(5) What is asepsis.

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Candidate's	Seat N	lo:	
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[Max. Marks: 100

Third Year B.H.M.S. Examination

Surgery

Date : 21-01-2019, Monday]	[wax. wat	72 · TOO
[Time: 3 Hours		
Instructions: (1) Answer to the point.		
(2) Figure to the right indicates marks.		
1		
	•	
(4) Write legibly.		
(5) Use separate answer books for each section.	• .	
SECTION-I		
Q. 1 Define haemorrhage. Describe its classification, clinical features and management in de OR	tail.	(15)
Q.1 Define burns. Write down its types, degree, percentage and management in detail.		
Q. 2 Define wound. Write down its classification, wound healing, management and complica OR	tion.	(15)
Q. 2 Describe buerger's disease in detail.		
Q. 3 Write short notes. (Any Three) (1) Cellulitis		(15)
(2) Difference between benign and malignant tumour		
(3) Sebaceous cyst		
(4) Bedsore		
(5) Blood transfusion		•
Q. 4 Write answers in short.		
(1) What is haemangioma?		(05)
(2) What is Trendelenberg's test?		
(3) What is rodent ulcer?		
(4) What is frostbite?	•	
(5) What is Papilloma.		
	•	
SECTION- 2	,	
Q. 5 Describe in detail about acute congestive glaucoma.	(15)	
OR		
Q. 5 Define conjunctivitis. Write down its classification and describe acute purulent conjunctive	itis in detail.	
Q. 6 Define gangrene. Write down its causes, clinical features, management and complication OR	•	(15)
Q. 6 Describe causes, types, clinical features, investigation and management of shock		
Q. 7 Write short note on (Attempt any three)		(15)
(1) strabismus	·	(10)
(2) Myopia		
(3) Carbuncle		
(4) Watering of the eye		•
(5) Sterilization		
Q. 8 Write answers in short.		(05)
(1) define lipoma.		. ,
(2) what is xerophthalmia		
(3) tetanus is caused by	•	
(4) What is neurofibroma.		

Candidate's Seat No:

Third Year B.H.M.S. Examination

Surgery

Paper-II

Date: 22-01-2019, Tuesday]

[Max. Marks: 100

[Time: 3 Hours

Instructions: (1) Answer to the point.

- (2) Figure to the right indicates marks.
- (3) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- (4) Write legibly.
- (5) Use separate answer books for each section.

SECTION 1

Q .1 Describe acute appendicitis in detail.

(15)

OR
Q .1 Describe etiopathology, clinical features and management of acute pancreatitis.

(15)

(15)

(15)

Q. 2 Define Peptic ulcer. Give its type, etiology, clinical features and management.

Q .2 Write down types, etiology, clinical features, investigation and management of renal stone.

(15)

- Q. 3 Write short notes on (attempt any three)
 - 1. Fistula in ano
 - 2. Clinical features and investigation of BPH
 - 3. Cleft lip
 - 4. Varicocele
 - 5. Glasgow coma scale
- Q. 4 Write following questions. (05)
 - 1. What is Rovsing's sign?
 - 2. Full form FNAC -
 - 3. Define phimosis
 - 4. What is leukoplakia?
 - 5. Define Gynaecomastia.

SECTION 2

Q.5 Write down etiology, pathology, clinical features and treatment of acute suppurative otitis media. (15)

OR

OR

Q.5 Describe deafness in detail.

(15)

Q.6 Describe Prolapse of intervertebral disc in detail.

(15)

Q.6 What is fracture? Write down its classification, complication and treatment.

(15)

Q .7 Write short notes on (Attempt any three)

(15)

- 1. Dental carries
- 2. Colle's fracture
- 3. Carpal tunnel syndrome
- 4. Epistaxis
- 5. Causes of dysphagia

(05)

- Q.8 Write following questions
 - What is close reduction?
 Define Meniere's disease.
 - 3. What is adenoids?
 - 4. What is cardiospasm?
 - 5. Write 2 indication of foley's catheter.

