Seat No.:	
-----------	--

# **AO-104**

May-2016

# LL.M., Sem.-I

# **402 : Indian Constitutional Law** (The New Challenges)

Time: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 100

**Instruction:** All questions carry equal marks.

1. "Despite of giving freedom to the states in certain aspects, security, unity and integrity of the nation is given priority in Indian quasi-federal system." Discuss.

#### OR

- "Freedom of press is the Fourth Estate." Discuss this statement in the light of the constitutional provisions and the decided cases of the Supreme Court of India.
- 2. Discuss briefly how the Supreme Court of India has by its judgments expanded the concept of "State" under Article 12 of the Constitution. Critically examine the scope of further expansion of concept of "State" in the wake of liberalization.

## OR

- "Equality is the anti-thesis of arbitrariness." Discuss this statement by explaining the right to equality defined under the Constitution of India.
- 3. Write brief note on "Approach of the Supreme Court in developing compensatory jurisprudence."

#### ΩR

Discuss about the efforts of legislature and judiciary in securing secularism in India.

4. Critically examine the commercialization of education and its effect taking into consideration the decided cases of the Supreme Court of India.

### OR

Discuss the recommendations of Sarkaria Commission to avoid misuse of Article 356 of the Constitution. Whether the above recommendations are implemented by the Supreme Court in deciding any case? Explain.

- 5. Answer any **two** from the following:
  - (1) Protective Discrimination.
  - (2) Constitutional validity of calling for and holding "Bundh" and the approach of the Supreme Court of India.
  - (3) Inter-State Water Disputes.
  - (4) People's Union for Civil Liberties v. Union of India (Right to exercise option of NOTA) (2013) 10 SCC 1.

\_\_\_\_