Seat No.:	Seat No.:	
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JB-102

July-2021

BBA., Sem.-VI

CC-309: Organisational Behaviour – II

Time: 2 Hours] [Max. Marks: 50							arks : 50	
Inst	ructio	ons :	(1) (2) (3)	Attempt any	ns of Section – two Question: 5 in Section – I	s in Sec	•	
					SECTION	√ – I		
1.	(a)	Expl	lain Da	avid McClella	and's Achieven	nent Th	eory of Motivation.	10
	(b)	Writ	e shor	t note on Men	ntoring and Coa	aching.		10
2. (a) Discuss the communication of Socialisation and Individualization						nisation	al culture through the proce	ess of 10
	(b)	Disc	uss co	onflict resolvir	ng strategies.			10
3.	(a)	Disc	uss O	rganisational a	and Individual	level St	tress Coping Strategies.	10
	(b)	Expl	lain fu	nctions of cou	ınselling.			10
4.	(a)	Expl	lain ke	y barriers to (Cultural Adapta	ation.		10
	(b)	Writ	e shor	t notes on: Pr	rivacy Issues an	nd Sexu	al Harassment.	10
					SECTION	– II		
5.	MC	Q : (A	ttemp	t any 10)				10
	(1)	Motivation Force = Valence * Instrumentality *						
		(a)	-	ected		(b)	Expectancy	
		(c)		ressed		(d)	None of the above	
	(2)							
		(a)	-	atriation		(b)	Repatriation	
		(c)	Exhi	ibition		(d)	None of the above	
	(3)			• •	inselling is cou			
		(a)		ctive		(b)	Non- Directive	
		(c)	Parti	icipative		(d)	Transactional	

(4)	Orga	inisational is the set o	f assu	mptions, beliefs, values and norms
		conflict		
	(a)		(b)	structure
(5)	(c)	culture theories explain what motive	(d)	behaviour
(5)	<u></u>	theories explain what motive		
	(a)	Content Motivation	(b)	Process
(6)	(c)		(d)	Leadership by high task and high relationship.
(6)	<u> </u>	· · ·	(b)	
	(a)		` /	Selling style
(7)	(c)	Participative style	(d)	Directive style
(7)		type of conflict that hinders group p		
	(a)	Functional conflict	(b)	Dysfunctional conflict
(0)	(c)	•	(d)	Structure conflict
(8)	(2)	of work life is connected to		J
	(a)	Quantity	(b)	Quality
(0)	(c)	Equality	(d)	Control
(9)	-	stands for quotient.	(1.)	4 1
	(a)	care	(b)	control
(10)	(c)	conflict	(d)	culture
(10)		is combination of directive		_
	` /	Participative	(b)	Probability
(1.1)	(c)	Problem solving	(d)	Pre- departure
(11)		ERG theory explains frustration	(1.)	dimension.
	(a)	Co-relation	(b)	Regression
(10)	(c)	Progression	(d)	None of the above
(12)	thoir		ople s	ee the situation around them from
		own perspective. Parochialism	(b)	Ethnogontriam
	(a)		(b)	Ethnocentrism Socialisation
(12)	(c)	Individualism	(d)	
(13)	<u></u>	shows individual preference Valence		
	(a)		(b)	Expectancy None of the above
(14)	(c)	Instrumentality	(d)	
(14)	•	terious transactions are known as	(l ₂)	in transactional analysis.
	(a)	complementary	(b)	cross
(15)	(c)	consultative	(d)	ulterior
(15)	(2)			organisation to resolve the conflict.
	(a)	Mutual problem solving	(b)	Effective communication
	(c)	Structural Changes	(d)	Confrontation

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