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Date: 23-01-2019, Wednesday]

0119E581

Candidate's Seat No:

[Max. Marks: 100

Third Year B.H.M.S. Examination Surgery Paper-III (Therapeutic)

[Time: 3 Hours	
Instructions: (1) Answer to the point.	
(2) Figure to the right indicates marks.	
(3) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.	
(4) Write legibly.	
(5) Use separate answer books for each section.	
(c) coo sopulate district score for each section.	
	•
SECTION 1	
Q .1 Define Carbuncle. Give indication of any 4 homoeopathic medicines.	(15)
OR Q.1 What is tetanus? Give Indication of any 4 homoeopathic drugs.	
Q.2 Give indication of any 4 drugs for wound.	(15)
a) Arnica b) Ledam pal c) Hypericum d) Rhus tox e) Calendulla	(15)
OR	
Q.2 Define conjutivitis? Give indication of following drugs. (Any four)	(15)
a) Pulsatilla b) Argenticum nít c) Merc sol d) Hepar sulph e) Euphraisa	. ,
Q.3 Write short notes on (attempt any three) 1) Shock – Veratrum Album & opium	(15)
2) Warts – Thuja, Causticum	
3) Stye – Staphy, Puls	
4) Abscess – lachesis, Arsenic alb	
5) Tumour – Conium, Pahytolacca	
Q.4 Write remedy for following condition.	(05)
1) Name 2 medicine for senile gangrene.	
 Name 2 medicine for mumps Concussion and contusions, result of shock or injury without laceration of soft parts: preven 	,
 Concussion and contusions, result of shock or injury without laceration of soft parts; preven and septic condition and promote absorption. 	t suppuration
4) "Musk" like odor from urine.	
5) Punctured wounds by sharp-pointed instruments, as awls, nails; rats bites, stings of insects, mosquitoes	especially
SECTION 2	
Q. 5 Define sinusitis. Give indication of any 4 homoeopathic medicine.	(15)
OR	
Q.5 Define vertigo? Give indication of any 4 homoeopathic medicines.	(15)
Q.6 Give indication of any 4 drugs for Acute Tonsillitis. (Any four) a) Hepar sulph b) Merc sol c) Ars alb d) M.I.F e) M.I.R	(15)
a) Hepar sulph b) Merc sol c) Ars alb d) M.I.F e) M.I.R OR	
Q.6 Give indication of following drugs for Renal colic. (Any four)	(15)
a) Berb vulgaris b) Colocynth c) Sarsaparilla d) Ocimum can e) Pareira brava	(13)
Q.7 Write short notes on (attempt any three)	(15)
1. Fissure in ano – Muratic acid & Nitric acid	
2. Dental Caries – Merc sol & kreosote	
Acute abdomen – Nux vomica & colocynth Chronic osteomylitis – Floric acid & Silicea	
4. Chronic osteomylitis – Floric acid & Silicea5. BPH – Sabal sar, Chimaphila	
Q. 8 Write remedies for following condition.	(05)
1) Colic after lithotomy or ovariotomy; attending abdominal section.	(05)
2) Name 2 remedies for right side renal colic.	
3) Painful dentition; teeth begin to decay as soon as they appear; gums bluish-red, soft, spongy	/. hleeding
inflamed, scorbutic, ulcerated.	, Diccums,
4) Name 2 remedies for non union of fracture.	
5) Name 2 remedies for Hoarseness of voice.	
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Candidate's Seat No:

[Max. Marks: 100

Third Year B.H.M.S. Examination Obstetrics & Gynaecology

Paper-I

Date: 24-01-2019, Thursday]

[Time: 3 Hours

Instructions: (1) Answer to the point.

- (2) Figure to the right indicates marks.
- (3) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- (4) Write legibly.
- (5) Use separate answer books for each section.

