<b>Seat No.:</b>	
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## **AA-102**

## April-2023

## BBA, Sem.-VI

## CC-308: Industrial Laws & Regulatory Framework

Time : 2:3	[Max. Marks :	<b>70</b>
1. (A) (B)	Narrate briefly about the provisions of Strike and Lock-Outs under Industrial Disputes Act 1947.  Explain powers and duties of any three authorities under Industrial Dispute Act,1947.  OR	7
	Write short notes: (Any two)  (i) Retrenchment  (ii) Conciliation Officer  (iii) Industry and Industrial Dispute  (iv) Lay - Off	14
-	lain the provisions related to "Safety" and "Welfare" of workers under Factories 1948.	14
(A)	OR Explain the provisions related to "Health" of the workers under Factories Act 1948.	7
(B)	Write short notes: (Any two)  (i) Annual leave with wages  (ii) Working hours of women  (iii) Manufacturing process	7
3. (A)	Explain the different types of medical benefits under the Employees State Insurance Act,1948.	7
(B)	Write a note on Accident arising out of and in the course of employment under the Workmen's Compensation Act, 1923.	7
(A) (B)	Describe the powers and duties of Employees State Insurance Corporation. Write short notes: (Any two)  (i) Dependent under Employees State Insurance Act, 1948.  (ii) Medical Examination under Workmen's Compensation Act, 1923.  (iii) Partial and Total Disablement	7 7
4. (A)	Explain Employee's Provident Fund Scheme under P.F. and Miscellaneous Provisions Act.	7
(B)	Write short notes on Time and Mode of payment under the Payment of wages Act, 1936.	7

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	(A)	State the deductions to be made from wages under the Payment of Wages Act, 1936.	7	
	(B)	Write short notes: (Any two)	7	
		(i) Definition of Wages		
		(ii) Employees Deposit Linked Insurance Scheme		
		(iii) Inspectors under Payment of Wages Act, 1936.		
5.	Do a	s directed : (Any Seven)	14	
	(1)	In every factory where workers are ordinarily employed, there shall be		
		provided and maintained an ambulance room containing the prescribed equipment's and medical and nursing staff.		
		(a) more than 1000 (b) more than 100		
		(c) more than 1500 (d) more than 500		
	(2)	Factory means or more workers are working on manufacturing process		
	( )	with the aid of power or or more workers are working on manufacturing		
		process without the aid of power on any day in preceding 12 months.		
		(a) 20, 10 (b) 10, 5		
		(c) 10, 20 (d) None		
	(3)	Under the Payment of Wages Act, 1936 the total amount of fine imposed by the		
		employer should not exceed % of his wage.		
		(a) 1 (b) 3		
		(c) 2 (d) 5		
	(4)	Which is the period within which the employer must take the deposit to the		
		commissioner if he is liable to pay the compensation under Workmen		
		Compensation Act?		
		<ul> <li>(a) Within 10 days of notice</li> <li>(b) Within 20 days of notice</li> <li>(c) Within 30 days of notice</li> <li>(d) Within 40 days of notice</li> </ul>		
	(5)			
	(5)	Disablement of a workman may result in loss or reduction of his capacity		
		under Workman's Compensation Act.		
		(a) Earning (b) Hearing		
	(6)	(c) Thinking (d) Learning		
	(6)	Under Payment of Wages Act, No wage period shall exceed		
		(a) One (b) Two (c) Three (d) Half		
	(7)	(c) Three (d) Half While calculating contribution towards Provident Fund, if the amount comes in		
	(7)	fraction, than fraction of rupee 50 paisa is to be ignored.		
		(a) more than (b) less than		
		(c) equal to (d) None of the above		
	(8)	Under the Payment of Wages Act, 1936 who is responsible for the payment of		
	(0)	wages in Factories and Industrial Establishments?		
	(9)	When the collective bargaining process does not result in resolution, than it may		
	(2)	lead to Retrenchment. (True / False)		
	(10)			
	` /	Define: Occupier		
	(12)			
	()	Act, 1923. (True / False)		

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