Seat No.:	

XW-107

April-2013

B.Sc. Semester - IV

General English

(For Gujarati Medium Students)

Text: Macmillan College Prose

Tim	Fime: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 70				
1.	(A)	Atte	empt any one short note :	7	
		(1)	The obstacles faced by Virginia Woolf as a writer.		
		(2)	The Angel in the House.		
		(3)	'The Night The Ghost Got In' is a comedy.		
	(B)	Ans	wer the following questions in brief: (any two)	4	
		(1)	Why did Virginia Woolf kill the Angel in the House?		
		(2)	What were the aims and the ends of Virginia Woolf and her audience for which they were fighting?		
		(3)	What did the author's mother do to send for the police? Why?		
		(4)	How did the police try to search the burglars in the author's house?		
	(C)	Ans	wer the following questions in one sentence each: (any three)	3	
		(1)	What, according to the Angel of the House, were the women required if they were to succeed in a manmade world?		
		(2)	Is profession of literature different from other profession? Why?		
		(3)	What is the common experience with women novelists?		
		(4)	What did the grandfather think of the policemen who had got into his attic?		
		(5)	What had aroused J. Thurber's mother?		
2.	(A)	Atte	empt any one short note :	7	
	` /	(1)	Sir J. Arthur Thomson's views on the donkey		
		(2)	Appreciate the title – 'A Cup of Tea'		
		(3)	Rosemary Fell		

	(B)	Ansv	wer the following questions in brief: (any two)	4
		(1)	What was Philip's reaction seeing Miss Smith? What did he say to Rosemary?	1
		(2)	How did Rosemary get rid of Miss Smith?	
		(3)	Why, according to the Zoologist's point of view, is the domestic donkey very satisfactory?	
		(4)	How can a mule emphasize the discontinuity between a horse and an ass?	
	(C)	Ansv	wer the following questions in one sentence each : (any three)	3
		(1)	Which is the donkey's ancestral home?	
		(2)	Why does the author say that we can't but like the donkey?	
		(3)	What does the author say about donkey's 'hee-haw'?	
		(4)	What was the price of the little box which Rosemary wanted to buy?	
		(5)	Why didn't Rosemary keep Miss Smith?	
3.	(A)	Chai	nge the voice of the following sentences: (any seven)	7
		(1)	I bring my lunch box every day.	
		(2)	Who spoke English fluently?	
		(3)	No one has surrendered bottles in the company.	
		(4)	An apple will be cut in my presence.	
		(5)	They had surprised us before they left the place.	
		(6)	She might have taught me Gujarati.	
		(7)	We are teaching revised syllabus in this semester.	
		(8)	He was eating ice-cream then.	
		(9)	What does she do?	
		(10)	Let me finish my paper.	
	(B)	Join	the following sentences using connectives given in the brackets:	4
		(1)	I go to school. I want to study. (as, for, since)	
		(2)	He is poor. He is honest. (though, as, however)	
		(3)	The moon rose. The sun had set. (when, before, after)	
		(4)	A thief saw a police man. He ran away. (as, no soonerthan, hardlywhen)	
	(C)	Fill i	in the blanks with appropriate prepositions given in the brackets:	3
		(1)	Look, he is running the forest. (in, into, on)	
		(2)	Kapildev has won the world cup 1983. (in, since, for)	
		(3)	I met her the bus stop. (in, on, at)	

4.	(A)	Wri	te a le	etter to your class mate inviting him/her to attend your sister's marriage.	7
				OR	
		Wri	te a le	etter to a friend condoling his mother's death.	
	(B)	Draf	ft an e	email to your brother seeking information about educational programme. OR	4
				email to one of your customers informing him about your new mobiles aunched in the market by your company.	•
	(C)	Use	each	of the following phrasal verbs in a meaningful sentence :	3
		(1)	To r	nake a mark	
		(2)	To g	give up	
		(3)	Тос	carry on	
5.	(A)	Tick	mark	x true ($$) or false (\times) of the following statements and rewrite them :	8
		(1)	Virg	ginia Woolf's profession was literature.	
		(2)	Virg	ginia Woolf did not kill the Angel in the house.	
		(3)	The	ghost that got into the author's house on the night of January 26, 1947.	
		(4)	The	author heard the steps after he had stepped out of the bath tub.	
		(5)	The	descent of the donkey is not perfectly clear.	
		(6)	Swi	ft called the donkey 'the nightingale of brutes'.	
		(7)	Rose	emary thought that Miss Smith would take her to the police station.	
		(8)		emary asked Miss Smith for the price of a cup of tea.	
	(B)	Rew		he following sentences by selecting the correct options given below:	6
		(1)		e she in her school by the teacher.	
			(a) (b)	punished	
			(b) (c)	was punished is punished	
			(-)	- P	
		(2)		ew bridge is on the river Sabarmati now.	
			(a)	constructed	
			(b) (c)	constructing being constructed	
			(0)	being constructed	
		(3)		clever Atmik is, he does not stand first in the class-room.	
			(a)	though	
			(b)	as however	
			(c)	however	

(4)		Ghanu got up late, he missed the bus.
	(a)	because
	(b)	since
	(c)	for
(5)	Our	teacher always sits the chair.
	(a)	on
	(b)	in
	(c)	into
(6)	The	meaning of an idiomatic phrase-'ups and downs' is
	(a)	challenges
	(b)	changes
	(c)	upwards