SECTION I

Q 1 DECRIBE PLACENTA PREVIA IN DETAIL

OR

Q 1 DESCRIBE TUBALPREGNENCY IN DETAIL (15)

Q 2 DEFINE ABORTION DESCRIBE SEPTIC ABORTION IN DETAIL (15)

OR

Q 2 DESCRIBE ABNORMAL PUERPERIUM IN DETAIL

Q3 ANY3

(15)

(5)

- 1 INDICATION OF LSCS
- 2 BOH
- 3 MALPOSITION
- 4 GDM
- 5 THREATNED ABORTION

Q4

- 1 WHAT IS QUICKENING
- 2 TOTAL DURATION OF PREGNENCY IN HO W MANY DAYS
- **3 HEGARS SIGN**
- 4 FULL FORM OF NST
- 5 AFTER LABOR INVOLUTION OF UTERUS TAKESHOW MANY WEEKS

P.T.O.1

SECTION II

Q.5. DEFINE IUGR DESCIBE IUGR IN DETAIL	(15)	
OR	(13)	
DESCRIBE PIH IN DETAIL	THE STATE OF LABOR IN DETAIL	(15)
Q.6. DEFINE NORMAL LABOR DISCUSS STA	AGES MECHANISM OF LABOR IN DETAIL	(13)
OR	•	
DESCRIBE COMPLICATION OF 3 RD ST	TAGE OF LABOR IN DETAIL	-
Q.7. ANY 3	(15)	
1 EPISIOTOMY	•	
2 FUNCTIONS OF PLACENTA		
3 DIAGNOSIS OF PREGNENCYT 1 ST TRIMI	ESTER	
4 BIRTH INJIRIES		
5 LOCHIA		
Q.X	(S)	
1. FULL FORM OF PROM		
2. FULL FORM OF PNDT ACT		
3 PALMERS SIGN		
4. DEFINE PRE TERM LABOR		
5. ANOTHER NAME OF CARNEOUS MOLE		
5. ANOTHER NAME OF CAMPLEOUS MOLE		-

Candidate's Seat No:

Third Year B.H.M.S. Examination		
Obstetrics & Gynaecology Paper-II		
Date: 25-01-2019, Friday]	[Max.	Marks: 100
[Time: 3 Hours		•
Instructions: (1) Answer to the point.		•
(2) Figure to the right indicates marks.		
(3) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.		
(4) Write legibly.		
(5) Use separate answer books for each section.		
SECTIONI		
Q 1 DESCRIBE UTREINE FIBRIOD IN DETAIL 15	•	
OR		
Q 1 DEFINE INFERTILITY HOW WILL YOU INVESTIGATE A CASE OF FEMALE INFERTIL	TY 15	
Q 2 DESCRIBE DUB IN DETAIL		• .
OR 15		
		•
Q 2 DESCRIBE PROLAPSE OF UTERUS IN DETAIL	•	
Q 3 ANY 3		
1 CRYPTOMENORRHOEA		
2 PRIMARY DYSMENORRHOEA 15		
3 VAGINISMUS	٠	•
4 MONALIASIS		
5 LOWBACKACHE		
5		
Q 4		
1 FSH IS SECRETED BY WHICH ORGAN		
2 FULL FORM OF IVF IT		
3 WHAT IS AZOOSPERMIA		
4 VAGINAL PH IS ACIDIC DUE TO WHICH BACILLI		
5 WHAT IS STEIN LEVENTHAL SYNDROME		
SECTIONII		
Q.5. DESCRIBE MENOPAUSE IN DETAIL		
OR 15		
DEFINE CONTRACEPTION DICUSS STEROIDAL CONTRACEPTION IN DETA		
Q.6. DESCRIBE ENDOMETRIOSIS IN DETAIL	IL 15	
OR 15		
DECRIBE PHYSIOGY OF MENSTRUATION IN DETAIL 15		
Q.7. ANY 3		
1 D AND C 15		
2 HSG		
3 FIGO STAGING OF CA CERVIX		
4 CERVICAL EROSION		
5 HPV VACCINE		
Q.48		

