non-Compoundable offence

4. B True or False. Attempt any three (6)
Correct the false statement and Justify the correct statement

- 1. Acquittal and Discharge are synonyms.
- 2. If the proclaimed person appears within five years from the date of the attachment and satisfies the court that he did not abscond or conceal himself for the purpose of avoiding execution of the warrant and that he had no notice of the proclamation, the property or net proceeds of the sale after deducting the cost of the attachment shall be delivered to him.
- 3. There are six ways of process to compel a person to appear in court

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4. Section 224 of Cr.P.C deals with Withdrawal of remaining charges on conviction on one of several charges.
5. Person once convicted or acquitted not to be tried for the same offence again.
6. The High Court cannot straight away take cognizance of an offence

Integrated L.L.B., (Sem.-7) Examination

IL 404

Law of Evidence (New)

March 2019

Time : 2-30 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 70

Instructions

- a) Answer all the questions
b) Figures to the right in bracket indicate marks for each question

1. Explain what are facts, facts in issue and relevant facts as per the Indian Evidence Act, 1872? (18)

OR

Write notes on :

- a) Discuss on Admissibility of Opinion's evidence (10)
b) What is the circumstantial evidence as per the Indian Evidence Act? (8)

2. Define Res Judicata and Estoppel and Explain in Details the Distinguish Between Res Judicata and Estoppel? (18)

OR

Write notes on:

- a) Explain The Section 11 When Facts not otherwise Relevant become Relevant? (10)
b) Explain the Doctrine of Plea alibi? (8)

3. Define Burden of proof? Discuss on the General Principles of burden of Proof in Details? (18)

OR

Writes notes on:

- a) What is dying declaration? Discuss the ground of its acceptance? (10)
b) Explain the Doctrine of Conspiracy : (8)

- 4 A Writes short notes on the following. Attempt any two (10)

- a. Primary Evidence
b. Evidentiary value of FIR
c. Define May Presume, Shall Presume and Conclusive Proof
d. When Secondary Evidence is Admissible?

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4. B Answer as directed. Attempt any Three Multiple choice Questions

(6)

a) Law of Evidence is

(a) lex tallienis (b) lexfori (c) Lex loci solutions (d) lexsitus

b) The Law of Evidence Consists of

(a) Ordinary rules of reasoning (b) legal rules of evidence
(c) rules of logic (d) All the above

c) Motives, of preparation and conduct are relevant

(a) under section 6 of Evidence (b) under section 7 of Evidence
(c) under section 8 of Evidence (d) under section 9 of Evidence

d) Alibi is governed by

(a) section 6 of Evidence Act (b) section 8 of Evidence Act
(c) section 12 of Evidence Act (d) section 11 of Evidence Act.

e) The term 'res subjudice' is defined in the Indian Evidence Act 1872 in

a) Section 12
b) Section 11
c) Section 10
d) Section 14

f) A confession made to a police officer is inadmissible under

(a) section 24 of Evidence Act (b) section 25 of Evidence Act
(c) Section 26 of Evidence Act (d) section 27 of Evidence Act.

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IL 405

Principles of Banking Law and Negotiable Instruments (New)

Time : 2-30 Hours]

March 2019

[Max. Marks : 70

Instructions

- a) Answer all the questions
b) Figures to the right in bracket indicate marks for each question

1. Discuss History, Origin. Evolution of Banking Institution in India (18)
OR

Write notes on :

- a) Explain the Functions of Reserve Bank of India (10)
b) Distinguish Between Public Sector Banks and Private Banks (8)

2. Described Banking Regulation Act, 1949 and Explain in Details Business of Banking Companies Prevailing in India? (18)

Write notes on:

- a) Explain Reserve Bank of India's constitution and management (10)
b) Explain Different Kinds of Ratios Published by the Reserve Bank of India? (8)

3. Define in Details "Holder" and "Holder in due course" and state the privileges of "Holder in due course"? (18)

OR

Writes notes on:

- a) Discuss Regional Rural Banks (10)
b) Discuss 'Parties to a cheque' and their liabilities (8)

- 4 A Writes short notes on the following. Attempt any two (10)

- a. Negotiation
b. Banker's right to set-off
c. Endorsement
d. Crossing of Cheques

4. B Answer as directed. Attempt any Three Multiple Choice Questions:

(6)

- a. Which of the following terms indicates a mechanism used by commercial banks for providing credit to the government?
- a) cash credit ratio
 - b) debt service obligation
 - c) statutory liquidity ratio
 - d) cash reserve ratio
- b. Section 8 and 9 defines
- a) Drawer and Drawee
 - b) Holder and Holder in due course
 - c) Drawee and Payee
 - d) Bills of Exchange and Promissory note
- c. In which year was The Banking Regulation Act passed in India?
- a) 1947
 - b) 1935
 - c) 1949
 - d) 1965
- d. The liberalization of Indian Banking and Regulation was done based on recommendation of _____?
- a) R Gandhi Committee
 - b) Narasimham Committee
 - c) Basel Committee
 - d) Khusro Committee
- e. RBI has relaxed norms for which of the following bonds?
- a. Masala bonds
 - b. Rupee denominated overseas bonds
 - c. Green bonds
 - d. Both a and b
 - e. All the above
- f. The Negotiable Instrument Act was enacted in India in the year
- (a) 1947
 - (b) 1974
 - (c) 1881
 - (d) 1848

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IL 406 (New)

Rehabilitation of Criminals and Jurenils in Society and Law

Time : 2-30 Hours]

March 2019

[Max. Marks : 70

Instructions

- a) Answer all the questions
b) Figures to the right in bracket indicate marks for each question

1. Explain in detail the Constitutional Provisions towards rehabilitation of Criminals on their good behavior. (18)

OR

Write notes on:

- a) Reformatory Theory. (10)
b) Remand Home (08)

2. Write notes on:
a) Punishment under IPC (10)
b) Approach of the society towards rehabilitation of criminals and Juvenile. (08)

OR

Discuss the provisions of Juvenile Justice Board and Child Welfare Committee relating to protection, employment and rehabilitation of Juveniles (18)

3. Explain in detail the provisions of Probation of Offenders' Act, 1958 towards rehabilitation of Criminals on their good behavior. (18)

OR

Writes notes on:

- a) Shelter Home (10)
b) Expiation Theory (08)

- 4 A Write Short Notes on: (Any Two) (10)

1. Enrico Ferri
2. History of Juvenile Justice in India
3. Capital Punishment
4. Freud

- 4B Fill in the blanks: (Any Three) (06)

1. In year, Edwin Sutherland propounded the Differential Theory.
2. was the founder of the Italian school of Criminology.
3. Article of Indian Constitution gives power to the President to pardon the Criminals.
4. The word "Juvenile" originates from the word that means young.

5. "The Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act, 2015" came into force in, 2015.

6. shall be constituted for every district for exercising its powers in relation to Children in Need of Care and Protection by State Government.

