

AH-117

April-2015

F.Y. M.B.A., Integrated**Basic Mathematics**

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 100

- Instructions :** (1) Write new questions on new page.
 (2) Non-programmable scientific calculator can be used.

1. (a) Define Function. Also give types of a Functions. **10**
 (b) Solve following : (any **one**) **10**
- (i) A text book publisher finds that the production cost of each book is ₹ 30 and the fixed cost is ₹ 15,000. If each book can be sold for ₹ 45, then determine Break Even Point.
- (ii) A shopkeeper earns ₹ 380 in the first week, ₹ 660 in the second week and ₹ 860 in the third week. On plotting the points (1, 380), (2, 660) and (3, 860), the shopkeeper feels that a quadratic function may fit the data. Find the quadratic function that fits the data. Also estimate the earning of the fourth week.
2. (a) Solve following : (any **two**) **10**
- (i) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^{\frac{5}{2}} - 1}{\frac{3}{x^2} - 1}$
- (ii) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{5}{3x}\right)^x$
- (iii) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^3 + x^2 - 5x + 3}{x^3 - 6x^2 + 9x - 4}$
- (b) (i) Define Continuity. **10**
 (ii) Discuss the continuity of $f(x)$ at $x = 4$
- $$f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x-2}}{x-4}, \quad x \neq 4$$
- $$= \frac{1}{4}, \quad x = 4$$

3. Differentiate following with respect to x : (any **four**) 20

(1) If $x = t \cdot e^t$, $y = 1 + \log t$ then find $\frac{dy}{dx}$

(2) $y = (\cos x)^{\sin x}$

(3) $xy + x + y - 2 = 0$

(4) $y = x^2 \cdot e^x \cdot \log x$

(5) $y = \log(11x^2 + 7x + 3)^{\frac{5}{2}}$

4. Solve following : (any **two**) 20

(1) If $y = \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x^2}}$ then prove that $x^3 \cdot \frac{dy}{dx} = y^3$.

(2) A manufacturer produces x units per week at a total cost of ₹ $\frac{x^2}{2} - 800x - 400$. The demand law of the commodity is $p = 200 - \frac{x}{2}$. Find the profit function. How many units should be manufactured to get maximum profit ? Also obtain the maximum profit.

(3) A rectangle of area 400 sq. metres is to be constructed. Find its length and breadth so that its perimeter is minimum.

5. Solve following : (any **two**) 20

(1) Prove following without expanding the determinants :

$$\begin{vmatrix} a+b+2c & a & b \\ c & b+c+2a & b \\ c & a & c+a+2b \end{vmatrix} = 2(a+b+c)^3$$

(2) If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$, $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & X \\ 4 & Y \end{bmatrix}$ and $(A+B)^2 = A^2 + B^2$, find value of X and Y.

(3) A person buys 2 pineapples, 3 mangoes and 4 apples in ₹ 43. Another person buys 1 pineapple, 4 mangoes and 2 apples in ₹ 34 and a third person buy 5 pineapples, 2 mangoes and 3 apples in ₹ 66. Find price of each fruit using matrix inverse method.