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## AA-115

April-2023
Ind. MBA, Sem.-VIII
Advanced Financial Management

## Time : 2:30 Hours]

[Max. Marks: 70

1. (a) Briefly explain the key activities of financial manager and explain scope of financial management.
(b) A person estimates that he would require ₹ 10 lakhs after 5 years for higher education of his child. For the purpose, how much amount he should save and invest (i) now (ii) every year if rate of interest is $12 \%$ p.a.? What will be your answer if he starts investing from the beginning of year 1 ?
2. A company is using a machine whose original cost was $₹ 3,70,000$. The machine is two years old and has a remaining useful life of 10 years. It is expected that scrap value of this machine after its useful life will be ₹ 10,000 but if it is sold now, it would fetch $₹ 1,10,000$. The straight line method of depreciation is used.
The management is contemplating replacing the machine with a newer and more efficient machine which costs $₹ 4,20,000$ and has an estimated salvage value of $₹ 20,000$ after its useful life of 10 years. The new machine will have a greater capacity and will have additional generation of cash flow of ₹ 50,000 p.a.
The company's tax rate is $50 \%$. Additional working capital required for the new machine would be of ₹ 55,000 . Advise the company about the replacement of the machine assuming the cost of capital to be $12 \%$.

## OR

The expected cash flows of a project are given below :

| Year | Cash Flow <br> (₹) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 0 | $(50,000)$ |
| 1 | 10,000 |
| 2 | 30,000 |
| 3 | 20,000 |
| 4 | 20,000 |
| 5 | 10,000 |

The certainty equivalent factor behaves as per the following equation : $\alpha_{t}=1-0.08 t$
Calculate the net present value of the project if the risk-free rate of return is 8 percent.
3. (a) XYZ Ltd. has an EBIT of ₹ $1,60,000$. Its capital structure comprises of the following securities :

|  | ₹ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Equity share of ₹ 100 each | $4,00,000$ |
| $12 \%$ preference shares | $1,00,000$ |
| $10 \%$ Debentures | $5,00,000$ |

The company is in the $50 \%$ tax bracket. You are required to ascertain:
(1) The company's EPS.
(2) The degree of financial leverage.
(b) The following information is available for two firms, A Ltd. and B Ltd.

|  | A Ltd. | B Ltd. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Net operating income | ₹ $32,00,000$ | $₹ 32,00,000$ |
| Interest on debt | Nil | $4,80,000$ |
| Cost of equity | $16 \%$ | $16 \%$ |
| Cost of debt | $12 \%$ | $12 \%$ |

Calculate the market value of equity, market value of debt, and market value of the firm for A Ltd. and B Ltd. using Net Income approach. What is the average cost of capital for each of the firms?
4. From the following information of XYZ Ltd., estimate the working capital needed to finance a level of activity of $1,20,000$ units of production after adding a $10 \%$ safety margin.

Cost per unit (₹)

Raw materials 78
Direct labour
29
Overheads $\underline{58}$

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\text { Total cost } \quad 165
$$

Profit $\underline{24}$
Selling price $\underline{189}$

## Additional information :

- Average raw materials in stock
- Average materials in process ( $50 \%$ completion stage)
- Average finished goods in stock
- Credit allowed by suppliers
- Credit allowed to customers
- Time lag in payment of wages
- Time lag in payment of overheads
one month
half a month
one month
one month
two months
quarter of a month
one month

One fourth of the sales are on cash basis. Cash balances expected to be $₹ 2,15,000$. You may assume that production is carried on evenly basis throughout the year and wages and overhead expenses accrue similarly.

## OR

(a) Discuss various techniques of monitoring receivables.
(b) Consider the following data for a certain item purchased by A Ltd.
Annual usage $\quad 15,000$ units

Fixed cost per order ₹ 1,000
Purchase price per unit ₹ 250
Carrying cost 20\%
What is the economic order quantity? If the discount of ₹ 12.50 is offered, if the order size is 2,500 units, should the company seek the discount?
5. (a) Write note on Foreign Exchange Markets and Rates.
(b) The following information is available in respect of a firm :

Capitalization Rate (Ke) - 10\%
Earnings per Share (E) - ₹ 10
Assume rate of Return on Investments (r) (i) $15 \%$ (ii) $8 \%$ and (iii) $10 \%$.
If Dividend payout ratio is $50 \%$, what is the market price of shares? What should be the optimum payout ratio? (As per Walter Model)

## OR

(b) Discuss factors affecting the dividend policy of a company. Also discuss various types of dividend policy.

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