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TQ-116

## S.Y. B.C.A. (Sem.-III) Examination <br> May-2013 <br> CC-205 : Statistical Computing

Time : 3 Hours]
[Max. Marks : 70

Instruction : Use of Scientific Calculator is allowed.

1. (A) Attempt any two :
(1) Find mean of the following data :

| Class | $4-6$ | $6-8$ | $8-10$ | $10-12$ | $12-14$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| frequency | 6 | 12 | 17 | 10 | 5 |

(2) Find $Q_{1} \& Q_{3}$.

| Class | $3-5$ | $5-10$ | $10-20$ | $20-50$ | $50-80$ | $80-100$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| frequency | 8 | 12 | 40 | 70 | 15 | 5 |

(3) Find mode

| Class | $0-6$ | $6-12$ | $12-18$ | $18-24$ | $24-30$ | $30-36$ | $36-42$ | $42-48$ | $48-54$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| frequency | 13 | 25 | 57 | 79 | 105 | 79 | 57 | 25 | 13 |

(B) Attempt any two :
(1) Find the harmonic mean of the following numbers :

$$
2, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{8}
$$

(2) Find median

| Class | $0-10$ | $10-20$ | $20-30$ | $30-40$ | $40-50$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| frequency | 18 | 30 | 46 | 34 | 22 |

(3) Find the missing frequency in the following frequency distribution if mean $=37$.

| Marks | $0-10$ | $10-20$ | $20-30$ | $30-40$ | $40-50$ | $50-60$ | $60-70$ | $70-80$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. of <br> Students | 4 | 4 | 9 | $(?)$ | 12 | 6 | 3 | 2 |

2. (A) Attempt any two :
(1) Compare the variation of the following two groups.

| Group A | 28 | 15 | 43 | 9 | 30 | - |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Group B | 12 | 38 | 21 | 7 | 25 | 47 |

P.T.O.
(2) Calculate S.D. of the following data :

| Marks | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. of Students | 8 | 12 | 20 | 10 | 7 | 3 |

(3) Find Q.D and Coeff. of Q.D.

| Observation | 58 | 59 | 60 | 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Frequency | 15 | 20 | 32 | 35 | 33 | 22 | 20 | 10 | 8 |

(B) Attempt any two :
(1) Find Range and coefficient of Range.

| Class | $5-10$ | $10-15$ | $15-20$ | $20-25$ | $25-30$ | $30-35$ | $35-40$ | $40-45$ | $45-50$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Frequency | 2 | 7 | 10 | 28 | 20 | 18 | 10 | 4 | 1 |

(2) Calculate S.D. using the following data regarding income in ₹ of 10 persons. 600, 620, 640, 620, 680, 670, 680, 640, 700, 650.
(3) Marks out of 25 obtained by 9 students are given below :
$7,4,10,9,15,12,7,9,7$
Calculate mean deviation from mean.
3. (A) Attempt any two :
(1) Find out two regression lines for the following data :

| $\mathbf{X}$ | 57 | 58 | 59 | 59 | 60 | 61 | 62 | 64 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{Y}$ | 67 | 68 | 65 | 68 | 72 | 72 | 69 | 71 |

(2) The heights of a sample of 10 fathers and their eldest sons are given below :

| Height of <br> Father (x) | 170 | 167 | 162 | 163 | 167 | 166 | 169 | 171 | 164 | 165 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Height of <br> Son (y) | 168 | 167 | 166 | 166 | 168 | 165 | 168 | 170 | 165 | 168 |

Compute correlation coefficient.
(3) In two sets of variables of $x$ and $y$ with 50 observations each, the following data were observed $: \overline{\mathrm{X}}=10$, S.D of $\mathrm{X}=3, \overline{\mathrm{Y}}=6$, S.D. of $\mathrm{Y}=2$. $r(x, y)=0.3$.
However, on subsequent verification it was found that one value of $X(=10)$ and one value of $\mathrm{Y}(=6)$ were inaccurate and hence weeded out. With the remaining 49 pairs of values how is the value of correlation coefficient affected ?
(B) Attempt any two :
(1) Find Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation for the data given below :

| $\mathbf{X}$ | 3 | 7 | 5 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 2 | 7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{Y}$ | 7 | 12 | 8 | 8 | 10 | 13 | 5 | 10 |