1 WHICH MYOMA PRODUCE MAXIMUM SYMPTOMS

, 4 NATRUL METHOD OF CONTRACEPTION NAME ONLY , 5 COMMONEST MALIGNANCY IN INDIA IN WOMEN

2 DEFINE OLIGOMENORRHOEA

3DEFINE HYPOSPERMIA



Candidate's Seat No:

Third Year B.H.M.S. Examination

Obstetrics & Gynaecology Paper-III (Therapeutic) Date: 28-01-2019, Monday] [Max. Marks: 100 [Time: 3 Hours **Instructions**: (1) Answer to the point. (2) Figure to the right indicates marks. (3) Draw diagrams wherever necessary. (4) Write legibly. (5) Use separate answer books for each section. **SECTION I** Q1 DESCRIBE FOLLOWING DRUGS FOR MENOPAUSE 1 LACHESIS 2 MUREX **3 GRAPHITIES** 15 OR Q 1 DESCRIBE FOLLLOWING DRUGS FOR AMENORRRHOEA 1 CALC CARB 2 PULSATILLLA **3 ACTEA RACEMOSA** Q2 DESCRIBE FOLLOWING DRUGS FOR INFERTILITY. 1 BORAX 2 LYCOPODIUM

3 NAT CARB

OR

15

Q2 DESCRIBE FOLLOWING DRUGS FOR UTRINE FIRIOD

1 THALPSI BURSA

2 USTILAGO

3 TRILLIUM PENDULLUM

P.T.O.]

15

- 1 VIBERNUM DYSMENORRRHOEA
- 2 LILIUM TIG PROLAPSE
- 3 ALTERIS FERINOSA MENORROHEGIA
- 4 CA BREAST CONIUM
- 5 ALUMINA LEUCORRHOEA

Q4

5

- 1 MENSES RETURN EVERY 15 DAYS
- 2 TOOTHACHE DURING MENSES
- 3 PROLAPSE OF UTERUS WITH CARDIAC COMPLAINT
- 4 ANY 2 DRUGS FOR BACKACHE
- 5 LEUCORRHOEA SMELLING LIKE GREEN CORN

SECTION II

- Q.5. DESCRIBE FOLLOWING FOR TOTOXEMIA OF PREGNENCY
 - 1 CICUTA VIROSA
 - 2 GLONONINE
 - 3 ACETIC ACID

OR

- O.5., DESCRIBE FOLLOWING DRUGS FOR PUERPERIAL SEPSIS
 - 1 PYROGENIUM
 - 2 BAPTISIA
 - 3 ARNICA
- Q.6. DESCRIBE FOLLOWING FOR ABORTION
 - 1 SABINA
 - 2 SECALE COR

3 KALI CARB

OR.

15

Q.6. DESCRIBE FOLLOWING FOR MORNING SICKNESS

1 IPECAC

2 COLCHICUM

3 COCULUS

Q.7. ANY 3

1 LUPUS ICTERUS NEONATRUM

15

2 COLONSONIA PILES DURING PREGNENCY

3 LAC CAN MILK FEVER

4 CAULOPHYLLUM LABOR PAIN

5 FERUM MET ANAEMIA DURING PREGNENCY

Q.**g**.

- 1 ANY 2 DRUGS FOR ANAEMIA
- 2 HABITUAL ABORTION AT 3RD MONTH OF PREGNENCY
- 3 NAME MEDICINE FOR MALPRESENTATION
- 4 ANY 2 DRUGS FOR RETAINED PLACENTA
- 5 N/V FROM SMELL OR SIGHT OF COOKING FOOD DURING PREGNENCY

The transfer and the same .

2/9

4) Define Constitution

5) Keynote symptoms

0119E607

Candidate's Seat No:

P.T.O.]

