Seat No.:	

## JH-102

January-2021

## B.Sc., Sem.-III

## 202: Biotechnology

(Methods in Biotechnology)

Time: 2 Hours] [Max. Marks:		rks : 50
Instructions: (1) Draw figures wherever necessary.  (2) Write question number against each answer.  (3) Answer any three out of initial eight main questions. Question compulsory.		9 is
1. (A)	Write the principle and applications of Centrifugation.	7
(B)	Explain Molecular exclusion chromatography.	7
2. (A)		7
(B)	Explain briefly about electrophoresis.	7
3. (A)	Distinguish between ELISA and RIA.	7
(B)	Explain radioactive tracer technique and its applications.	7
4. (A)	What is radioactive isotope? Write about commonly used radioisotopes.	7
(B)	Write about biological assay of antibiotics.	7
5. (A)	Discuss the steps of PCR technique.	7
(B)	Write about different types and applications of PCR.	7
6. (A)	Explain in detail about Southern blotting technique.	7
(B)		7
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7.	(A)	Summarize types of tissue culture.	7
	(B)	Discuss stem cells and its applications.	7
8.	(A)	What are plant and animal viruses ? Give examples.	7
	(B)	Explain strain improvement methods.	7
9.	Answer in short, any <b>eight</b> .		8
	(1)	Define RCF.	
	(2)	What is the wavelength of visible region?	
	(3)	Write two applications of IR spectroscopy.	
	(4)	Write the principle of filtration.	
	(5)	What is RAST?	
	(6)	Name the dye used in immunoflorescence assay.	
	(7)	What is the principle of GM counter?	
	(8)	How do you calculate partition coefficient?	
	(9)	Name the enzyme used in conversion of RNA to cDNA in RT-PCR.	
	(10)	What is the function of Tm?	
	(11)	What is Northen blotting technique?	
	(12)	Who formulated MS medium?	
	(13)	What is totipotency?	
	(14)	Which biomolecule is detected in Microarray?	
	(15)	How is pure culture obtained?	
	(16)	Name two methods for preservation of microbial cultures.	
	(17)	Give an example of ds DNA virus.	
	(18)	What is mutant?	
	(19)	What is lyophilisation ?	
	(20)	Define bioassay.	

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