(2) Compute the two regression coefficients using the values of actual means of X and Y from the data given below and the work out the value of correlation coefficient.

| $\mathbf{X}$ | 7 | 4 | 8 | 6 | 5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{Y}$ | 6 | 5 | 9 | 8 | 2 |

(3) Distinguish clearly between 'correlation' and 'Regression' analysis.
4. (A) Attempt any two :
(1) Three groups of children contains 3 girls and 1 boy, 2 girls and 2 boys, 1 girl and 3 boys. One child is selected at random from each family. Find the probability that all are boys.
(2) From a set of 18 balls marked with $1,2,3, \ldots \ldots .18$ one is drawn at random. What is the chance that its number is either multiple of 3 or 4 ?
(3) A speaks truth in $75 \%$ and $B$ speaks truth in $60 \%$ of the cases. In what percentage of cases are they likely to contradict each other in stating the same fact.
(B) Attempt any two :
(1) $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B} \& \mathrm{C}$ in order draw cards from a pack of 52 cards, not replacing their cards after each draw. If a man who draw a heart first wins, what are their respective chances ?
(2) A problem in statistic is given to three students A, B \& C whose chances of solving it are $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \& \frac{1}{5}$ respectively. What is the probability that the problem will be solved ?
(3) A has 3 shares in a lottery in which there are 3 prizes and 6 blanks. $B$ has 1 share in a lottery in which there is 1 prizes 2 blanks. Show that A has chance of success is to that of B's as $16: 7$.
5. Do as Directed.
(1) Out of all the measures of central tendency $\qquad$ is the only measure which is not unique.
(a) mean
(b) median
(c) mode
(d) none of these
(2) What is the S.D. of the series $5,5,5,5,5$ ?
(a) 0
(b) 5
(c) 25
(d) None of these
(3) Which of the deciles are less than the first quartile ?
(a) $\mathrm{D}_{1} \& \mathrm{D}_{2}$
(b) $\mathrm{D}_{2} \& \mathrm{D}_{3}$
(c) $\mathrm{D}_{1}, \mathrm{D}_{2} \& \mathrm{D}_{3}$
(d) None of these
(4) The mean of 10 numbers is 50. Afterward a new number 24 is added. The mean of 11 number is $\qquad$
(a) 47.63
(b) 50
(c) 45
(d) None of these
(5) The relationship between mean deviation and standard deviation is
(a) 3 M.D $=2$ S.D.
(b) 6 M.D $=5$ S.D.
(c) 5 M.D $=4$ S.D.
(d) M.D = S.D.
(6) If the minimum value in a series is 20 and its range is 47, the maximum value of the series is
(a) 67
(b) 57
(c) 48
(d) None of these
(7) If $r=(-1)$, the variables $X \& Y$ are
(a) linearly related
(b) independent
(c) not linearly related
(d) none of these
(8) Probable error is used for $\qquad$
(a) measuring the error in r
(b) testing significance of $r$
(c) both (a) \& (b)
(d) neither (a) nor (b)
(9) If both regression coefficients are (-ve) then correlation coefficient is $\qquad$ .
(a) (-ve)
(b) $(+v e)$
(c) zero
(d) not certain
(10) The probability theory has its origin in $\qquad$ .
(a) gambling
(b) set theory
(c) both (a) \& (b)
(d) None of these
(11) Two dice are thrown simultaneously. The probability that the difference of nos. shown is ' 1 ' : $\qquad$ .
(a) $\frac{11}{8}$
(b) $\frac{5}{18}$
(c) $\frac{1}{6}$
(d) None of these
(12) If $\mathrm{A} \& \mathrm{~B}$ are mutually exclusive events then $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{AB})=$ $\qquad$
(a) 0
(b) 1
(c) $\quad \mathrm{P}(\mathrm{A}) \mathrm{P}(\mathrm{B})$
(d) None of these
(13) If both regression lines coincide then $r=$ $\qquad$ .
(a) 1
(b) $(-1)$
(c) 0
(d) None of these
(14) Find Geometric mean of four values 27, 72, 108, 144.
(a) 73.15
(b) 74.15
(c) 70
(d) None of these

