## 0419E036

Candidate's Seat No:

#### M.D. Examination

Radiodiagnosis: Branch IX

Paper-I

(Radio-Physics & Applied Basic Sciences)

[Max. Marks: 100

Date: 02-04-2019, Tuesday]

Time: 3 Hours]

**Instructions**: (1) Figure to the right indicates full marks.

- Write legibly. · (2)
  - (3) Draw diagram wherever necessary
- 1. Write in detail the construction and working principle of Stationary anode X-Ray tube

2. Enumerate the various ultrafast sequences. Describe in brief the principles and clinical (SXH = NO) applications of any four sequences.

- 3. Write in detail the Instrumentation of MDCT
- 4. Short notes on
  - a. Described the coronary artery anatomy. Discuss CT coronary angiography.
  - b. Described the radiological anatomy of mediastinum.
  - What is ALARA. What precaution you can take to reduced radiation dosage in children while performing CT.
  - d. Describe with diagram retroperitoneal spaces.

Cloxa = 20

(20

- 5. Short notes on
  - a. Principles and appilications of susceptibility weighted imaging.
  - b. Enumerate the CT artifacts. Discuss any three of them.

# 0419E084

Candidate's Seat No:

## M.D. Examination

Radiodiagnosis: Branch IX

Paper II

(Radio-therapy & Medicine/surgery & Pathology in Relation to Radiology)

Date: 04-04-2019, Thursday]

[Max. Marks: 100

Time: 3 Hours]

Instructions: (1) Figure to the right indicates full marks.

- (2) Write legibly.
- (3) Draw diagram wherever necessary
- 1. Discuss briefly the various CNS manifestations occurring in HIV

(20)

- 2. Enumerate the causes of osteoporosis. How do you differentiate osteoporotic vertebral (2°)
  - fracture from malignancy.

(20).

3. Radiological features in retinoblastoma.

(20)

- 4. Short notes on a. Embolic agents.
  - b. Variations in biliary tract anatomy

(20)

- 5. Short notes on
  - a. Discuss BIRADS classification
  - b. CT Imaging approach to renal cysts
  - c. MR fistulography
  - d. Discuss enteroclysis

#### U419E136

Candidate's Seat No:

## M.D. Examination

# Radiodiagnosis: Branch IX

#### Paper III (Radiodiagnosis)

Date: 08-04-2019, Monday]

Time: 3 Hours]

Instructions: (1) Figure to the right indicates full marks.

- (2) Write legibly.
- (3) Draw diagram wherever necessary
- 1. Role of CT and MRI in staging renal malignant tumors.

(20)

(24)

(20)

[Max. Marks: 100]

- What are the causes of dwarfism. Discuss the radiological features of any three dysplasias
- Discuss briefly the antenatal sonographic features of posterior fossa anomalies

(20)

- Short notes on
  - a. Application of Doppler in diagnosis of ovarian pathologies.
  - b. HRCT findings in lung in rheumatoid arthritis.
  - Amniocentesis.
  - d. Staging of bronchogenic carcinoma
- 5. Short notes on

(20)

- a. Toxoplasmosis.
- b. Bullet vertebra.
- Enumerate the various craniovertebral junction anomalies.
- d. Calcifications on Mammography.

## 0419E175

Candidate's Seat No:

# M.D. Examination

# Radiodiagnosis: Branch IX

#### Paper IV

(Modern Trends & Recent Advances)

[Max. Marks: 100

Date: 10-04-2019, Wednesday]

Time: 3 Hours]

**Instructions**: (1) Figure to the right indicates full marks.

- (2) Write legibly.
- (3) Draw diagram wherever necessary

<ol> <li>Principles of PET CT. discuss the various applications in brain pathologies.</li> <li>Discuss the role of MRI in diagnosis of diseases of the heart.</li> <li>Principles and applications of dual source CT.</li> <li>Short notes on         <ul> <li>a. PACS.</li> <li>b. MRI Elastography in liver diseases.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Short notes on</li> </ol>	(2°) (2°) (2°) (2°)
a Principles of liver iron quantification.	
b. Applications of Time resolved dynamic MR angiography.	
<ul><li>c. MR urography</li><li>d. Arterial spin labeling (ASL) perfusion study</li></ul>	