Seat No.:	
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XW-107

April-2013

B.Sc. Semester - IV

General English

(For English Medium Students)

Text: Gulliver's Travels

			Teat: Gumver's Haveis	
Tim	Fime: 3 Hours] [Max. Marks: 70			
1.	(A)	Atte	mpt any one short note :	7
		(1)	Gulliver in Borbdingnag.	
		(2)	Gulliver at Farmer's House.	
		(3)	Gulliver's Entertainment for the People of Brobdingnag	
	(B)	Ansv	wer the following questions in brief: (any two)	4
		(1)	Why did Gulliver weep in despair?	
		(2)	What amused the farmer's family at the dining table ?	
		(3)	How was Gulliver carried to the market and other places ?	
		(4)	How was Gulliver rescued from the greedy farmer ?	
	(C)	Ansv	wer the following questions in one sentence each: (any three)	3
		(1)	Who had seized Gulliver and put him in the mouth?	
		(2)	What was the height of the grass in Brobdingnag?	
		(3)	What was the size of the rats in Brobdingnag?	
		(4)	How did Gulliver call the farmer's daughter?	
		(5)	Why did the farmer sell Gulliver to the Queen ?	
2.	(A)	Atte	mpt any one short note :	7
	` /	(1)	Gulliver at the King's Palace	
		(2)	People of Brobdingnag	
		(3)	Gulliver returned home from Brobdingnag	
		` /		

	(\mathbf{D})	Answer the following questions in orier: (any two)			
		(1)	Why was the dwarf beaten and sent away from the palace?		
		(2)	What did the King think of Gulliver's countrymen?		
		(3)	Why did the escape from Brobdingnag seem to be very difficult for Gulliver?		
		(4)	Why did Gulliver find his country strange?		
	(C)	Ansv	wer the following questions in one sentence each: (any three)	3	
		(1)	What was the name of the capital city of Brobdingnag?		
		(2)	What was the height of the dwarf in Brobdingnag?		
		(3)	Who shook an apple tree in the garden?		
		(4)	Why did Gulliver sit in his box during the concerts?		
		(5)	Why didn't the King of Brobdingnag have guns and gunpowder?		
3.	(A)	Chai	nge the voice of the following sentences: (any seven)	7	
		(1)	I bring my lunch box every day.		
		(2)	Who spoke English fluently?		
		(3)	No one has surrendered bottles in the company.		
		(4)	An apple will be cut in my presence.		
		(5)	They had surprised us before they left the place.		
		(6)	She might have taught me Gujarati.		
		(7)	We are teaching revised syllabus in this semester.		
		(8)	He was eating ice-cream then.		
		(9)	What does she do?		
		(10)	Let me finish my paper.		
	(B)	Join	the following sentences using connectives given in the brackets:	4	
		(1)	I go to school. I want to study. (as, for since)		
		(2)	He is poor. He is honest. (though, as, however)		
		(3)	The moon rose. The sun had set. (when, before, after)		
		(4)	A thief saw a police man. He ran away. (as, no soonerthan, hardlywhen)		
	(C)	Fill i	in the blanks with appropriate prepositions given in the brackets:	3	
		(1)	He ran the forest. (in, into, on)		
		(2)	Kapildev has won the world cup 1983. (in, since, for)		
		(3)	I met her the bus stop. (in, on, at)		

4.	(A)	Writ	te a letter to your class mate inviting him/her to attend your sister's marriage.	7
			OR	
		Writ	te a letter to a friend condoling his mother's death.	
	(B)	Draf	et an email to your brother seeking information about educational programme.	4
			OR	
			d an email to one of your customers informing him about your new mobiles ntly launched in the market by your company.	
	(C)	Use	each of the following phrasal verbs in a meaningful sentence:	3
		(1)	To make a mark	
		(2)	To give up	
		(3)	To carry on	
5.	(A)	Tick	mark true ($$) or false (\times) of the following sentences and rewrite them :	8
		(1)	The Adventure was the name of Gulliver's ship.	
		(2)	Gulliver's wife and children didn't warn him against the second voyage.	
		(3)	The cat was three times larger than a dog in Brobdingnag.	
		(4)	The farmer's daughter called Gulliver 'Grildrig'.	
		(5)	The Queen did not allow Glumdalclitch to stay with Gulliver.	
		(6)	The King and the Queen treated Gulliver as a slave.	
		(7)	The thing which annoyed Gulliver most in the palace was the Queen's dwarf.	
		(8)	The King thought that Gulliver and his people were not quarrelsome.	
	(B)	Rew	rite the following sentences by selecting the correct option given below:	6
		(1)	Once she in her school by the teacher.	
			(a) punished	
			(b) was punished(c) is punished	
			(c) is pullished	
		(2)	A new bridge ison the river Sabarmati now.	
			(a) constructed	
			(b) constructing	
			(c) being constructed	

(3)		clever Atmik is, he does not stand first in the class-room.
	(a)	though
	(b)	as
	(c)	however
(4)		Ghanu got up late, he missed the bus.
	(a)	because
	(b)	since
	(c)	for
(5)	Our	teacher always sits the chair.
	(a)	on
	(b)	in
	(c)	into
(6)	The	meaning of an idiomatic phrase- 'ups and downs' is
	(a)	challenges
	(b)	changes
	(c)	upwards