## 3007M24

Candidate's	Seat	No	4 4

## B.Sc. Sem.-6 Examination

CC - 309

Electronics

Time: 2-00 Hours]

July 2021

[Max. Marks: 50

	Instructions:	
	<ol> <li>All questions in Section-I carry equal marks</li> <li>Attempt any THREE questions in Section-I</li> <li>Question IX in section II is COMPULSORY</li> </ol>	
	Section-I	
Q. I		
<u>A)</u>	Why we use fiber optics? Explain history of the fiber optics in detail	07
<u>B)</u>	Explain term reflection and refraction in detail	07
Q-II		
<u>A)</u>	Explain term dispersion and diffraction. in detail with suitable figure.	07
<u>B)</u>	Write notes on absorption and Scattering	07
Q.III		
<u>A)</u>	Draw the block diagram of TRF receiver and explain each block	07
<u>B)</u>	Draw the block diagram of Super Heterodyne Receiver and explain each block	07
Q.IV		
<u>A)</u>	Explain RF section and characteristics of AM receiver	07
<u>B)</u>	What is intermediate frequencies and IF Amplifiers? Explain in detail	07
Q. V	With	
<u>A)</u>	Write notes on television Systems and Standards	07
B)	Explain beam scanning in black and white television transmission	07
Q-VI A)	What is blanking and synchronizing pulses in black and white television transmission? Explain in detail with figure.	07
B)	Write notes on Color reception of television	07
Q.VII		
A)	What is digital communication? explain fundamental of digital communication in detail	07
B)	Explain he emergence of data communications systems.	07
Q.VIII		
(A)	Explain characteristics of data transmission in detail,	07
B)	Write notes on digital code	07
	Section-II	
Q-IX	Attempt any eight	08
(A)	1958 Charles Townes and Arthur Schawlow of Laboratories had theorized the use of the laser as an intense light source	
(B)	A single fiber can handle as many voice channels as apair cable can	
(C)	is the bending of light as it passes through an opening in an obstacle	
(D)	Reflections in many directions are called	
(E)	Full form of AGC is	
(F)	The super heterodyne receiver is tuned to kHz	

## M124-2

(G)	Consider a tuned circuit required to have a bandwidth of 10 kHz at a frequency			
	1 01 323 KHZ. THE Q OI this circuit must be			
(H)	In super heterodyne receiver A high value of intermediate frequency			
	mercases			
<u>(l)</u>	American Standards of Major Television Systems, channel width= MHz			
(J)	European Standards of Major Television Systems, number of frame per			
	second=			
(K)	Full form of NTSC is=			
(L)	Full form of PAL is=			
(M)				
(N)	The Shannon-Hartley law is related to			
(O)				
	The Baudot code is abit code which has been used in telegraphy and paper-tape systems			
(P)	Full form of ENIAC is =			