Seat No. :

# **SK-127**

September-2020

## B.Sc., Sem.-VI

### CC-309 : Mathematics (Analysis-III)

Time : 2 Hours]

#### [Max. Marks : 50

- **Instructions :** (i) Attempt any **THREE** questions in Section-I.
  - (ii) Section-II is a compulsory section of short questions.
  - (iii) Notations are usual everywhere.
  - (iv) The right hand side figures indicate marks of the sub question.

#### **SECTION – I**

Attempt any THREE of the following questions :

# (A) Let X be a metric space. Prove that an open sphere is an open set. (B) Let X be a metric space with metric d. Show that d<sub>1</sub> defined by d<sub>1</sub> (x, y) = d(x, y)/(1+d(x, y)) is also a metric on X. (A) Let X be a metric space. A subset F of X is closed if and only if its complement F' is open. (B) Let X be a non-empty set, and let d be a real function of ordered pairs of elements of X which satisfies the following two conditions.

$$d(x, y) = 0 \Leftrightarrow x = y$$
, and  $d(x, y) \le d(x, z) + d(y, z)$ . Show that d is a metric on X

3. (A) Prove that Compact subsets of metric spaces are closed.
(B) A subset E of the real line R<sup>1</sup> is connected if and only if it has the following Property : If x ∈ E, y ∈ E and x < z < y, then z ∈ E.</li>
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P.T.O.

- 4. (A) Closed subsets of compact sets are compact.
  - (B) A mapping f of a metric space X into a metric space Y is continuous on X if and only if f<sup>-1</sup> (V) is open in X for every open set V in Y.
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- 5. (A) State and prove Weierstrass M-test. Show that  $f_n(x) = n^2 x^n (i x)$ ;  $x \in [0, 1]$  converges pointwise to a function which is continuous on [0, 1].
  - (B) Let  $(f_n)$  be a sequence of functions in R [a, b] converging uniformly to f.

Then 
$$f \in R[a, b]$$
 and  $\lim_{n \to \infty} \int_{a}^{b} f_n(x) dx = \int_{a}^{b} f(x) dx.$  7

- 6. (A) Let  $(f_n)$  be a sequence of continuous function on  $E \subset C$  converges uniformly to f on E, then prove that f is continuous on E.
  - (B) Let  $f_n$  satisfy
    - (1)  $f_n \in D[a, b].$
    - (2)  $(f_n(x_0))$  converges for  $x_0 \in D[a, b]$ .
    - (3) f'<sub>n</sub> converges uniformly on [a, b], then prove that f<sub>n</sub> converges uniformly on
      [a, b] to a function f.
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- 7. (A) State and prove Abel's limit theorem.
  - (B) Show that for  $-1 \le x \le 1$ ,  $\log(1 + x) = x \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{3} \frac{x^4}{4} + \dots + (-1)^{n-1} \frac{x^n}{n} + \dots$ Hence evaluate log2. 7

8. (A) For every 
$$x \in R$$
 and  $n > 0$ , prove that  

$$\sum_{k=0}^{n} (nx-k)^2 {n \choose k} x^k (1-x)^{n-k} = nx (1-x) \le n/4$$
(B) State and prove Weierstrass Approximation theorem. 7

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#### **SECTION – II**

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- 9. Attempt any **FOUR** of the followings in short :
  - (1) Prove that X and  $\phi$  are an open set.
  - (2) Define : Metric Space.
  - (3) If F is closed and K is compact, then prove that  $F \cap K$  is compact.
  - (4) Define : Connected set.
  - (5) Define Uniform convergence.
  - (6) Prove by Taylor's series  $\tan^{-1} x = x \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{x^5}{5} \frac{x^7}{7} + \dots$