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1008E131

Candidate's Seat No :_____

BBA Sem-5 Examination CC 301 Mercantile Law August 2021

Time : 2-00 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 50

Instructions:

All questions in Section I carry equal marks Attempt any TWO questions in Section I Question V in Section II is COMPULSORY

Q1 A Define Contract Evolution the section I			
A	Define Contract. Explain the essential elements of a Valid Contract.		
В	"No Consideration No Contract" Evolution with the	10	
	Explain with its exceptions.	10	
Α	Explain all the agreements with minor		
В	Explain rights and duties of Bailor in the contract of Bail	10	
	sette and addes of Ballor III the contract of Ballment.	10	
A	Explain the implied conditions related to the contract of sale under the Sale of Goods Act, 1930.	10	
В	Explain C.I.F. contract and F.O.B. Contract		
		10	
A	Distinguish between Promissory Note and Pills of Full		
В	Explain various types of Endorsoment under New Stickland	10	
	, set of pes of Endorsement under Negotiable Instrument Act, 1881	10	
	B A B A B A	A Define Contract. Explain the essential elements of a Valid Contract. B "No Consideration No Contract". Explain with its exceptions. A Explain all the agreements with minor. B Explain rights and duties of Bailor in the contract of Bailment. A Explain the implied conditions related to the contract of sale under the Sale of Goods Act, 1930. B Explain C.I.F. contract and F.O.B. Contract. A Distinguish between Promissory Note and Bills Of Exchange	

Section II

Q:1 Multiple Choice Questions (Any ten) :-

(1) All Contracts are

- (a) Agreements
- (c) Do not have legal obligations

When the consent of a party is obtained by coercion, undue influence, fraud or misrepresentation, the contract is
(a) void

(b) not an agreement

(d) should be in writing

	(b) voidable
(c) valid	(v) voluable
	(d) legal
	(a) icgui

(3) An offer made by words spoken or written is called:

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E 131-2 (a) Implied Offer (b) Express Offer (c) Formal agreement (d) Informal Agreement (e) None of these (4) An advertisement in newspaper for an interview is (a) Cross Offer (b) Implied Offer (c) General Offer (d) Invitation to Offer (e) No ne of these (5) An agreement in restraint of marriage is (a) Valid (b) Void (c) Illegal (d) Voidable An insurance contract is (6) (a) Contingent contract (b) Wagering Contract (c) Quasi Contract (d) Void Contract A contract stands discharged by (7)(a) Performance of Contract (b) Breach of Contract (c) Operation of Law (d) All of the abov (8) The guarantee given for existing debt is known as (a) Retrospective Guarantee (b) Prospective Guarantee (c) Continuous Guarantee (d) Specific Guarantee (9) Active concealment is associated with which one of the following? (a) Fraud (b) Misrepresentation (c) Coercion (d) Undue Influence (10) A proposal when accepted becomes (a) Promise (b) Contract (c) Agreement (d) All of the above (11)Let the buyer beware means (a) Quid pro quo (b) Caveat Emptor (c) Nemo Dat Quod Non Habeat (d) None of the above (12) Which one of the following does not include in the definition of 'Goods' defined in Sales Of Goods Act. (a) money (b) animals (c) debt (d) shares Where under a contract of sale the property in goods is to be transferred at some future date, the (13)contract is called _____ (a) Sale (b) Agreement to sale (c) Both (d) None of the above (14)The general rule of Sale of Goods Act is, risk prima facie passes with

- (a) Ownership(b) Possession(c) Delivery(d) Custody
- (15) For a valid contract of sale, delivery may be

	(a) Actual Delivery (c) Constructive Delivery	(b) Symbolic Delivery (d) None of the above	
(16)	The damages to be awarded in case of wrongful dish (a) Exemplary damage (c) Nominal damage	onour of cheque is called (b) Ordinary damage (d) Penalty	
(17)	In case of order instrument endorsement can be done by and		
	(a) Signature and delivery (c) Signature & crossing	(b) Delivery and Information (d) None of the above	
(18)	The cheque may have (a) Special Crossing (c) Restrictive Crossing	(b) General Crossing (d) All of the above	
(19)	How many parties are there in Bills Of Exchange? (a) Two (c) Three	(b) Four (d) One	
(20)	Which of the following is a Negotiable Instrument? (a) Inland Instrument (c) Ficticious Bills	(b) Accomodation Bills (d) All of the above	

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