Third Year B.H.M.S. Examination Organon of Medicine

[Max. Marks: 100 Date: 29-01-2019, Tuesday] [Time: 3 Hours **Instructions**: (1) Answer to the point. (2) Figure to the right indicates marks. (3) Draw diagrams wherever necessary. (4) Write legibly. (5) Use separate answer books for each section. **SECTION 1** Q1) What are the criteria for the Potency selection of a Homeopathic drug (15)OR. Q1) Describe H. Roberts views on Suppression (15)Q2) Management of cases with Partially Similar Remedies (15)OR Q2) Prognosis after observing the action of the remedy. (15)Q3) Write Short Notes (Any three) (15)1) Hahnemann's view on use of topical medicine. 2) Physical General Symptom 3) Intercurrent medicine 4) 50 millisimal potency 5) Pseudochronic Disease Q4) Answer in short (05)1) Name new theories introduced in 5th edition of organon 2) Is Law of minimum about dose or potency? 3) Ideal cure was first discovered by Dr Hahnemann? True or False

0119E607-II

SECTION II

Q5) What are the possibilities when two dissimilar disease meet in the human body?	(15)
OR	
Q5) Describe mental symptoms and pathology of Sycotic Miasm in detail	(15)
OR	
Q6) Define Totality of symptoms, its sources and utility in Homoeopathic practice	(15)
OR	
Q6) Describe Varieties of Acute Disease and with its treatment.	(15)
Q7) Write Short Notes (Any 3)	(15)
 Suspended Animation Logic Difference between Homeopathic and Allopathic Case Taking Role of Vital Force in Health. Importance of Diagnosis in Homeopathic Practice. 	
Q8) Answer in Short	(05)
 Name any one precursor of Oragnon of Medicine Complete symptom Can Genus epidemicus be used for prophylaxis? Define Placebo Indisposition. 	

Candidate's Seat No : _____

Third Year B.H.M.S. Examination Materia Medica

Date: 30-01-2019, `	Wednesday]		[Max.	Marks: 100
[Time: 3 Hours			`	
Instructions: (1)	Answer to the point.			
(2)	Figure to the right indicate	es marks.		
(3)	Draw diagrams wherever	necessary.		
(4)	-	,		
(5)	- ·	ks for each section.	•	•
```	. <b>*</b>	•		
		Section-1		•
Q.1. What is Bioch	nemic system of Medicin	e and how it differs fr	om	
	system of Medicine? Di			
and Mentals	of Silica.	- , ,		15
		Or		
Q.1. Give full drug	Picture of Calc. Phos.			
. ~	g Picture of Arsenic alb C	r Gelsemium.		15
Q.3. Write Short N		•		15
	ulph - 7 Guiding Sympto	oms		
	nium Liver affection.			
3) Nux – vo				•
·	Иet - Mind.			
•	Constitution.	•		
Q.4. Answer in Sh		·		05
	ne remedy for lacerated v	wounds with exhausti	on from	
	lood and excessive pain.			
	downwand motion, name			
	ım has aggravation winte	•		
•	cca Decandra has predon		tion	
True Or	•			
	termitting every third, fif	th or seventh beat.		
		Section - 2		
Q.5. Describe onh	idia graup symptoms an		of lachasis	15
A. Describe ohii	iidia group symptoms an	o discuss drug picture Or	or lachesis.	15
Q.5. Give drug pic	ture of Dulcatilla	Oi		
the entrance of				45
	cture of Sulphur or Thuja.	•	•	15
Q.7. Short notes:	Mur Hoodacha			15
•	Mur - Headache.			
·	Carb - Baby.			
	ım - 5 leading guiding sy	mptoms.		
•	id – Ulcers.	•		
	yllum - Diarhoea.			0.5
Q8 Answer in sh			•	05
	tion attracts flies.			
•	all since burns.			
•	ition is fair, fat, flabby.			•
·	dark brown and scanty v	vith urinous odour		•
• .	ntensified.			
5) Religious	s Mania, name the reme	dy.		